

## Annexure A Scheme Information Document

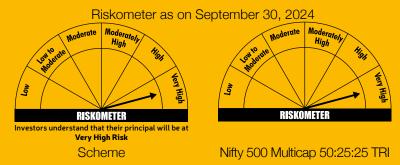
# Sundaram Multi Cap Fund

An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking\*

- Capital appreciation over medium to long term.
- Investment in equity and equity-related securities of companies across various market capitalization.

\*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.



Pursuant to the acquisition of Principal Asset Management Private Limited by Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited on 31/12/2021, Sundaram Equity Fund got merged with Principal Multi Cap Growth Fund and subsequently renamed as Sundaram Multi Cap Fund.

Name of Mutual Fund	Sundaram Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited
Name of Trustee Company	Sundaram Trustee Company Limited
Address	Sundaram Towers, I & II Floor, 46, Whites Road, Chennai - 600 014. India
Website	www.sundarammutual.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers or visit **www.sundarammutual.com**.

Investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Sundaram Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, tax and legal issues and general information on www.sundarammutual.com and www.amfiindia.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website www.sundarammutual.com.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated September 30, 2024.

Contact No. 1860 425 7237 (India) +91 40 2345 2215 (NRI)

+91 95000 57237 (WhatsApp Chatbot)

E-mail: customerservices@sundarammutual.com (NRI): nriservices@sundarammutual.com

#### Trustee

#### Sundaram Trustee Company Limited

CIN: U65999TN2003PLC052058 Corporate Office: Sundaram Towers, I & II Floor, 46 Whites Road, Chennai 600 014 India Phone : 044 28583362 Fax : 044 28583156

#### **Investment Manager**

#### Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited CIN: U93090TN1996PLC034615

Corporate Office: Sundaram Towers, I & II Floor, 46 Whites Road, Chennai 600 014 India Phone : 044 28583362 Fax : 044 28583156 www.sundarammutual.com

Sponsor



Sundaram Finance Limited CIN: L65191TN1954PLC002429 Registered Office: 21, Patullos Road, Chennai 600 002 India www.sundaramfinance.in

If you wish to reach indicated telephone number from outside India, please use +91 or 0091 followed by 44 and the eight number.

#### Custodian

Standard Chartered Bank, Mumbai registered with SEBI, vide Registration No IN/CUS/006, has been appointed custodian for the securities in the Scheme. The responsibilities of the custodian include:

- to keep in safe custody all the securities and instruments belonging to the Scheme;
- to ensure smooth inflow/outflow of securities and instruments as and when necessary in the best interest of the investors;
- to ensure that the benefits due on the holdings are received;
- to be responsible for the loss or damage to the securities due to negligence on its part or on the part of its approved agents.

The Trustee reserve the right to appoint any other custodian(s) approved by SEBI.

## Fund Accountant

Sundaram Fund Services Limited CIN:U67120TN2008PLC068388

Registered Office: No.21, Patullos Road, Chennai 600 002.

The activities inter-alia include:

- i. Record accounting entries to the fund.
- ii. Reconcile account balances for the fund.
- iii. Establish policies and procedures to assure proper fund accounting.
- iv. Maintain proper documentation.
- v. Update computer system records.
- vi. Perform fund valuations of unit trusts and custodian accounts.
- vii. Prepare schedules and tailor-made client reports.
- viii. Coordinate preparation of annual accounts and audit unit trusts and custodian accounts.

However, the Fund administration part would continue to be handled by the Operations Department of the Investment Manager.

#### Registrar and Transfer Agents KFin Technologies Limited

CIN: L72400TG2017PLC117649 Unit: Sundaram mutual Fund, Tower- B, Plot No. 31 & 32, Selenium building, Gachibowli Road, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad 500032.

Contact No. 1860 425 7237 (India) +91 40 2345 2215 (NRI)

Email us at:

customerservices@sundarammutual.com

The Trustee reserves the right to appoint any other entity registered with SEBI as the registrar.

# SECTION - I



Sr. No.	Title	Description	
I	Name of the scheme	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund	
II	Category of the Scheme	Multi Asset Allocation Fund	
111	Scheme type	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund.	
IV	Scheme code	MUD1, MUDG, MUDP, MUGP	
v	Investment objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments across market capitalisation. No Guarantee: Investors are neither being offered any guaranteed/indicated returns nor any guarantee on repayment of capital by the Scheme. There is also no guarantee of capital or return either by the mutual fund or by the sponsor or Trustees by the Asset management Company.	
VI	Liquidity/listing details	NA	
VII	Benchmark (Total Return Index	<b>Nifty 500 Multicap 50:25:25 TRI</b> The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark if due to a change in market conditions, a different index appears to be providing a more appropriate basis for comparison of fund performance or if the indicated benchmark ceases to exist or undergoes a substantial change that renders it an ineffective base for performance comparison and analysis.	
VIII	NAV disclosure	NAV will be updated on the websites of Sundaram asset Management (www.sundarammutual.com and the Association of Mutual Funds of India (www.amfiindia.com) Sundaram asset Management sh update the NAVs on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India before 11.00 P.M on ever business day. The schemes are permitted to take exposure to overseas securities. In such case where the schemes have taken exposure to overseas securities the NAV of the relevant scheme would be declared by 10.00 A.M. on the following business day.	
IX	Applicable timelines	<ul> <li>Timeline for</li> <li>SEBI has clarified that the AMCs are required to obtain PAN and KYC documentation before processing any redemption requests. As per SEBI Circular SEBI/ho/IMD/IMD-I DoF2/P/CIR/2022/161 as on November 25, 2022. The redemption or redemption proceeds shall be dispatched to the unit holders within three working days from the date of redemption. During circumstances such as market closure / breakdown / calamity / strike / violence / bandh, extreme price volatility/SEBI Directives etc, the Trustee can stop/suspend sale/redemption of units.</li> <li>The IDCW warrant/cheque shall be dispatched to the unit holders within 7 days of the date of declaration of the IDCW. The Investment Manager shall be liable to pay interest to the unit holders at such rate as may be specified by SeBI for the period of such delay. The prescribed rate at present is 15% per annum. In case of delay, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest @ 15 per cent per annum to the unit holders. It may be noted that the Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing or assuring any IDCW. IDCW payment may also be done by Direct Credit subject to availability of necessary facility at each location. For further details please refer to the Application Form.</li> </ul>	
X	Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	<ul> <li>Plans: Regular Plan and Direct Plan</li> <li>Options: Growth, Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW): Payout, Re-Investment &amp; Transfer</li> <li>If no option is indicated, the default option will be Growth. If an investor chooses the IDCW Option but fails to indicate a sub option, the default sub-option shall be IDCW Transfer (Default destination Scheme- Sundaram Liquid Fund -Growth Option), when the IDCW payable is ₹ 500 or more and IDCW Reinvestment in the same scheme when IDCW payable is less than ₹ 500 in the respective sub option.</li> </ul>	
XI	Load Structure	<ul> <li>Entry Load: Nil.</li> <li>Exit Load: Nil - If up to 25% of the units invested are redeemed or withdrawn by way of SWP within 365 days from the date of allotment.</li> <li>Any redemptions or withdrawals by way of SWP in excess of the above mentioned limit would be subject to an exit load of 1 % of the applicable NAV will be charged, if the units are redeemed within 365 days from the date of allotment of units</li> <li>For redemption or withdrawal by way of SWP after 365 days from the date of allotment - Nil.</li> <li>Further, exit load will be waived on Intra-scheme and Inter scheme Switchouts/STP.</li> <li>Generally, the exit load will be calculated on First in First out (FIFO) basis.</li> </ul>	



Sr. No.	Title	Description
XII	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	During NFO: NA On going continous New Investor – ₹100/- for both IDCW and Growth option and any amount thereafter under each Plat / option. Systematic Investment Plan: Daily SIP, Rs. 100/- and minimum 3 months Minimum Six installments of ₹100/- for Monthly SIP, ₹750 for Quarterly SIP, ₹1,000 for Weekly SIP and any amount thereafter. SIP Dates: Any Day (1st to 31st); Weekly (every Wednesday) Systematic Transfer Plan: Daily: ₹1,000/- (6 Instalments); Weekly: ₹1,000/-; (6 Instalments) Monthly ₹100/-(6 Instalments); Quarterly: ₹750/-(6 Instalments) STP Dates: Investors can choose any date of the month/quarter for availing the STP facility. Any Dates Systematic Withdrawal Plan: Monthly / Quarterly: ₹100/- (6 instalments) SWP Dates: Any Day SIP Top-up facility – Half yearly/Annual Minimum 500 and in multiples of Re.1/-
XIII	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	For additional purchase – Rs.100/- and multiple of Re.1/- thereafter.
XIV	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	The minimum amount for redemption/switch out will be: Regular & Direct Plan: ₹100/- or 1 unit or account balance, whichever is lower.
XV	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	NA
XVI	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	NA
XVII	Segregated portfolio / side pocketing disclosure	Enabled
XVIII	Swing pricing disclosure	NA
XIX	Stock lending/ short selling	The scheme shall engage in securities lending subject a maximum of 20% and 5% for a single counter party. The scheme shall not engage in short selling.
ХХ	How to Apply and other details	Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information and Key Information Memorandum, which is part of the Application Form (available free of cost with the offices of the Investment Manager and can b downloaded from the Website of the Investment Manager (www.sundarammutual.com).
XXI	Investor services	Prospective investors and existing unit holders are welcome to contact Customer Service/Complain resolution using the Toll Free 1860 425 7237 (India) +91 40 2345 2215 (NRI). Investors may also contact the Investor Relations Manager. <b>Baba M J</b> Investor Relations Manager Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited, No. 46, Whites Road, Sundaram Towers, 1st Floor, Royapettah, Chennai - 600014.
XXII	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.



Sr. No.	Title	Description
XXIII	Special product/ facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	<ol> <li>Systematic Investment Plan (SIP): Features of Daily SIP Any Day SIP SIP Top-up feature Half Yearly Top-up Yearly Top-up Sundaram Flexi - Systematic Investment Plan ("Sundaram Flexi SIP")</li> <li>A) Modifications to terms of SIP Cancellation: Investors are requested to note that accordance with SEBI Letter No. SEBI/HO/OW/IMD/IMD- SEC1/P/2024/270/1 dated January 03, 2024, the terms and conditions for SIP Cancellation will undergo the following changes:         <ol> <li>In case of Daily, Weekly, and Monthly frequencies, the SIP registration will stand cancelled, in case of 3 consecutive failed debits;</li> <li>In case of Quarterly frequency, the SIP registration will stand cancelled, in case of 2 consecutive failed debits.</li> <li>SIP cancellation request submitted by an investor, will be effective within 10 calendar days from the date of such request. Any SIP installment falling prior to the date of such cancellation, will be processed as per applicable NAV.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Prosperity SIP         <ol> <li>Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) Any Day Systematic Withdrawal Plan (Any day SWP) SWP Frequency Choice of the Date* (1-31)</li> <li>Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) A. As per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-I DOF2/P/CIR/2022/161 as on November 25, 2022.</li> <li>IDCW Transfer Facility (DSO)</li> <li>Pledge Loan Against Mutual Fund Units (LAMF)</li> <li>Online Transaction (7) Purchase/Redemption through NSE and BSE Exchange Platform</li> <li>KFINKART Facility</li> </ol></li></ol>
XXIV	Weblink	Total Expense Ratio: https://www.sundarammutual.com/TER Daily Total Expense Ratio: https://www.sundarammutual.com/TER

#### Due Diligence by Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the (Sundaram Multi Cap Fund) approved by them is a new product offered by (Sundaram Mutual Fund) and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product (This clause is not applicable to Fixed Maturity Plans and Close Ended Schemes except for those close ended schemes which have the option of conversion into open ended schemes on maturity and also to Interval Schemes.)

Date: September 30, 2024 Place: Chennai **R Ajith Kumar** Secretary & Compliance Officer

	Minimum	Maximum	Risk Profile
Equity & Equity related securities of Large Cap companies	25%	50%	High
Equity & Equity related securities of Mid Cap companies	25%	50%	High
Equity & Equity related securities of Small Cap companies	25%	50%	High
Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments^ / Cash & Cash equivalents	0%	25%	Low to Medium

\*Includes investment in equity and equity related securities of companies of all market capitalisation i.e. Large Cap, Mid Cap, Small Cap companies as defined below: a. Large Cap: 1st -100th company in terms of full market capitalization. b. Mid Cap: 101st - 250th company in terms of full market capitalization. c. Small Cap: 251st company onwards in terms of full market capitalization provided by AMFI based on average of all the stock exchanges.

Equity and equity-related securities includes Convertible bonds, debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.

^ Money Market Instruments includes Certificate of Deposits, Commercial Papers, T Bills, Government Securities having an unexpired maturity up to 1 Year, Call or notice Money, Commercial Bills, Reverse Repo, TREPS and any other instruments as defined by RBI/SEBI from time to time.

Other Equity means other than large cap stocks

- The scheme shall not invest in securitized debt or in credit default swap.
- The scheme shall not engage in short selling.
- The scheme shall engage in securities lending subject a maximum of 20% and 5% for a single counter party.
- The Scheme shall invest in ADR/GDR/Overseas securities upto 25% of the net assets
- The Scheme shall invest in repo in Corporate Bond upto 10% of the net assets of the scheme
- The Scheme may use derivatives for trading, investment, hedging and portfolio balancing.

Exposure to derivatives will be limited to 50% of the net asset value of the Scheme at the time of transaction.

Exposure is calculated as a percentage of the notional value to the net assets of the Scheme. The Scheme will maintain cash or securities to cover exposure to derivatives.

The cumulative gross exposure to equity, debt, money market instruments, REITs / InvITs and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme, subject to SEBI circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010 and Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021. The same-security-wise hedge positions would be excluded from computing the percentage.

Pending deployment in line with the investment objective, the funds of the Scheme may be invested in short-term deposits with scheduled commercial banks in accordance with SEBI Circulars SEBI/IMD/CIR No.9/20306/03 dated November 12, 2003 and

SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007.

**Indicative Table** (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

SI. no	Type of Instrument	% of exposure	Circular references*
1	Securities Lending	Upto 20%	Clause 12.11 of the SEBI Master Circular
2	Derivatives	Upto 50%	Clause 12.25 of the SEBI Master Circular
3	Equity Derivatives for non- hedging purposes		Clause 12.25 of the SEBI Master Circular
4	Debt Instruments with SO / CE rating	Upto 10%	Clause 12.3 of the SEBI Master Circular
5	Overseas Securities	Upto 25%	Clause 12.19 of the SEBI Master Circular
6	Securitized Debt	Nil	
7	Debt Instruments with special	Upto 10%	Clause 12.2 of the SEBI Master Circular
	features (AT1 and AT2 Bonds)		
8	Tri-party repos (including Reverse		
	repo in T-bills and G-sec)		
9	Other / own mutual funds	Upto 5%	Clause 4 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI
			(Mutua Funds) Regulations, 1996
10	Repo/ reverse repo transactions		Clause 12.11 of the SEBI Master Circular
	in corporate debt securities		
11	Credit Default Swap transactions	Nil	Clause 12.11 of the SEBI Master Circular
12	Short Selling	Nil	Regulation 45 (2) of SEBI (Mutual Funds)
			Regulations, 1996
13	Short Term Deposit	Upto 20%	Clause 12.16 of the SEBI Master Circular
14	ReITS and InVITS		Clause 13 in the Seventh Schedule of SEB
			(Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
15	Foreign Securitized debt		
16	Unrated debt and money market instruments	Upto 5% of the	Clause 12.1 of the SEBI Master Circular
			net assets
17	Writing of call options under covered call strateg	y Upto 15%	Clause 12.25.8 of the SEBI Master Circular

Indicative table to mention express prohibition/ enablement for investment. In case SID is silent with regards to to investment in particular security/investment, the same shall not be reflected.

**Portfolio rebalancing/Changes in Investment Pattern:** Subject to SEBI Regulations, the asset allocation pattern may change from time to time for a short term and for defensive considerations, keeping in view the market conditions/ applicable regulations/political & economic factors, the perception of the Investment Manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Rebalancing across sectors and stocks shall be a dynamic exercise as this is crucial to performance.

The Fund Manager of the Scheme shall examine factors such as the overall macro-economic conditions, valuation levels, sectorspecific factors, company-specific factors and trends in liquidity, to name a few, and reduce the equity exposure, if warranted, to lower levels and raise the fixed income component of the portfolio as a tactical call.

The Fund Manager shall seek to raise the equity exposure if the environment is conducive. This process of rebalancing may take place in a dynamic manner on a regular basis. Cash calls (with deployment in appropriate money-market and fixed-income securities), derivatives, changes in the degree of overweight and underweight to sectors and changes in allocation levels to stocks with varying attributes be used to balance the portfolio. If the macro-economic conditions and market levels warrant, the fund manager may on an exceptional basis, reduce the equity exposure and raise the fixed-income component of the portfolio beyond the asset allocation boundary indicated in the table for normal circumstances. Such an allocation in exceptional circumstances shall be adopted with the approval of the Investment Committee Committee of Sundaram Asset Management.

In the event of deviations, the fund manager will carry out rebalancing within 30 days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee of the Investment Manager, shall then decide on the course of action. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

#### **B. Where Will The Scheme Invest?**

In order to achieve the investment objective, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in the following securities (subject to the Investment Objective / Asset Allocation):

- Equity and equity-related securities including Convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares and derivative instruments.
- Debt securities of the Government of India, State and local Governments, Government agencies, Statutory bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, Public Financial Institutions, Scheduled Commercial Banks, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Development Financial Institutions, Supranational Financial Institutions, Corporate entities, Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).
- Debt and Money Market securities and such other securities as may be permitted by SEBI and RBI regulation from time to time.
- Money market instruments including but not limited to, Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper of Public Sector Undertakings and Private Sector Corporate entities, Reverse Repo Agreements on Gsecs, TREPS (Triparty Repo Trades), Certificates of Deposit of Scheduled Commercial Banks and Development Financial Institutions, Government Securities with unexpired maturity of one year or less and other money market securities as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI regulation.
- The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- Units of Mutual funds as may be permitted by regulation.
- The Scheme shall engage in securities lending and Repo in Corporate,
- The scheme shall invests in REITs/InvITs as per SEBI Regulations and limits.
- The Scheme may also invest in ADR's / GDR's / Overseas securities.

The scheme may invest in derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and trading and arbitrage. The limits and conditions and restrictions prescribed by SEBI vide circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010and Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021 shall be followed

Any other instruments as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI /

such other Regulatory Authority from time to time.

The securities mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in, could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity bearing fixed-rate or floating coupon rate. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPO s), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repo and reverse repo obligations on Gsecs held by it as per the guidelines and regulation applicable to such transactions.

- The Scheme shall invest in the instruments rated as investment grade or above by a recognised rating agency. In case, the instruments are not rated, specific approval of the Investment Committee/Credit Committee of the Investment Manager shall be obtained.
- Pending deployment of funds in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the funds may be invested in short term deposits with Scheduled Commercial Banks in accordance SEBI Circulars SEBI/IMD/CIR No.9/20306/03 dated November 12, 2003, SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/093 dated August 16, 2019. The AMC(s) shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks

#### C. What are the Investment Strategies?

The scheme will invest its assets in a portfolio of equity and equity related instruments. The focus of the investment strategy would be to identify stocks which can provide capital appreciation in the long term.

The underlying portfolio will comprise minimum investment of 25% each in large, mid, and small cap companies. The maximum investment cannot exceed 50% in any of the market cap categories.

The scheme aims to provide long term capital growth by investing in a well-diversified portfolio of equity and equity related securities across market capitalisation and sectors.

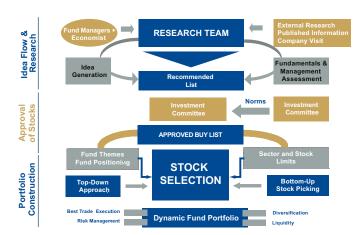
The fund would aim to participate in the all-round growth of the economy. For this fund manager will identify suitable stocks that will benefit from economic growth.

The fund may follow a bottom up approach towards investing / identifying individual stocks and a top down approach towards investing / identifying sectors so that the resultant portfolio is well diversified.

The Scheme would invest in companies based on various quantitative and qualitative criteria like sound financials, professional management, track record, industry scenario, industry and company growth prospects etc.,

The Fund may also invest in overseas equities and ADR's / GDR's depending on the Investment Manager's view / analysis. To reduce the risk of the portfolio, the Scheme may also use various derivative and hedging products from time to time for hedging and rebalancing purposes, in the manner permitted by SEBI.

**Summary of Investment Process** 



**Research & Analysis:** Research is meant to look at opportunities differently from the market and competition. The Investment Manager has a research set up that works to identify Investment opportunities through continuous research on sectors and companies that are relevant to the theme and investment objectives of the Scheme. The analysis focuses on the performance and future prospects of the company and the business, financial health, competitive edge, managerial quality and practices, minority shareholder fairness, transparency. In order to get a good understanding of the Company being researched and its business management contact either by way of visit, or any other form of communication is made to assess the potential of the Company. Companies that adequately satisfy the prescribed criteria are included in the portfolio. The weight of individual companies will be based on their upside potential relative to downside risk and will be decided by the Fund Manager.

**Approval of Securities:** On completion of the research the analyst will put up the Research Report for approval by the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee comprises of the CEO / Managing Director, CIO – Equity, Head of Risk, COO and Head of Compliance. On approval by the Investment Committee, the stock will be included in the investment universe.

Portfolio Construction & Selection of Stock for Investment / Sale: The Fund Manager will construct the portfolio with stocks in the investment universe within the guidelines set in the Scheme Information Document. The Fund Manager will be the sole deciding authority in relation to stock selection, allocation of weight, sale & purchase of stocks and other issues that are related to portfolio construction. The reasons for purchase / sale are recorded in the system/Deal Tickets.

**Monitoring:** The Investment Committee reviews the performance of the Scheme on a monthly basis. Apart from performance various other subjects are also discussed covering Risk (volatility, liquidity, top holdings, concentration risk etc., in the portfolios), Fund Manager / Economist views on the economy and markets and validation of the same and it's reflection in the sector weights and portfolio positioning etc. The Research team also constantly monitors the sectors and companies assigned to them and updates the Fund Management team on an ongoing basis changes if any occurring to the companies in the portfolio and the sectors. The Research team also actively monitors for new investment opportunities.

An independent risk management team is in place to oversee and monitor portfolio risk on a day-to-day basis. Internal risk control guidelines are in place and the portfolio contours are tracked on a daily basis to ensure adherence. Any deviation is brought to the notice of the Managing Director and the fund manager for corrective action. Follow up actions are made to ensure that the deviation is corrected within the time period prescribed in internal risk control guidelines. Adherence to limits from SEBI regulations as well as stipulations in the Scheme Information Document is monitored by the Compliance team. The Risk Management team reports to the CEO / MD.

**Risk Process / Guidelines:** Risk Management is an independent function and the Risk team reports directly to the MD. Broadly the function is divided into two – Regulatory and Internal. Regulatory risk consists of ensuring adherence to all the rules prescribed by the SEBI as well as the limits prescribed in the Offer documents. Internal risk monitoring consists of a host of other parameters that the risk team monitors on a continuous basis like internal limits (i.e. soft limits), adherence to fund style, operational and preparation of reports etc., The primary mechanism that the Risk team employs to monitor is through Bloomberg. All the rules (regulatory and internal) are

uploaded into Bloomberg which thereafter monitors its adherence on a continuous basis. All trades are routed through Bloomberg systems and hence no deviation can occur without an alert being triggered by the Bloomberg system. Any breach in limits consequent to inputting of a trade is flagged off with various levels of concern and needs specific approvals in order to proceed.

#### Portfolio turnover

Portfolio turnover is defined as the lower of the aggregate value of purchases or sales, as a percentage of the average corpus of the Scheme during a specified period of time. This will exclude purchases and sales of money market securities.

The portfolio turnover in the Scheme will be a function of the inflows in the form of subscriptions into the Scheme and outflows in the form of redemption as well as the market opportunities available to the fund manager. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio(s). There may be trading opportunities that present themselves from time to time, where in the opinion of the fund manager, there is an opportunity to enhance the total returns of the portfolio. The fund manager will endeavour to balance the increased cost on account of higher portfolio turnover, if any, with benefits likely to be derived from such an approach.

### D. How will the Scheme Benchmark its Performance? Nifty 500 Multicap 50:25:25 TRI

The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark if due to a change in market conditions, a different index appears to be providing a more appropriate basis for comparison of fund performance or if the indicated benchmark ceases to exist or undergoes a substantial change that renders it an ineffective base for performance comparison and analysis.



Name, Age & Tenure^	Educational Qualifications	Experience (last 10 years)	Other Fund(s) Managed
<b>Mr. Sudhir Kedia</b> 44, 2.6 Years	B.Com, CA and PGPF	Sundaram Asset Management Co. Jan 2022 to till date Fund Manager-Equity Principal Asset Management Co . Oct 2019 to Dec 2021, Fund Manager – Equity Mirae Asset (India) Mutual Fund, Mar 2017 to Oct 2019, Fund Manager – Equity. ASK Investment Managers, Apr 2011 to Mar 2017, Associate Portfolio Manager	Funds Managed: Sundaram Large Cap Fund*, Sundaram Focused Fund*, Sundaram Multi Cap Fund*, Sundaram Texi Cap Fund*, Sundaram Tax Savings Fund*, Sundaram Diversified Equity***, and Sundaram Equity Savings Fund** Sundaram Long Term Tax Advantage Series I - IV* and Sundaram Long Term Micro Cap Tax Advantage Series III - VI*
<b>Mr. Ratish B Varier,</b> 40, 5.8 years	B.Com., MBA in Finance. PG in Investment Analysis as Certified Portfolio Manager	Sundaram Asset Management Co. Jan 2017 to till date Assistant Fund Manager – Equity Progress Capital Pte , Singapore Jun 2013 to Dec 2016 Senior Analyst Matchpoint Investment Management Asia, Hong Kong Jul 2010 to Mar 2013 Progress Capital Pte , Singapore Jul 2007 to Jul 2010 Senior Analyst Irevna Research Services Dec 2002 to Jul 2007 Head of Research UTI Mutual Fund May 2002 to Dec 2002 Manager	Funds Managed: Sundaram Dividend Yield Fund*, Sundaram Consumption Fund*, Sundaram Mid Cap Fund*, Sundaram Multi Cap Fund* and Sundaram Infrastructure Advantage Fund.

#### E. Who Manages the Scheme?

The details of Fund Manager of Sundaram Multi Cap Fund are as follows:

^ Cut-off date considered for calculation of tenure is September 30, 2024. The Trustee reserves the right to change the fund manager.



			Different if if
Name of the Scheme	Asset Allocation Pattern	Investment Objective	Differentiation
Sundaram Multi Cap Fund	<ul> <li>Equity &amp; equity related instruments of Large Cap Companies: 80%-100% • other equities: 0-20%</li> <li>Fixed Income, Money Market instruments and Cash &amp; Cash equivalents:0-20% • Investment in REITs &amp; InvITs: 0-10% • overseas Securities ADR / GDR 0-20% of the net assets.</li> </ul>	The investment objective of thescheme is to generate capitalappreciation by investing in large cap stocks.	The fund is an open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in large cap stocks. This fund will be categorised under Large Cap Fund as per SeBI Categorization. This fund will invest in equity & equity related instruments of large cap companies.
Sundaram Multi Cap Fund	Equity & equity related instruments of Mid cap companies: 65%- 100% • other equities 0-35% • high Fixed Income, Money Market instruments and Cash & Cash equivalents: 0-35% • Investment in ReITs & InvITs: 0-10% • Medium to high overseas Securities (including ETFs) 0-35% of the net asset	The objective of the scheme is to achieve capital appreciation by investing predominantly in stocks that are termed as mid-cap	This fund will invest in equity & equity related instruments of mid cap companies. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category.
Sundaram Large and Mid Cap Fund	Equity & equity related instruments of large cap companies- 35-65% Mid cap companies- 35-65% Other Equity - 0-30% Fixed Income & Money Market instruments - 0-30% Units issued by REITs/InVITs -0-10%Overseas Securities -upto- 25%	To seek capital appreciation by investing predominantly in equity and equity related instruments in large and mid cap stocks	anywhere fund in terms of the
Sundaram Flexi Cap Fund	Equity & equity related instruments of large cap, mid cap and small cap companies- 65-100% Debt & Money Market instruments - 0-35% Units issued by REITs/InVITs -0-10%Overseas Securities(including ETFs) -0-30%	by dynamically investing in a	in equity and equity related instruments of companies focusing
Sundaram Multi Cap Fund	Equity & equity related instruments of large cap companies- 25-50% Mid cap companies- 25-50% Small cap companies- 25-50% Fixed Income & Money Market instruments - 0-25% Overseas Securities -upto-25%	scheme is to generate capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity	category as per SEBI Categorization. SAMC do not have
Sundaram Small Cap Fund	Equity & Equity related instruments of Small cap; Companies: 65%- 100% • other equities 0-35% • high Fixed Income, Money Market instruments and Cash & Cash equivalents: 0-35% • Investment in ReITs & InvITs: 0-10% • Medium to high overseas Securities (including eTFs) 0-35% of the net asset	The objective of the scheme is to achieve capital appreciation by investing predominantly in diversified stocks that are generally termed as small-cap stock"	"The fund is Small Cap fund. This fund falls in the Small Cap Category as per SEBI Categorization"
Sundaram Focused Fund	Equity and Equity Related Instruments*: 65-100%;Debt (including Securitised debt**), Money Market instruments and Cash and Cash Equivalents: 0-35%; Units issued by REITs/InvITs - 0-10%		This fund falls in the Focused Category as per SEBI Categorization. This Fund focuses on the Multi cap Category and will have 30 stocks"
Sundaram Dividend Yield Fund	The investment objective of the scheme would be to provide capital appreciation and/or dividend distribution by investing predominantly in a well-diversified portfolio of companies that have a relatively high dividend yield.		

F. How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the mutual fund?

Scheme Information Document

		Canada an Maria Capitana		
Name of the Scheme	Asset Allocation Pattern	Investment Objective	Differentiation	
Sundaram ELSS Tax Saver Fund	Equity and Equity Linked Instruments : Not less than 80% Debt securities (*including securitised debt) and Money market instruments : Upto 20%	To build a high quality growth- oriented portfolio to provide long- term capital gains to the investors. The scheme aims at providing returns through capital appreciation	This fund falls in the ELSS Category as per SEBI Categorisation.	
Sundaram Consumption Fund	Equity and equity related securities of companies engaged in consumption sector: 80-100% • other equities: 0-20% • Fixed Income,Money Market instruments and Cash & Cash equivalents: 0-20% • Investment in ReITs & InvITs 0- 10% • overseas Securities (Including eTFs) 0-20% of the net assets	The primary investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns by investing predominantly in equity / equity-related instruments of companies engaged in rural and/or consumption business	This fund falls in the Thematic/ Sectoral Category as per SEBI Categorization, which predominantly invests in consumption space	
Sundaram Financial Services Opportunities Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments engaged in Banking and Financial Services: 80-100% Other Equity : 0-20% Fixed Income, Money Market Instruments, Cash and Cash Equivalents :Upto 20% Investment in REITs & InvITs : 0-10%	To seek long-term capital appreciation by investing predominantly in equity and equity related securities of Indian companies engaged in the banking and financial services sector	The fund focuses on the financial services theme in India. The Scheme shall have a portfolio that is spread across different cap curves or concentrated on a particular cap curve or have a combination of stocks under different cap curves depending upon the fund manager's view. Single-stock exposures may be up to 10 per cent of the net assets of the scheme. This is not a sector- specific fund.	
Sundaram Services Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments: 80-100% Other Equity : 0-20% Fixed Income and Money Market Instruments :0-20% Investment in REITs & InvITs : 0-10%	To seek capital appreciation by investing in equity / equity related instruments of companies who drive a majority of their income from business predominantly in the Services sector of the economy.	This fund falls in the Thematic/Sectoral Category as per SEBI Categorization, which predominantly invests in businesses in the Services Sector	
Sundaram Infrastructure Advantage Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments engaged in Banking and Infrastructure Advantage Fund : 80-100% Other Equity : Upto 20% Fixed Income Instruments issued by Companies engaged in Infrastructure Sector - Upto 20% , Money Market Instruments, Cash and Cash Equivalents :Upto 20% Investment in REITs & InvITs : 0-10%	To generate long-term returns by investing predominantly in equity / equity-related instruments of companies engaged either directly or indirectly in infrastructure - and infrastructure related activities or expected to benefit from the growth and development of infrastructure	The fund focuses on the infrastructure theme, which is a key growth driver in the Indian economy. The Scheme is, under normal circumstances, likely to have a portfolio that is spread across the cap curve – large-cap, mid-cap and small-cap stocks. Single-stock exposures may be up to 10 per cent of the net assets of the scheme. This is not a sector- specific fund.	
Sundaram Aggressive Hybrid Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments: 65-80% Debt and Money Market Instruments including Cash and Cash Equivalents and units of Liquid/ Money Market/ Debt Mutual Fund Schemes and Securitised Debt* 20-35% units issued by REITs & InvITs : 0-10%	An open ended hybrid scheme investing predominantly in equity and equity related instruments. To provide long-term appreciation and current income by investing in a portfolio of equity, equity related securities and fixed income securities	Invests in an open ended hybrid scheme investing predominantly in equity and equity related instruments. This fund will be categorised under Aggressive Equity Hybrid Category as per SEBI Categorization. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category	
Sundaram Equity Savings Fund	Under Normal Circumstances: Equity & Equity related instruments (IncludingDerivatives) • Derivatives includes Index Futures,Stock Futures, Index options, Stock options, etc., backed by underlying equity (only arbitrage opportunities)* : 65-100% unhedged Equityposition : 15-40% Fixed Income and money market**10-35% units issued by REITs/InvITs:0-10%	The Scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities, and investments in debt and money market instruments.	Sundaram Equity Savings Fund is an open ended fund providing capital appreciationand income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities, and investments in debt and money market instruments. This fund will be categorised under Equity Savings Category as per SEBI Categorization. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category.	
www.sundara	mmutual.com	2 Sundaram	Mutual Fund	

SECTION - I - Part II - Information about the Scheme		Scheme Mocmann Document Sundaram Multi Cap Fund		
Name of the Scheme	Asset Allocation Pattern	Investment Objective	Differentiation	
Sundaram Arbitrage Fund	Under Normal Circumstances: Equity and equity related instruments: 65- 100% @ Derivatives including Index Futures, Stock Futures, Index options and Stock options, etc.: 65-100% Debt securities, Money Market Instruments & cash and cash equivalents: 0-35%	An open ended scheme investing in arbitrage opportunities. To generate income with minimal volatility by investing in equity, arbitrage strategies which fully offset the equity exposure and investments in debt instruments	Sundaram Arbitrage Fund invests in an open ended scheme investing in arbitrage opportunities. This fund will be categorised under Arbitrage Category as per SeBI Categorization. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category.	
Sundaram Balanced Advantage Fund	Equity & Equity Related Instruments: 0-100% Fixed Income, Money Market Instruments and Government, Securities Cash and Cash Equivalents: 0-100% Units issued by REITs/InvITs: 0-10%	The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide accrual income and capital appreciation by investing in a mix of equity, debt, REITs/InvITs and equity derivatives that are managed dynamically	Sundaram Balanced Advantage Fund is an open ended dynamic asset allocation fund. This fund is being categorized under Dynamic/ Balanced Advantage Category as per SEBI Categorization. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category	
Sundaram Global Brand Fund	units/Shares of Sundaram Global Brand Fund, Singapore: 95-100% Cash, domestic money market securities and/or money market/ liquid schemes of domestic mutual funds including that of Sundaram Mutual Fund : 0-5%	To achieve capital appreciation by investing in units of Sundaram Global Brand Fund - Master Class, Singapore as a feeder fund	The scheme will invest predominantly in in units of Sundaram Global Brand Fund, Singapore as a feeder fund. extensive analysis has led to the development of a unique portfolio allocation and re-balancing methodology. A list of leading brands will be created using publicly available annual rankings of leading brand rating agencies	
Sundaram Nifty 100 Equal Weight Fund	Equity and Equity related Instruments covered by NIFTY 100 Equal Weighted Index 95% 100%, Debt instruments, cash and money market instruments including TREPS / Reverse Repos 0% 5%	To invest principally in securities that comprise Nifty 100 Equal Weight Index in the same proportion as the index and subject to tracking errors endeavour to attain results commensurate with the Nifty 100 Equal Weight Index	The portfolio of the Scheme will be invested in stocks constituting the NIFTY 100 Equal Weighted Index and in the same weightage that they represent in the NIFTY 100 Equal Weighted Index. The Scheme endeavors to keep the tracking error not more than 2%. None of the existing funds of Sundaram Mutual endeavours to replicate the composition of NIFTY 100 Equal Weighted Index. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited do not have any other fund in this category.	
Sundaram Multi Asset Allocation Fund	Equity and equity related instruments^ 65-80%, Debt and Money Market Securities#^ 10- 25%, Gold ETFs as permitted by SEBI from time to time. ^ 10-25%	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation by investing in Equity & Equity related Securities, Debt & Money Market Instruments and Gold ETFs	To achieve the investment objective, the scheme will invest in Equity and Equity related securities, Debt & Money Market Instruments and Gold ETFs as permitted by SEBI from time to time.	

**Differentiating aspect of Sundaram Multi Cap Fund:** An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks. This fund falls in the Multi Cap category as per SEBI Categorization.

SECTION - I - Part II - Information about the Scheme



#### F. How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the mutual fund? AUM Returns (in %) Folios Fund/Benchmark Since One year Launched in Three years Five years # (₹ Crore) Inception Aggressive Hybrid Fund Jan-00 31.8 13.9 16.9 11.3 1,02,039 5,369 28.7 CRISIL Hybrid 35+65 - Aggressive Index 13.6 16.8 N.A. Large Cap Fund Jul-02 14.2 18.2 31.2 17.4 1,51,252 3,702 Nifty 100 TRI 38.8 15.9 19.6 N.A. **Global Brand Fund** 8.3 8.4 Mar-04 21.8 14.0 10,905 115 MSCI ACWI TRI 12.5 32.8 16.1 11.6 **Financial Services Opportunities Fund** Jun-08 30.3 19.0 18.5 15.3 56,073 1,474 Nifty Financial Services Index 24.8 11.2 14.3 16.0 **Infrastructure Advantage Fund** Sep-05 51.9 26.2 26.0 12.9 1,01,800 1,047 Nifty Infrastructure TRI 54.6 25.3 26.0 10.3 **Consumption Fund** May-06 44.0 22.1 20.8 13.7 63,088 1,495 Nifty India Consumption TRI 53.2 22.5 22.3 14.6 Large And Mid Cap Fund 17.6 22.1 15.4 Feb-07 40.9 2,29,915 7,115 15.0 Nifty Large Mid Cap 250 TRI 43.5 21.0 25.5 **Small Cap Fund** Feb-05 40.7 23.4 30.6 18.5 1,31,606 3,505 Nifty Small Cap 250 TR 51.5 26.2 32.6 N.A. Nov-99 **Diversified Equity Fund** 30.7 15.5 18.0 16.6 1,47,481 1,680 Nifty 500 TRI 41.5 18.4 22.2 15.3 **Focused Fund** Nov-05 35.9 16.0 21.4 16.2 44,951 1,173 Nifty 500 TRI 41.5 18.4 22.2 14.8 Mid Cap Fund Jul-02 56.1 26.6 26.6 25.1 3,32,127 12,549 Nifty Mid Cap 150 TRI 48.2 26.1 31.4 N.A. **NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Fund** 51.1 22.2 12.2 Jul-99 19.2 16,183 100 NIFTY 100 Equal Weighted Index 54.0 20.7 24.1 N.A. 24.3 **Services Fund** Sep-18 37.2 18.4 22.8 169112 3,966 Nifty Services Sector TRI 33.0 11.6 16.6 15.6 **Equity Savings Fund** May-02 19.4 11.2 11.4 8.6 19,671 997 Nifty Equity Savings Index 16.3 9.3 10.9 N.A. **Balanced Advantage Fund** Dec-10 24.6 12.4 14.8 10.7 34,251 1,516 Nifty 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 50:50 Index 20.7 10.6 13.5 10.6 5.4 4.7 4.1 156 **Arbitrage Fund** 7.1 2,605 Apr-16 NIFTY 50 Arbitrage Index 7.1 6.1 5.0 5.2 **ELSS Tax Saver Fund** Mar-96 34.5 17.0 21.3 18.6 1,36,175 1.433 Nifty 500 TRI 41.5 18.4 22.2 14.7 Multi Cap Fund Oct-00 42.2 18.9 22.6 16.3 1,21,621 2,879 Nifty 500 Multi Cap 50:25:25 21.1 25.9 N.A. 44.3 **Dividend Yield Fund** 23.0 14.4 Oct-04 44.3 19.4 35,304 959 22.2 Nifty 500 TRI 41.5 18.4 16.3 **Flexicap Fund** 21.9 85,982 Sep-22 32.6 2,256 Nifty 500 TRI 41.5 26.0 **Multi Asset Fund** 17.6 Jan-24 85.829 2.464 \_ NIFTY 500 TRI (65%) + NIFTY Short 22.7 Duration Debt Index (10%) + Domestic Prices of Gold (25%) **Business Cycle Fund** Jun-24 70,533 1,447 NIFTY 500 TRI

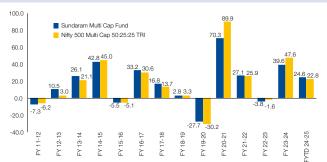
Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future; Returns in %. Returns computed on compounded annualised basis based on the NAV of Regular Plan -Growth option. Performance, Folios & AUM as on September 30, 2024; Relevant benchmarks highlighted in italics.



#### G. How has the scheme performed

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns %	Benchmark Returns%
Returns for the last one year	42.2	44.3
Returns for the last three years	18.9	21.1
Returns for the last five years	22.6	25.9
Returns since inception	16.3	N.A.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future. Returns are in %. Returns computed on compounded annualised basis based on the NAV of Regular Plan - Growth option. Relevant benchmarks highlighted in italics. NAV & performance as on September 30, 2024.



For information on comparable schemes, their performance, fund size and number of folios, please refer the table provided in Highlights & Scheme Summary.

#### H. Additional scheme related disclosures

#### A. Portfolio Related Disclosures (as on September 30, 2024)

Portfolio-Top 10 Holdings(Issuer-Wise)		Portfolio-Top 10 Holdings(Issuer-Wise)	
Issuer	% to	Issuer	% to NAV
	NAV	Banks	13.27
Reliance Industries Ltd	4.56	Consumer Durables	8.43
HDFC Bank Ltd	4.44	Finance IT-Software	7.86
NTPC LTD	2.97	Industrial Products	6.11 6.02
	-	Petroleum Products	5.79
Larsen & Toubro Ltd	2.91	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	5.28
Infosys Ltd	2.74	Auto Components	4.70
Brigade Enterprises Ltd	2.62	Leisure Services	4.09
Axis Bank Ltd	2.44	Power	2.97
Indian Bank	2.41	Construction	2.91
Blue Star Ltd	2.39	Automobiles	2.84
	2.34	Realty	2.62
Lupin Ltd	-	Healthcare Services	2.48
TOTAL	29.8	Cement & Cement Products	2.41
Please refer for details regarding Portfolio Disclosures https://www.sundarammutual.com/Statutory-Disclosures		Capital Markets	2.20
		IT-Services	2.01
······································		Telecom - Services	1.74
		Non - Ferrous Metals	1.71
		Fertilizers & Agrochemicals	1.52
		Aerospace & Defense	1.44
		Diversified Fmcg	1.35
		Retailing	1.27
		Consumable Fuels	1.21
		Agricultural Food & Other Products	1.06
		Food Products	0.82
		Other Consumer Services	0.58
		Industrial Manufacturing	0.30
		Household Products	0.22
		Cash & Others	4.81
		Total	100.00

#### Portfolio Turnover Ratio -Last 1 Year: 62%

- Aggregate of equity securities and debt instruments held by the Scheme at issuer level/sectors are as of the date indicated.
- Top 10 holdings disclosure do not include cash & cash equivalents, fixed deposits and/or exposure in derivative instruments, if a
  Others under sector disclosure include cash & cash equivalents.
- For complete details and latest monthly portfolio, investors are requested to visit www.sundarammutual.com/Statutory Disclosures/
- Monthly Portfolios

#### B. Aggregate value of Investments held in the Scheme by the following category of person(s) as on September 30, 2024

Cr. No.	Category of Persons	Net V	Markat Value ( in ₹)	
Sr. No.	Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s)	Units	NAV per unit	Market Value ( in ₹)
1	Ratish Bhaskaran Varier	12098.87	437.1666	52,89,221.87
2	Sudhir Kedia	2585.51	437.1666	11,30,298.62

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI. **C. Aggregate Investment in the Scheme by:** 

The AMC shall not invest in any of the schemes unless full disclosure of its intention to invest has been made in the Scheme Information Document and that the AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on such investment

Please refer link for details regarding investments of AMC in the Scheme: https://www.sundarammutual.com/Statutory-Disclosures

#### A. Computation of NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) is the most widely accepted yardstick for measuring the performance of any Scheme of a Mutual Fund. NAV calculations shall be based upon the following formula:

(Market value of the Scheme's investments + other current assets + deposits – all liabilities except unit capital, reserves and Profit & Loss Account Number of units outstanding of the Scheme)

Valuation will be according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the Regulation and will be subject to such rules or Regulation that SEBI may prescribe. Please refer the valuation policy on our website https://www.sundarammutual.com/uploaddir/Others/Valuation\_Policy\_12\_2020\_040321\_184105.pdf

NAV of the Scheme – Plan/Option wise - will be calculated and disclosed up to four decimals.

For details of Valuation of Overseas Securities, please refer Statement of Additional Information.

#### Methodology of calculating the sale and repurchase price of units

Sale Price: Applicable NAV subject to Stamp Duty

**Repurchase Price:** The exit fee is usually a percentage of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the mutual fund held by investors. Once the AMC deducts the exit load from the total Net Asset Value, the remaining amount gets credited to the investor's account.

Suppose, an investor has invested ₹10,000 in mutual fund schemes in January 2017. The NAV of the scheme is ₹ 100 and the exit fee for redeeming before one year is 1%. In March 2017, the investor opt for an additional investment of 50 units at Rs 105 in the same fund. He redeems all his investments in the fund in November 2017, when the NAV is ₹ 110 in scenario 1 and Rs 115 in scenario 2 (February 2018)? His exit load is as follows:

100 Units bought in January 2017 @ Rs 100 = Rs 10,000

50 units bought in March 2017 @ Rs 105 = Rs 5,250

Scenario 1 (Full Redemption before completion of 1 year)

Exit charges on redemption in November 2017.

1% of [(100 units x ₹ 110) + (50 units x ₹ 110)] = Rs 165.

The amount credited the investor

Exit Load:

₹ 16,500 (₹ 110\*150 units) – ₹ 165 = ₹ 16,335 (Total NAV – Exit fee)

In scenario 1 exit load is applicable on 150 units purchased in January and March 2017 as the holding period is less than 1 year

#### Ilustration for Understanding

Initial purchase on April 1, 2023- 10,000 units

Additional purchase on April 15, 2023- 5,000 units

The scheme has exit load if redeemed before 1 year.

Maximum redemption permitted without exit load for each purchase transaction: 25% of the units purchased

#### Load applicability under various scenarios

Exit load is applied for each purchase transaction separately and no clubbing of transactions will be allowed for computing the maximum load free exit allowed for the respective scheme. Since FIFO method for processing the redemption request is applicable, load free exit for the purchases made subsequent to the initial purchase will be available only after the investor redeems all units purchased by him in the initial purchase. Accordingly, if the investor redeems the below units on or before May 28, 2024, exit load will be applicable as follows:

Number of units redeemed	Load payable on exit	Remarks
(including previous redemptions, if any)		
Upto 2500 units	Nil	No exit load is applicable, if the number of units redeemed are up to the limit of 25% of initial purchase
		made on April 1, 2023
3000 units	Exit load of 1% will be	Exit load will be applicable for redemption made over and above the limit of 25% of the initial purchase
	charged on the NAV for	made on April 1, 2023. Since the Scheme follows FIFO method for redemption, investor will have to
	redeeming 500 units	redeem the entire units purchased on April 1, 2023 before claiming load free redemption of 500 units
		from the Additional units purchased on April 15, 2023.
10000 units	Exit load of 1% will be	
	charged on the NAV for	
	redeeming 7500 units	
15000 units	Exit load of 1% will be	2500 units from the initial purchase made on April 1, 2023 and 1250 units from additional purchase
	charged on the NAV for	made on April 15, 2023 will be redeemed without exit load. Exit load will be applicable for the redemption
		redeeming 11250 units of the balance 11250 units.

Investments in overseas securities and exchange-traded funds will be valued at the closing price at which they were traded at the end of the valuation day.

#### B. New Fund Offer (NFO) Expenses

This section does not apply as the scheme covered in this document is available on an on-going basis for subscription and redemption.

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### C. Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses

 The total annual recurring expenses of the Scheme, excluding deferred revenue expenditure written off, issue or redemption expenses, but including the investment management and advisory fee that can be charged to the scheme shall be within the limits specified in Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. Expenses incurred in excess of the permitted limits shall be borne by the Investment Manager or the Trustee or the Sponsor.

The expenses chargeable to the scheme shall include investment management & advisory fee, Trustee fee, custodian fee, Registrar and Transfer Agent fee, Audit fee, Marketing and Selling expenses and other expenses (including listing fee) as listed in the table below:

Expense Head	% of daily Net
	Assets
Investment Management and	
Advisory Fees	
Trustee fee & expenses	
Audit fees & expenses	
Custodian fees & expenses	
RTA Fees & expenses	
Marketing & Selling expense incl.	
agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to	
location	Upto 2.25%
Cost of providing account	
statements and income distribution or	
redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education &	
awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and	
above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and	
derivative market trades resp.	
Service tax on expenses other	
than investment management and	
advisory fees	
Service tax on brokerage and	
transaction cost	
Other Expenses	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER)	
permissible under Regulation 52 (4)	
and (6)(c)	Upto 2.25%
Additional expenses under regulation	
52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new	
inflows from specified cities under	
regulation 52 (6A) (b)*	Upto 0.30%

Applicable to retail investor "retail investor means inflows of amount 2 lakhs per transaction by individual investor".

The current expense ratios will be updated on a daily basis in the website viz. www.sundarammutual.com/Ter and in case of any proposed changes via notice at least three working days prior to the effective date of change will be sent to investor and available under the link: https://www.sundarammutual.com/Ter.

The maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (4) and (6) (c) that can be charged to the scheme as a percentage of daily net assets shall be as follows:

 First Rs 500 crore:
 2.25%

 Next Rs 250 crore:
 2.00%

 Next Rs 1,250 crore:
 1.75%

 Next Rs 3,000 crore:
 1.60%

 Next Rs 5,000 crore:
 1.50%

 Next Rs 40,000 crore:
 Total ex

Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of ₹ 5,000 crores or part thereof. 1.05%

On balance of assets:

In addition to the above, following expenses can be charged to the Scheme:

- a) Up to 5 basis points (bps) under Regulation 52(6A)(c),
- b) Up to 30 bps for gross new inflows from retail investors from B30 cities, and
- c) Goods and Services Tax (GST) on investment management and advisory fees.

Commission expenses will not be charged in Direct Plan and no commission shall be paid from Direct Plan.

As per Regulation 52(6A)(b), an additional expense upto 0.30% (30 basis points) on the daily net assets shall be charged to the scheme if new inflows into the scheme from beyond top 30 cities as specified by SEBI, from time to time, are at least:

- i) 30% of the gross new inflows in the scheme (or)
- ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

In case the inflows from such cities is less than the higher of (i) or (ii) above, expenses shall be charged to the scheme on a proportionate basis as prescribed in the SEBI circular dated September 13, 2012.

The amount so charged shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. However, the amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the Scheme(s) in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities. Inflows of amount upto ₹2 lakhs per transaction by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor".

Top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography -Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

Note: The above percentage is based on the prevailing expenses ratio. Any change in the above mentioned distribution expenses/ commission will be replaced while filing the final SID.

SEBI vide Circular dated October 22, 2018 made the following changes with regard to Total Expense Ratio and the substance of the circular is as under:

#### I. Transparency in TER

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to

#### SECTION - I - Part III - Other Details

distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route. All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan.

No pass back, either directly or indirectly, shall be given by MFs/ AMCs/ Distributors to the investors.

Training sessions and programmes conducted for distributors should continue and should not be misused for providing any reward or non-cash incentive to the distributors.

#### II. Additional TER of 30 bps for penetration in B-30 cities

Additional TER can be charged based on inflows only from retail investors from B30 cities. Inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor. The additional commission for B 30 cities shall be paid as trail only.

The Investment Manager will comply with the above circular.

#### Value of ₹10000 on 12% annual returns in 1 year, considering 1% Expense Ratio

Amount Invested	10,000.00
NAV at the time of investment	10
No. of units	1,000.00
Assume gross appreciation of	12%
Gross NAV	11.2
Expenses (assuming 1% expense Ratio on	
average of opening & closing NAV)	0.11
Actual NAV at the end of 1 year post expenses	
(assuming expense Ratio as above)	11.09
Value of Investment at the end of 1 year	
(Before expenses)	11,200.00
Percentage Return	12%
Value of Investment at the end of 1 year	
(after expenses)	11,088.00
Percentage Return	10.88%

Note: Please note that the above is an approximate illustration of the impact of expense ratio on the returns, where the Gross NAV has been simply reduced to the extent of the expenses. In reality, the actual impact would vary depending on the path of returns over the period of consideration. Expenses will be charged on daily net assets.

2. Brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for execution of trades and included in the cost of investment shall be charged to the Scheme(s) in addition to the total expense limits prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations. These expenses shall not exceed 0.12% of the value of trades in case of cash market transactions and 0.05% of the value of trades in case of derivatives transactions. Payment towards brokerage and transaction cost in excess of 0.12% and 0.05% for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively shall be charged to the scheme within the maximum limits prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Any expenditure (including brokerage and transaction cost, if any) in excess of the prescribed maximum limit shall be borne by the Investment Manager or by the Trustee

or Sponsor.

- 3. The Investment Manager shall set apart at least 0.02% (2 basis points) on the daily net assets of the scheme(s) within the maximum limit of total expense ratio prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations for initiatives towards investor education and awareness taken by Sundaram Mutual fund.
- 4. GST:
  - Pursuant to SEBI circular no CIR/IMD/DF/24/2012 dated November 19, 2012, GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the expenses limit prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.
  - GST on investment management and advisory fee shall be charged to the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of total expense ratio as prescribed in Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.
  - GST for services other than investment management and advisory shall be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of total expense ratio as prescribed in Regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

Any circular/clarification issued by SEBI / AMFI in regard to expenses chargeable to the Scheme/Plan(s) will automatically become applicable and will be incorporated in the SID/SAI/KIM accordingly.

#### **D. Load Structure**

#### Entry Load: Nil.

However the upfront commission to distributor (ARN holder) will be paid by the investor directly to the distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor. The distributor (ARN holder) will disclose all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode) payable to them for the different competing Scheme of various mutual funds from amongst which the Scheme is being recommended to the investor.

*Exit Load:* Nil - If up to 25% of the units invested are redeemed or withdrawn by way of SWP within 365 days from the date of allotment.

Any redemptions or withdrawals by way of SWP in excess of the above mentioned limit would be subject to an exit load of 1 % of the applicable NAV will be charged, if the units are redeemed within 365 days from the date of allotment of units

For redemption or withdrawal by way of SWP after 365 days from the date of allotment - Nil.

Further, exit load will be waived on Intra-scheme and Inter scheme Switchouts/STP.

Generally, the exit load will be calculated on First in First out (FIFO) basis.

In accordance with SEBI Regulation, of the exit load / contingent deferred sales charge that is charged to the investor, a maximum of 1% of the redemption proceeds shall be maintained in a separate account to pay commissions to the distributor and for meeting other marketing and selling expenses. Any amount in excess of 1% of the redemption value charged to the unit holder as exit load / contingent deferred sales charge shall be credited to the respective Scheme immediately.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13,

Applicability

SECTION - I - Part III - Other Details

(a) Units issued on reinvestment of IDCW shall not be subject to exit load.

2012 read with notification No. LAD-NRO/GN/2012-13/17/21502

dated September 26, 2012 GST on exit load, if any, shall be paid

out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of GST, if any, shall be

credited to the scheme with effect from October 01, 2012. Investors

are requested to note that exit load is inclusive of GST at applicable

rates as prescribed by Ministry of Finance from time to time.

- (b) Prescribed exit load will be applicable for every instalment under Systematic Withdrawal Plan. The period indicated for exit load shall be reckoned from the date of allotment.
- (c) Switch of existing investments from Regular Plan to Direct Plan where the transaction has been received without broker code in the Regular Plan shall not be subject to exit load.

However, any subsequent redemption of such investment shall be subject to exit load based on the original date of investment in the Regular Plan and not from the date of switch into Direct Plan. (effective from April 01, 2013)

(d) Investors wishing to transfer their accumulated unit balance held under discontinued plans and Regular Plan (through lumpsum / systematic investments made with Distributor code) to Direct Plan can switch their investments (subject to applicable Exit Load, if any) to Direct Plan. However, any subsequent switchout or redemption of such investment shall not be subject to exit load. (effective from April 01, 2013)

Investors wishing to transfer their accumulated unit balance held under discontinued plans and Regular Plan (through lumpsum / systematic investments made without Distributor code) to Direct Plan can switch their investments, without Exit Load, to Direct Plan. However, any subsequent switch / redemption of such investment shall be subject to exit load based on the original date of investment in the Regular Plan / Discontinued Plans and not from the date of switch into Direct Plan. (effective from April 01, 2013)

(e) No Entry Load will be charged with respect to applications for purchase/additional purchase/switch-in and applications for registration of SIP/STP, accepted by the Mutual Fund.

The Board of Trustee reserves the right to prescribe or modify the exit load structure with prospective effect, subject to a maximum as prescribed under SEBI Regulation.

Details of the modifications will be communicated in the following manner:

- Addendum detailing the changes will be attached or incorporated to the SID and Key Information Memorandum. The addendum will become an integral part of this Scheme information document.
- The change in exit load structure will be notified by a suitable display at the Corporate Office of the Sundaram Asset Management and at the Investor Service Centres of the registrar.
- A public notice shall be given in one English daily newspaper having nation-wide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.

The introduction/modification of exit load will be stamped on the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of an application form and will also be disclosed in the account statement issued after the introduction of such exit load.

Investors are requested to ascertain the applicable exit load structure prior to investing.

# SECTION - II

#### I. Introduction

#### A. Definitions/interpretation

In this document, the following words and expressions shall have the meaning specified herein, unless the context otherwise requires:

**Benchmark:** The index for evaluating the performance of the Scheme.

#### **Business Day**

A day other than

- A Saturday;
- A Sunday;
- A day on which there is no RBI clearing/settlement of securities;
- A day on which the Reserve Bank of India and/or banks in Mumbai are closed for business/clearing;
- A day on which the Stock Exchange, Mumbai or National Stock Exchange of India or RBI and/or banks are closed;
- A day which is a public and/or bank holiday at an investor centre where the application is received;
- A day on which sale/redemption/switch of units is suspended by the Investment Manager / Trustee;
- A day which falls within a book closure period announced by the Trustee / Investment Manager and
- A day on which normal business cannot be transacted due to storms, floods, bandh, strikes or such other events as the Investment Manager may specify from time to time.

The Investment Manager reserves the right to declare any day as a business day or otherwise at any or all branches / Investor Service Centres.

*Custodian:* A person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian of securities under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian of Securities) Regulation, 1996 and includes any entity appointed to act as custodian in respect of foreign securities (including approved banks).

*First Time Mutual Fund Investor:* An investor who invests for the first time ever in any mutual fund either by way of purchase/subscription or Systematic Investment Plan.

*Investment Management Agreement:* Investment Management Agreement dated August 24, 1996, executed between the Trustee and the Investment Manager as amended from time to time.

**Investment Manager:** Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India to act as the Investment Manager for the Schemes of Sundaram Mutual Fund. AMC is also called as Investment Manager alternatively.

Investor Service Centres or Official Points of acceptance of transactions: Designated branches of Sundaram Asset Management Limited or such other centres/offices as may be designated by the Investment Manager or its registrars from time to time.

*Mutual Fund or the Fund:* Sundaram Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trust Act, and registered with SEBI vide Registration No.MF/034/97/2.

**NAV:** The Net Asset Value per unit of the Scheme, calculated in the manner provided in the Scheme Information Document, as may be prescribed by Regulation from time to time.

**Regulations:** SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulation 1996 as amended from time to time.

*Trustee:* Sundaram Trustee Company Limited, as incorporated under the Provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, and approved by SEBI to act as Trustee to the Schemes of Sundaram Mutual Fund.

*Trust Deed:* The Trust Deed dated 24th August 1996 (as amended from time to time) establishing the Mutual Fund.

*Unit Holder:* The term unit holder and investor has been used interchangeably in this document.

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#### Abbreviation

FPI

FRA

HUF

**IDCW** 

IMA

IRS

KIM

KYC

MFU

NAV

NRI

NSF

PAN

PIO

PMLA

POS

RBI

SAI

SEBI

NEFT

SFS

SI

SID

SIP

STP

SWP

SEBI Act

RTGS

In this document, an investor may find the following abbreviations. AMC Asset Management Company AMFI Association of Mutual Funds in India AML Anti-Money Laundering Assets Under Management AUM BSE Bombay Stock Exchange Limited CCC Customer Care Centre CDSC Contingent Deferred Sales Charge ECS **Electronic Clearing System** EFT Electronic Funds Transfer Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act FATCA

Foreign Portfolio Investor

Forward Rate Agreement

Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002

Investment Management Agreement

Key Information Memorandum

Permanent Account Number

Hindu Undivided Family

Interest Rate Swap

Know Your Customer

Mutual Fund Utility

Non-Resident Indian

Person of Indian Origin

Reserve Bank of India

Standing Instructions

Real Time Gross Settlement

Statement of Additional Information

National Electronic Funds Transfer

Sundaram Fund Services Limited

Scheme Information Document

Systematic Investment Plan

Systematic Withdrawal Plan

Systematic Transfer Plan

Securities and Exchange Board of India

Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992

Points of Service

Net Asset Value

#### Interpretation

The words and expressions used in this document and not defined shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them therein under the SEBI Act or the SEBI Regulation.

For the purpose of this document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- the terms defined in this Scheme Information Document include the singular as well as the plural;
- pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to be all inclusive;
- all references to 'dollars' or '\$' refers to the United States dollars; .
- Rs refers to Indian Rupee;
- A crore means ten million or 100 lakh;
- A lakh means a hundred thousand;
  - References to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST) and

References to a day are to a calendar day including non-Business Day.

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#### **B. Risk factors**

#### **Standard Risk Factors:**

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/Investment Manager/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- The names of each Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs 1 lakh made towards setting up the Fund.
- The Scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return Scheme.

#### Scheme-Specific Risks

- Volatility Mid cap stocks are characterised by high volatility as these stocks are more susceptible to economic recession, poor corporate governance, unstable financial and operational performance etc
- Low Liquidity midcap stocks generally have low trading volumes and during times of crisis trading volumes can dry up even further inhibiting the ability of the Fund manager to exit the stock
- Equity Price risk: Stock prices may rise or decline based on a number of factors. Prices change due to events that impact entire financial markets or industries
- Risk associated with Securities Lending: risks associated with Securities Lending may include counter party risk, liquidity risk and other market risks
- Derivative Risk including inteest rate risk, counter party risk, market risk etc.
- Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA) which involves Liquidity Risk & Credit Risk and etc.

#### **General Risk Factors**

- Mutual Funds and securities investments are subject to market risks and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of the Scheme will be achieved.
- The main types of risks to which the Scheme is exposed are risk of capital loss, market risk, currency risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, counter party default risk, to name a few.°
- As with any investment in securities, the NAV of the Units issued under the Scheme can go up or down depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- The NAV may be affected by factors such as market conditions, level of interest rates, market-related factors, trading volumes, settlement periods, transfer procedures, price/interest rate risk, credit risk, government policy, volatility and liquidity in markets, exchange rate, geo-political development, to name a few.
- Trading volumes in the securities in which the Scheme invest may inherently restricts the liquidity of the Scheme's investments.
- Change in Government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds may impact the returns to Investors in the Scheme.
- The tax benefits available under the Scheme is as available under the present taxation laws and subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included for general purposes only and is based on advice that the Investment Manager has received regarding the law and the practice that is now in force in India.
- Unit holders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules and their interpretation might change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual

nature of tax consequences, each Investor/Unit holder is advised to consult his/her own professional tax advisor.

- Investors/unit holders are also urged to read the detailed clause(s) titled 'Special considerations'.
- FATCA imposes tax withholding upto 30% on any payments (including redemption and IDCW proceeds) made by the Fund/AMC to a US Person classified as recalcitrant account holder in respect of whom the applicable documentation and reporting requirements are not met.

This is only an illustrative list and not an exhaustive list factors that could affect the NAV of the Scheme. They should read the risk factors presented in this document though the list is no way exhaustive. Potential investors should rely solely on the information contained in this Scheme Information Document and are advised to consult their investment advisors before taking investment decisions.

#### Liquidity Risk

#### For Equity Asset Class, and Equity & Equity Oriented schemes:

Sundaram Asset Management Company (SAMC) evaluates both stock level and portfolio level liquidity of the equity schemes and the concentration of investors and Distributors in the AUM of each Equity scheme. The portfolio level liquidity of each scheme is estimated every month for very short time horizons as a % of AUM assuming 20% participation in the combined daily average market volume (across all exchanges) for the last three months and the trend of excessive liquidity over the Top Investors and Top Distributors concentration is evaluated. The monthly trend of estimated portfolio liquidity of the scheme, contribution by Top Investors and Top Distributors to the scheme AUM is analysed regularly by the Investment Manager to make relevant changes in the portfolio to maintain adequate portfolio liquidity.

At each investee company's stock level, number of days to liquidate (DTL) a stock position held across by all the schemes of SAMC based on the volume assumptions as mentioned above is measured and monitored every month for increase or decrease in the liquidity levels of the stock position. Exposure to stocks with more than high levels of DTL at the fund house level is monitored every month along with scheme level exposure for such stocks. Cumulative exposure across all schemes to overall free float levels of each stock and significant changes in the free float level of each stock is monitored on a monthly basis.

The trends of the trading volume at the stock level are monitored and significant changes in the trading volume at stock level is discussed during the monthly risk review meetings. The impact cost levels of the Stocks are monitored every month and exposure to the top stocks in terms of impact cost is closely monitored. In addition to this, the bulk / block trades are regularly monitored. The monthly trend of the Liquidity Risk Score for each scheme under the Risk-o-Meter framework is monitored.

#### For Debt Asset Class, Debt and Debt Oriented Schemes:

Liquidity Risk evaluation Framework for Debt and Debt Orientation Schemes of SAMC is based on the following principles –

- Regular estimation of the scheme portfolio assets by assigning liquidity grades / scores to each category of securities by factoring in the credit rating, maturity levels, sector, issuer type, structure etc.,
- Regular estimation of potential liabilities at the investor level and at the distributor level based on the concentration levels and fund category level redemption probabilities.
- Use of liquidity ratios/tools for monitoring liquidity
- System-based preparation of cash flows with adequate maker/ check controls
- Linkage with stress testing policy, stress events and early warning signals

#### Liquidity Risk Management (LRM) framework:

A Liquidity Risk Management (LRM) framework was introduced by AMFI during July 2021 (as per AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.93 / 2021-22) in accordance with the SEBI circular issued during Nov 2020 and Jun 2021. The fund-category wise redemption probability data provided by AMFI which is used for arriving at the Redemption-at-Risk (RaR) and Conditional Redemption-at-Risk (CRaR) requirements, covers all possible outflow (liquidity requirement) scenarios including stress scenarios. Further the factors used for arriving at the potential liquidity requirements for

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each category of fund is derived from industry data based on last 11-year period.

The redemption probability data for RaR & CRaR would be updated annually thereby fulfilling the criteria of both near terms as well as longer term (through the cycle) liquidity events. The LRM framework thus effectively addressees Liquidity Risk evaluation and adequate buffers for managing such requirements through the RaR and CRaR requirements on the asset side for a period of 0-30 days.

The LRM approach focuses on management of mismatch in putative liabilities (arising in short term period of up to 30 days) vis-à-vis the liquid and eligible assets of each scheme, and include the below liquidity ratios –

- Liquidity ratio based on 30-day Redemption at Risk (LR-RaR) requirements
- Liquidity ratio based on Conditional Redemption at Risk (LR-CRaR)) requirements

The LRM framework also highlights additional factors contributing to the Liquidity Risk like Investor Concentration and Distributor concentration, for which additional mark-up in the Liquidity Ratio would be applied if the concentration levels are beyond certain maximum thresholds.

Back testing of the RaR and CRaR is done for each scheme every month by comparing RaR and CRaR fixed at the start of the month with the actual redemptions that have occurred during the month to evaluate the need for further mark-up in the RaR and CRaR levels. Comparison of LR-CRaR with the proportion of the fund AUM beyond the exit load period and proportion of the fund AUM beyond the long-term capital gain window (3 year holding period) is also be done to evaluate the adequacy of the LR-CRaR.

#### Asse-Liability Management (ALM):

With up to 30-day Liquidity Risk Management Covered under the LRM Framework, the ALM framework is intended to address a slightly longer-term asset Liability matching up to a period of 90 days.

The redemption probability data input on the liability side and the value realization assumptions on the asset side for these calculations has been provided by AMFI and is based on similar methodology used for the LRM Framework, i.e., 11 years industry level fund category wise redemption data ending October 2020. In line with the LRM framework, this data will also by revised by AMFI once a year.

The ALM framework calculates potential liquidity requirements (net AUM change) over a 90-day period with a confidence interval of 95% for the four liability buckets mentioned in the LRM circular i.e., ₹ 0-1 Cr, ₹1 to 5 Cr, ₹ 5 to 100 Cr and more than ₹100 Cr. Against this data, the asset side is expected to be evaluated by applying haircuts in line with Risk-o-Meter scores in an accelerated (non – linear) manner.

The adequacy on the asset side vs the liability side is measured monthly (like under the LRM framework). Any negative gaps in this ALM framework would trigger asset realignment in the fund portfolio or any other appropriate efforts at the sales side in terms of moderating the investor concentration.

#### Stress Testing Framework:

Liquidity Risk is also evaluated under the Stress Testing Framework by assuming certain liquidity stress impact scenarios for various rating categories, maturity buckets and issuer types of securities.

SAMC regularly evaluates the intraday liquidity requirements and ensure that there are sufficient liquid assets, back up facilities in terms of intra-day bank limits, short term borrowing limits etc., for meeting the liquidity requirements considering seasonal / event based factors.

As a part of the Liquidity Risk evaluation framework for debt asset class/schemes, SAMC regularly evaluate the trend of the top investor and top distributor concentration and the trend of the liquidity risk score under the Risk-o-Meter Framework.

#### **Risk of Capital Loss**

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme is exposed to market fluctuations, and its value can go up as well as down. Investors may lose their entire principal.

#### **Risk Factors - Equity Markets**

• Stock Market Volatility: Stock markets are volatile in nature and can decline significantly in response to adverse political,

regulatory, market, global, economic or other developments etc., The value of the Scheme's portfolio can be adversely affected due to this volatility.

- Equity Price Risk: Stock prices may rise or decline based on a number of factors. These could be a combination of company-specific and system-specific factors. Prices change due to events that impact entire financial markets or industries (for example, changes in inflation, consumer demand, supply situation and GDP growth). Company[1]specific factors may include the likes of success or failure of a new product, mergers, takeovers, earnings announcement, financial performance, and changes in management, to name a few. Securities owned by the Scheme may be adversely affected by these company specific developments.
- Dependency Risk: The Scheme may invest in stocks and mutual funds and exchange-traded funds linked to stocks. Equity confers a proportionate share of the ownership of a company. Its value will depend on the success of the company's business, income paid to stockholders by way of IDCW, the value of the company's assets, quality of its corporate governance practice, its attractiveness relative to peers and general market conditions. The fund may also invest in convertible securities and warrants. Convertible securities generally are fixed-income securities or preference shares that may be converted into common stock after a prescribed period.
- Temporary Investment Risk: If the fund manager is of the view that market or economic conditions may become unfavourable for investors in equities, he may invest a higher proportion of the fund's assets in high quality short[1]term and medium-term fixed income instruments as well as near-cash equivalents. This may be a defensive and temporary strategy. The fund manager may also adopt such a strategy while zeroing in on appropriate investment opportunities or to maintain liquidity. At times, such investments may lead to lower returns. In these circumstances, the Scheme may be unable to achieve its investment goal.
- Non-diversification Risk: The Scheme may pursue only a limited degree of diversification. It may invest a greater proportion of assets in the securities of one issuer (within the limit permitted by regulation) as compared to a diversified fund. This could have implications for the performance of the Scheme. The Scheme may be more sensitive to economic, business, political or other changes and this may lead to sizeable fluctuation in the net Asset Value of the Scheme. OK
- Asset-Class Risk: Stocks have historically outpaced other asset classes such as gold, fixed deposits and bonds, to name a few, over the long-term in India. Individual stocks prices may, however, tend to rise and decline in a dramatic manner. Such price movement may be due to company [1] specific aspects or factors such as inflation, interest rates and growth rates that affect the securities market in entirety. A slowdown in growth or a partial or full-blown recession may have a negative impact on prices of most stocks owned by the Scheme.

#### **Risk Factors - Debt Markets**

 Interest Rate Risk: Changes in the prevailing rates of interest may affect the value of the Scheme's holdings and consequently the value of the Scheme's Units. Increased rates of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and /or a growing economy, may have a negative effect on the value of the Units. The value of debt securities held by the Scheme generally will vary inversely with the changes in prevailing interest rates.

While it is the intent of the fund manager to invest primarily in high rated debt securities, the Scheme may from time to time invest in higher yielding, low rated securities. As a result, an investment in the Scheme may be accompanied by a higher degree of risk relative to an investment consisting exclusively of high rated, lower yielding securities.

• Credit Risk: Credit Risk refers to the risk of failure of interest (coupon) payment and /or principal repayment. All debt instruments carry this risk. Government securities carry sovereign credit risk. The assets of the Scheme may be partly invested in fixed income securities issued by a corporate entity, bank, financial institution and/or a public sector undertaking owned by the Government of India or by a government in any state. The credit risk associated with the aforementioned issuers of debt is higher than that of government securities.

- Price Risk: As long as the Scheme remains invested, its Net Asset Value (NAV) would be exposed to market fluctuations, and its value can go up as well as down. The portfolio of fixed-income securities that the Scheme invests in would be exposed to price changes on a day-to-day basis.
- These price changes may occur due to instrument-specific factors as well as general macroeconomic conditions. In general, price of fixed-income securities go up when interest rates fall, and vice versa.
- Market Risk: The Scheme may also be subject to price volatility due to such factors as interest sensitivity, market perception or the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity.
- Liquidity Risk: A lower level of liquidity affecting an individual security (ies) or an entire market may have an adverse bearing on the value of the Scheme's assets. This may more importantly affect its ability to sell particular securities with minimal impact cost as and when necessary to meet requirement of liquidity or to sell stocks in response to triggers such as a specific economic/ corporate event. Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of a few of the investments.
- Risk relating to investment pattern: Different types of securities in which the Scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the Scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate debt carry credit risk unlike Government securities. Further even among corporate debt, AAA rated debt is comparatively less risky (in credit risk terms) than those rated lower (say AA or A).
- Risks relating to duration: Fixed Income securities of any issuer that has higher duration could be more risky in terms of price movements relative to those with lower duration. Thus any impact of interest rate changes would be higher on securities with higher duration irrespective of the status of the issuer of the security.
- Limited Liquidity & Price Risk: Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.
- Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk: Securitised transactions are normally backed by a pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an Obligor to repay his obligation, the servicer may repossess and sell the underlying Asset. However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.
- Risks due to possible prepayments: Weighted Tenor / Yield: Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances;
  - Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
  - Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
  - The servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same.

In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to

changes in tenor and yield.

- Bankruptcy of the Originator or Seller: If originator becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the sale from originator to Trust was not a sale then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due. All possible care is generally taken in structuring the transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to Trust not being construed as a "True Sale". Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the assignment of Receivables to Trust in trust for and for the benefit of the Investors, as envisaged herein, would constitute a true sale.
- Credit Rating of the Transaction / Certificate: The credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Certificate in as much as the ratings do not comment on the market price of the Certificate or its suitability to a particular investor. There is no assurance by the rating agency either that the rating will remain at the same level for any given period of time or that the rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency.
- Risk of Co-mingling: The AMC may deposit subscriptions into a General Collection account from where it will be transferred into the specific Scheme account later. In the interim , there is a risk of co-mingling of funds.

#### **Risk Factors - Overseas Investments**

As the Scheme will invest in global markets; investors will be exposed to several risk factors that are not relevant for the Scheme that invests in Indian securities. A few types of risks are:

- Foreign Exposure and Currency Risk: The Scheme may invest in overseas securities that are issued and traded in foreign currencies. As a result, their values may be affected by changes in exchange rates between foreign currencies and the Indian Rupee as well as between currencies of countries other than India. Restrictions on currency trading that may be imposed will have an adverse effect on the value of the securities of companies that trade or operate in such countries.
- Country Risk: This refers to inability of a country to meet its financial obligations for economical, political or geo-political reasons. The degree of this risk may vary from country to country.
- Event Risk: Diplomatic and political developments, including rapid and adverse political changes, social instability, regional conflicts, terrorism and war, could affect the economies, industries and securities and currency markets, and the value of the Scheme's investments. These factors are extremely difficult, if not impossible, to predict and take into account with respect to the Scheme's investments.
- Restrictions imposed overseas: Changes in local regulation can affect the local financial markets and restrictions on investment by overseas investors be imposed; introduction of exchange controls and immobilisation of foreigner financial assets can occur In contrast, an improvement in country risk rating may take a substantially longer period.
- Emerging Markets Risk: Emerging market countries include those currently considered to be developing by the World Bank, the International Finance Corporation, the United Nations, the countries' authorities or countries that are treated as emerging markets by index service providers at the global level. These countries typically are located in the Asia-Pacific region, Eastern Europe, Central and South America and Africa. Emerging markets are comparatively smaller than developed markets. They are characterised by high degree of marketprice and currency volatility and declines of more than 50% are not unusual. Markets that are generally considered to be liquid may become illiquid for short or extended periods.
- Regulation-Change Risk: If the Government of India, RBI and/ or SEBI decide to alter the regulatory framework for investment in overseas financial assets by mutual funds, it may have an impact on the Scheme's ability to adhere to the investment objective. If and when such an eventuality materialises, the Trustee reserves the right to alter the investment objective of the Scheme or wind up the Scheme.

#### **Risk Factors - ADR/GDR**

- Currency risk in case the rupee appreciates against the currency in which the security is issued.
- In the case of GDRs, liquidity may be poor and dependent on

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the market-makers.

In case of ADRs, liquidity may be more than in the case of GDRs and lower than in the underlying stock listed in India (NSE and/or BSE), as ADRs are usually listed either on the NYSE or Nasdag.

ADRs/GDRs cannot be held in the name of the Mutual Fund; they have to be held in the name of a custodian (usually domiciled outside India).

#### **Risk Factors - Derivatives**

- Counter Party Risk: This is the risk of default of obligations by the counter party.
- Market risk: Derivatives carry the risk of adverse changes in the market price.
- Illiquidity risk: The risk that a derivative cannot be sold or purchased quickly enough at a fair price, due to lack of liquidity in the market.
- Basis Risk: the risk that the movements in swap rates does not actually reflect the expected movement in benchmark rates, thus, creating a mismatch with what was intended.

The guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time for forward rate agreements, interest rate swaps, futures and other derivative products would be adhered to.

The Scheme may also use various derivative and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI/RBI, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio.

As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives that investors should understand.

Derivative products are specialised instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is the possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices. Thus, derivatives are highly leveraged instruments. Even a small price movement in the underlying instrument could have a large impact on their value. Also, the market for derivative instruments is nascent in India.

The Scheme may use techniques such as interest rate swaps, options on interest rates, futures, warrants, forward rate agreement and other derivative instruments that are / may be permitted under SEBI/RBI Regulation. These techniques and instruments, if imperfectly used, have the risk of the Scheme incurring losses due to mismatches, particularly in a volatile market. The Scheme ability to use these techniques may be limited by market conditions, regulatory limits and tax considerations (if any).

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of the fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

**Risk associated with Securities Lending:** Risks associated with Securities Lending may include counter party risk, liquidity risk and other market risks.

#### Risk Factors Associated with Investments in REITs and InvITS:

 Interest-Rate Risk: REITS/InvIts carry interest-rate risk, as investors may compare the yield on the REITs/InvIT to prevailing interest rates and the price of the REIT/InvIT may move in line with changing interest rates. Though it should be remembered that REIT/INVIT are not debt instruments and their price/value depends to a large extent on the underlying assets. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase.

- Risk of lower than expected distributions: The distributions by the REIT or InvIT will be based on the net cash flows available for distribution. The amount of cash available for distribution principally depends upon the amount of cash that the REIT/INVIT receives as dividends or the interest and principal payments from portfolio assets. The cash flows generated by portfolio assets from operations may fluctuate based on, among other things:
  - success and economic viability of underlying projects for e.g. real estate in the case of REITS and power projects in case of an INVIT whose undelying porject is generation of power
  - economic cycles and risks inherent in the business which may negatively impact valuations, returns and profitability of portfolio assets
  - debt service requirements and other liabilities of the portfolio assets and fluctuations in the working capital needs
- ability of portfolio assets to borrow funds and access capital markets
- amount and timing of capital expenditures on portfolio assets

**Liquidity Risk:** This refers to the ease with which REIT/InvIT units can be sold. There is no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. Hence there would be time when trading in the units could be infrequent. The subsequent valuation of illiquid units may reflect a discount from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.

**Price-Risk:** The valuation of the REIT/InvIT units may fluctuate based on economic conditions, fluctuations in markets (eg. real estate) in which the REIT/InvIT operates. As an indirect shareholder of portfolio assets, unit holders rights are subordinated to the rights of creditors, debt holders and other parties specified under Indian law in the event of insolvency or liquidation of any of the portfolio assets.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITs. There can be no assurance that a Scheme's investment objectives will be achieved, or that there will be no loss of capital. Investment results may vary substantially on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis.

#### **Risk Factors - Repo in Corporate Bond**

Participation of scheme of Sundaram Mutual Fund in repo of corporate debt securities. Presently, the Scheme invests in repo on Government Securities, Treasury Bills and other money market instruments. It is also proposed to invest in the repo of corporate debt securities.

In accordance with SEBI circular no. CIR / IMD / DF / 19 / 2011 dated November 11, 2011 and CIR/IMD/DF/23/2012 dated November 15, 2012; scheme of Sundaram Mutual Fund (SMF) shall participate in the corporate bond repo transactions w.e.f. June 21, 2013 as per the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time.

Currently the applicable guidelines are as under:

- The gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- Mutual Funds shall participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- In terms of Regulation 44 (2) mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months.

The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the corporate bond repos will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of Sundaram Trustee Company Limited (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

The following guidelines shall be followed by Sundaram Mutual Fund for participating in repo in corporate debt securities, which have been approved by the Board of AMC and Trustee Company.

(i) Category of counterparty to be considered for making investment: All entities eligible for transacting in corporate bond repos as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo transactions.

(ii) Credit rating of counterparty to be considered for making investment

The schemes shall participate in corporate bond repo transactions with counterparties having a minimum investment grade rating and is approved by the Investment Committee/ Credit Committee on a case-to-case basis. In case there is no rating available, the Investment Committee/Credit Committee will decide the rating of the counterparty, and report the same to the Board from time to time.

(iii) Tenor of Repo and collateral as a repo seller, the scheme will borrow cash for a period not exceeding 6 months or as per extant regulations.

As a repo buyer, the Scheme is allowed to undertake the transactions for maximum maturity upto one year or such other terms as may be approved by the Investment Committee.

There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of collateral.

(iv) Applicable haircuts As per RBI circular RBI/2012-13/365 IDMD. PCD. 09/14.03.02/2012-13 dated 07/01/2013, all corporate bond repo transaction will be subject to a minimum haircut given as given below:

(1) AAA : 07.50%

(2) AA+ : 08.50%

(3) AA : 10.00%

The haircut will be applicable on the prevailing market value of the said security on the prevailing on the date of trade.

However, the fund manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the market prevailing liquidity situation.

#### C. Risk mitigation strategies

#### Risk envisaged and mitigation measures for repo transactions:

Credit risks could arise if the counterparty does not return the security as contracted on due date. This risk is largely mitigated, as the choice of counterparties is largely restricted and their credit rating is taken into account before entering into such transactions. Also operational risks are lower as such trades are settled on a DVP basis.

In the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the counterparty as contracted, the counter party may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds may be refunded to us. Thus the scheme may suffer losses. This risk is normally mitigated.

In addition to the above, the Investment Committee/Credit Committeeor of the AMC shall prescribe limits, restrictions and conditions for the enhancement proposed. The Investment Committee / Credit Committee will also periodically review the limits, restrictions and conditions at its meeting.

#### Minimum Number of Investors & Single-Investor Limit

As per SEBI Regulations, the Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme in each calender quarter on an average basis. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulation would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

#### **Risk Factors - Segregated Portfolio**

Liquidity Risk: Securities classified under the segregated portfolio will typcially be those securities that are thinly traded or not traded

at all. hence these securities will have significant liquidity risk and investors may not be able to redeem their invstments.

**Credit Risk:** Securities classified under the segregated portfolio will typcially be securities which are undergoing stress with regard to their ability to make pricnipal and interest payments. Hence these securities will have significant credit risk and investors may not be able to redeem / realize their invstments. It is also highly likely that these securities will undergo bankruptcy / liquidation processess which further increases the risk of the amount and the time taken for the investor to realize his investment.

#### **Special Considerations**

Prospective investors should review / study this Scheme Information Document carefully and in its entirety and shall not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial/ investment matters and are advised to consult their own professional advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the subscription, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalisation, capital gains, any distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalisation, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of units within their jurisdiction / of nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any jurisdiction to which they or any managed Scheme to be used to purchase/gift units are subject, and (also) to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing / gifting to, purchasing or holding units before making an application for units.

Neither this Scheme Information Document nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction outside India. The distribution of this Scheme Information Document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this Scheme Information Document in certain jurisdictions are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. No person receiving a copy of this Scheme Information Document or any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat this Scheme Information Document or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Neither the delivery of this Scheme Information Document nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that the information contained herein is correct.

#### Creation of segregated portfolio in case of credit event

SEBI vide circular number SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/160 and dated 28th December 2018 prescribed the procedure for segregation of portfolio in mutual fund schemes. Following is the extract from the circular:

- 1. Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:
  - a. Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or
  - b. Subsequent downgrades, or
  - c. Similar such downgrades of a loan rating.
- 2. In case of difference in rating by multiple CRAs, the most conservative rating shall be considered. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events and implemented at the ISIN level.
- 3. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the discretion of the AMC. It should be created only if the SID of the scheme has provisions for segregated portfolio with adequate disclosures.
- 4. AMCs shall have a detailed written down policy on creation of segregated portfolio and the same shall be approved by the trustees.
- 5. Process for creation of segregated portfolio
  - a. AMC shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of credit event. Once an AMC decides to segregate portfolio, it shall

- i. seek approval of trustees prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.
- iii. immediately issue a press release disclosing its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact on the investors.
- iii. ensure that till the time the trustee approval is received, which in no case shall exceed 1 business day from the day of credit event, the subscription and redemption in the scheme shall be suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.
- b. Once trustee approval is received by the AMC,
  - i. Segregated portfolio shall be effective from the day of credit event
  - ii. AMC shall issue a press release immediately with all relevant information pertaining to the segregated portfolio. The said information shall also be submitted to SEBI.
  - iii. An e-mail or SMS should be sent to all unit holders of the concerned scheme.
  - iv. The NAV of both segregated and main portfolio shall be disclosed from the day of the credit event.
  - v. All existing investors in the scheme as on the day of the credit event shall be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio.
  - vi. No redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange within 10 working days of creation of segregated portfolio and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests.
- c. If the trustees do not approve the proposal to segregate portfolio, AMC shall issue a press release immediately informing investors of the same.
- 6. Valuation and processing of subscriptions and redemptions
  - a. the valuation should take into account the credit event and the portfolio shall be valued based on the principles of fair valuation (i.e. realizable value of the assets).
  - b. All subscription and redemption requests for which NAV of the day of credit event or subsequent day is applicable will be processed as per the existing circular on applicability of NAV as under:
    - i. Upon trustees' approval to create a segregated portfolio
    - Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the units of segregated portfolio.
    - Investors subscribing to the scheme will be allotted units only in the main portfolio based on its NAV.
    - ii. In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio (scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event).
- 7. Disclosure Requirements
  - a. A statement of holding indicating the units held by the investors in the segregated portfolio along with the NAV of both segregated portfolio and main portfolio as on the day of the credit event shall be communicated to the investors within 5 working days of creation of the segregated portfolio.
  - b. Adequate disclosure of the segregated portfolio shall appear in all scheme related documents.
  - c. The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio shall be declared on every business day.
  - d. The information regarding number of segregated portfolios created in a scheme shall appear prominently under the name of the scheme at all relevant places such as SID, KIM-cum-Application Form, advertisement, AMC and AMFI websites, etc.
  - e. The scheme performance required to be disclosed at various places shall include the impact of creation of segregated portfolio. The scheme performance should clearly reflect the

fall in NAV to the extent of the portfolio segregated due to the credit event and the said fall in NAV along with recovery(ies), if any, shall be disclosed as a footnote to the scheme performance.

- f. The disclosures at paragraph (d) and (e) above regarding the segregated portfolio shall be carried out for a period of at least 3 years after the investments in segregated portfolio are fully recovered/ written-off.
- g. The investors of the segregated portfolio shall be duly informed of the recovery proceedings of the investments of the segregated portfolio. Status update may be provided to the investors at the time of recovery and also at the time of writing-off of the segregated securities.
- 8. TER for the Segregated Portfolio
  - a. AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio.
  - b. The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence.
  - c. The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the main portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC.
  - d. The costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.
- 9. Monitoring by Trustees
  - a. In order to ensure timely recovery of investments of the segregated portfolio, trustees shall ensure that:
    - i. The AMC puts in sincere efforts to recover the investments of the segregated portfolio.
    - ii. Upon recovery of money, whether partial or full, it shall be immediately distributed to the investors in proportion to their holding in the segregated portfolio. Any recovery of amount of the security in the segregated portfolio even after the write off shall be distributed to the investors of the segregated portfolio.
    - iii. An Action Taken Report (ATR) on the efforts made by the AMC to recover the investments of the segregated portfolio is placed in every trustee meeting till the investments are fully recovered/ written-off.
    - iv. The trustees shall monitor the compliance of this circular and disclose in the half-yearly trustee reports filed with SEBI, the compliance in respect of every segregated portfolio created.
  - b. In order to avoid mis-use of segregated portfolio, trustees shall ensure to have a mechanism in place to negatively impact the performance incentives of Fund Managers, Chief Investment Officers (CIOs), etc. involved in the investment process of securities under the segregated portfolio, mirroring the existing mechanism for performance incentives of the AMC, including claw back of such amount to the segregated portfolio of the scheme.
- 10. The existence of the provisions for segregated portfolio should not encourage the AMCs to take undue credit risk in the scheme portfolio.

In partial modification to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/ CIR/P/2018/160 dated December 28, 2018 on 'Creation of segregated portfolio in mutual fund schemes', it has been decided by SEBI to permit creation of segregated portfolio of unrated debt or money market instruments by mutual fund schemes of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, vide circular number SEBI/HO/IMD/ DF2/CIR/P/2019/127, dated 07th November 2019. subject to the following:

a. Segregated portfolio of such unrated debt or money market instruments may be created only in case of actual default of b. AMCs will inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Upon being informed about the default, AMFI shall immediately inform the same to all AMCs. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default by the issuer, AMCs may segregate the portfolio of debt or money market instruments of the said issuer in terms of SEBI circular dated December 28, 2018.

The Scheme intends to have the ability to create a segregated portfolio in line with the above SEBI circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2018/160 dated December 28, 2018.

#### Example of Segregation:

The below table shows how a security affected by a credit event will be segregated and its impact on investors. Whether the distressed security is held in the original portfolio or the segregated portfolio, the value of the investors holdings will remain the same on the date of the credit event . Over time, the NAV of the portfolios are subject to change.

**Key Assumptions:** We have assumed a Scheme consists of 3 Secuirties (A, B, and C). It has two investors with total of 10,000 units. (Investors 1 – 6,000 Units , Investors 2- 4,000 units)

Total Portfoilo Value of ₹ 30 Lakhs (Each Security invested ₹ 10 Lakh) Current NAV : 30,00,000/10,000 = ₹ 300 Per Unit

Suppose Security A is downgraded to below investment grade and consequently the value of the security falls from ₹ 10,00,000 to ₹ 4,00,000 and the AMC decides to segregate the security into a new portfoio. Investors will be allotted the same number of units in the segregated portfolio as they hold in the main portfolio. So, Investor 1 will get 6,000 Units and Investor 2 will get 4,000 units in the segregated portfolio.

With Segregation – Portfolio Value is ₹ 24,00,000 (Now B & C Securities worth ₹ 20 Lakh and Security A has fallen from ₹ 10,00,000 to ₹ 4,00,000)

	Main Portfolio			Segregated	Portfolio
	(Security of B & C	)		(Security A)	
Net Assets	₹20,00,000			₹4,00,000	
Number of Units	10,000			10,000	
NAV per Unit	₹20,00,000/10,00	00 = ₹ 200		₹4,00,000/1	0,000 = ₹ 40
With respect	to Investors.				
			Investor 1		Investor 2
Units held in Main po	rtfolio (No. of Units)		6,000		4,000
NAV of Main Portfolio			₹200 per	Unit	₹200 per unit
Value of Holding in M	ain Portfolio (A) – ₹		12,00,000		8,00,000
Units Held in Segrega	ated Portfolio		6,000		4,000
NAV of Segregated P	ortfolio		₹40 Per u	nit	₹40 Per unit
Value of Holding in Se	egregated Portfolio (B) – ₹	Ę	2,40,000		1,60,000
Total Value of Holding	is (A) + (B) – ₹		14,40,000		9,60,000
In case if it do	es not segregat	e (Total P	ortfolio	would be	e)
Net Assets of the F	Portfolio	No. of Unit	s	NAV per u	nit₹
₹24,00,000		10,000		24,00,000/ 10	0,000=₹240
(₹ 4,00,000 in Secur	ity A and				
₹ 10,00,000 in Secu	rity B and				
₹ 10,00,000 in Secu	rity C)				
			Investor 1		Investor 2
Units held in Original	portfolio (No. of Units)		6,000		4,000
NAV of Original Portfo	blio		₹240 Per	Unit	₹240 Per Unit
Value of Holding - ₹			14,40,000		9,60,000
-					

 The term 'segregated portfolio' shall mean a portfolio, comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event, that has been segregated in a mutual fund scheme.

2. The term 'main portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio excluding the segregated portfolio.

3. The term 'total portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event.

#### Details under FATCA/Common Reporting Standards (CRS)/Foreign Tax Laws

Compliance under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act /Common Reporting Standard requirements: Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act: Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") is a United Sundaram Multi Cap Fund

States (US) law aimed at prevention of tax evasion by US citizens and residents ("US Persons") through use of offshore accounts. FATCA obligates foreign financial institution (FFIs), including Indian financial institutions to provide the US Internal Revenue Service (IRS) with information on the accounts of to report accounts held by specified US Persons. FATCA requires enhanced due diligence processes by the FFI so as to identify US reportable accounts. With respect to individuals, the US reportable accounts would cover those with US citizenship or US residency. The identification of US person will be based on one or more of following "US indicia" • Identification of the Account Holder as a US citizen or resident; Unambiguous indication of a US place of birth; • Current US mailing or residence address (including a US post office box); • Current US telephone number; • Standing instructions to transfer funds to an account maintained in USA; • Current effective power of attorney or signing authority granted to a person with a US address; or • An "in-care of or "hold mail" address that is the sole address that the Indian Financial Institution has on the file for the Account Holder. Since domestic laws of sovereign countries, (including India) may not permit sharing of confidential client information by FFIs directly with US IRS, the U.S. has entered into Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) with various countries. The IGA between India and USA was signed on 9th July, 2015, which provides that the Indian FIs will provide the necessary information to Indian tax authorities, which will then be transmitted to USA automatically. Common Reporting Standard - The New Global Standard for Automatic Exchange of Information: On similar lines as FATCA, the Organization of Economic Development (OECD), along with the G20 countries, of which India is a member, has released a "Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters", in order to combat the problem of offshore tax evasion and avoidance and stashing of unaccounted money abroad, requiring cooperation amongst tax authorities. The G20 and OECD countries have together developed a Common Reporting Standard (CRS) on Automatic Exchange of Information (AEOI). The CRS on AEOI was presented to G20 Leaders in Brisbane on 16th November, 2014. On June 3, 2015, India has joined the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement (MCAA) on AEOI. The CRS on AEOI requires the financial institutions of the "source" jurisdiction to collect and report information to their tax authorities about account holders "resident" in other countries, such information having to be transmitted "automatically' annually. The information to be exchanged relates not only to individuals, but also to shell companies and trusts having beneficial ownership or interest in the "resident" countries. Accordingly with effect from November 1, 2015 all investors will have Sundaram Mutual Fund / the AMC is classified as a 'Foreign Financial Institution' under the FATCA provisions. Accordingly, the AMC / Mutual Fund will be required to undertake due diligence process and identify US reportable accounts and collect such information / documentary evidences of the US and / or non-US status of its investors / Unit holders and disclose such information (directly or through its agents or service providers) as far as may be legally permitted about the holdings / investment returns to US Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and / or the Indian Tax Authorities. The MF has registered with US Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and has obtained a Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN): EY9227.99999.SL.356 for the said reporting purposes.

FATCA/CRS due diligence will be directed at each investor / Unit holder (including joint investor) and on being identified as a reportable person / specified US person, all the folios will be reported. In case of folios with joint holders, the entire account value of the investment portfolio will be attributable under each such reportable person. An investor / Unit holder will therefore be required to furnish such information as and when sought by the AMC in order to comply with the information reporting requirements stated in IGA and circulars issued by SEBI/Government of India in this regard from time to time. The information disclosed may include (but is not limited to) the identity of the investors and their direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. Investors / Unitholders should consult their tax advisors regarding FATCA/CRS requirements with respect to their situation.

#### **B. Where Will The Scheme Invest?**

In order to achieve the investment objective, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in the following securities (subject to the Investment Objective / Asset Allocation):

- Equity and equity-related securities including Convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares and derivative instruments.
- Debt securities of the Government of India, State and local Governments, Government agencies, Statutory bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, Public Financial Institutions, Scheduled Commercial Banks, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Development Financial Institutions, Supranational Financial Institutions, Corporate entities, Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).
- Debt and Money Market securities and such other securities as may be permitted by SEBI and RBI regulation from time to time.
- Money market instruments including but not limited to, Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper of Public Sector Undertakings and Private Sector Corporate entities, Reverse Repo Agreements on Gsecs, TREPS (Triparty Repo Trades), Certificates of Deposit of Scheduled Commercial Banks and Development Financial Institutions, Government Securities with unexpired maturity of one year or less and other money market securities as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI regulation.
- The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
- Units of Mutual funds as may be permitted by regulation.
- The Scheme shall engage in securities lending and Repo in Corporate,
- The scheme shall invests in REITs/InvITs as per SEBI Regulations and limits.
- The Scheme may also invest in ADR's / GDR's / Overseas securities.

The scheme may invest in derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and trading and arbitrage. The limits and conditions and restrictions prescribed by SEBI vide circular No. Cir/IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010and Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021 shall be followed

 Any other instruments as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI / such other Regulatory Authority from time to time.

The securities mentioned above and such other securities the Scheme is permitted to invest in, could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity bearing fixed-rate or floating coupon rate. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPO s), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repo and reverse repo obligations on Gsecs held by it as per the guidelines and regulation applicable to such transactions.

- The Scheme shall invest in the instruments rated as investment grade or above by a recognised rating agency. In case, the instruments are not rated, specific approval of the Investment Committee/Credit Committee of the Investment Manager shall be obtained.
- Pending deployment of funds in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the funds may be invested in short term deposits

with Scheduled Commercial Banks in accordance SEBI Circulars SEBI/IMD/CIR No.9/20306/03 dated November 12, 2003, SEBI/IMD/Cir No.1/91171/07 dated April 16, 2007, SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/093 dated August 16, 2019. The AMC(s) shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks

#### Brief note on fixed-income and money market in India

(i) Debt Instrument Characteristics:

A Debt Instrument is basically an obligation which the borrower has to service periodically and generally has the following features: Face Value: Stated value of the paper /Principal Amount Coupon: Zero, fixed or floating Frequency: Semi-annual; annual, sometimes quarterly Maturity: Bullet, staggered Redemption: FV; premium or discount Options: Call/Put Issue Price: Par (FV) or premium or discount A debt instrument comprises of a unique series of cash flows for each

paper, terms of which are decided at the time of issue. Discounting these cash flows to the present value at various applicable discount rates (market rates) provides the market price.

(ii) Types of Debt Market Instruments:

The Indian Debt market comprises of the Money Market and the Long Term Debt Market.

Money market instruments are Commercial Papers (CPs), Certificates of Deposit (CDs), Treasury bills (T-bills), Repos, Inter-bank Call money deposit, CBLOs, Reverse Repo and TREPS etc. They are mostly discounted instruments that are issued at a discount to face value.

Money market instruments have a tenor of less than one year while debt market instruments typically have a tenor of more than one year.

Long Term Debt market in India comprises mainly of two segments viz., the Government securities market and the corporate securities market.

Government securities include central, state and local issues. The main instruments in this market are dated securities (Fixed or Floating) and Treasury bills (Discounted Papers). The Central Government securities are generally issued through auctions on the basis of 'Uniform price' method or 'Multiple price' method while State Govt. are through on-tap sales.

*Corporate Debt* segment on the other hand includes bonds/ debentures issued by private corporates, public sector units (PSUs) and development financial institutions (DFIs). The debentures are rated by a rating agency and based on the feedback from the market, the issue is priced accordingly. The bonds issued may be fixed or floating. The floating rate debt market has emerged as an active market in the rising interest rate scenario. Benchmarks range from Overnight rates or Treasury benchmarks.

Debt derivatives market comprises mainly of Interest Rate Swaps linked to Overnight benchmarks called MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate) and is an active market. Banks and corporate are major players here and of late Mutual Funds have also started hedging their exposures through these products.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing during the month of October 2024 on some of the instruments. These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in

Issuer	Instruments	Maturity	Yields (p.a)
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	6.45
GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	6.55
GOI	Short Dated	1-3 Yrs	6.68-6.70
GOI	Medium Dated	3-5 Yrs	6.70-6.74
GOI	Long Dated	5-10 Yrs	6.74-6.82
Corporates	Bonds (AAA)	1 - 3 years	7.46-7.50
Corporates	Bonds (AAA)	3 - 5 years	7.37-7.46
Corporates	CPs (A1+)	3 months - 1 yr	7.70-7.90
Banks	CDs	3 months - 1 yr	7.28-7.60
Source: Bloombe	rg.		As on 22-Oci

#### (iii) Regulators:

The RBI operates both as the monetary authority and the debt manager to the government. In its role as a monetary authority, the RBI participates in the market through open-market operations as well as through Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) to regulate the money supply. It also regulates the bank rate and repo rate, and uses these rates as indirect tools for its monetary policy. The RBI as the debt manager issues the securities at the cheapest possible rate. The SEBI regulates the debt instruments listed on the stock exchanges.

#### (iv) Fixed income and money market segments

The market for fixed-income securities in India can be briefly divided into the following segments:

- The money market The market for borrowing / lending money;
- The securities market The market for trading in securities and

• The derivatives market - The market for fixed income derivatives. In this predominantly institutional market, the key market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and companies. Provident / pension funds, though present, are not active players.

#### The Money Market

The money market can be classified into two broad categories The market for clean borrowing/lending without backing of any collateral:

- Call Money: The market for overnight borrowing/lending. •
- Notice Money: The market for borrowing/lending from 2 days to a fortnight.
- Term Money: The market for borrowing/lending from a fortnight to six months.

The market for collateralised borrowing/lending:

Repo transactions: These are redemption-obligation transactions in which the borrower tenders securities to the lender; these securities are bought back by the borrower on the redemption date. The price difference between the sale and redemption of the securities is the implicit interest rate for the borrowing/ lending. The eligible underlying securities for these transactions are government securities and treasury bills. Corporate bonds are not allowed as eligible securities for repo transactions. The minimum repo term (lending /borrowing period) is one day.

Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

Tri-party Repo i.e. TREPS facilitates, borrowing and lending of funds, in Triparty Repo arrangement. CCIL would be the Central Counterparty to all trades from Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS) and would also perform the role and responsibilities of Triparty Repo Agent, in terms of Repurchase Transactions (Repo) (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2018 as amended from time to time. The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All TREPS trades are settled anonymously and centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL. Further the settlement is guaranteed by CCIL. This is a collateralized investment whereby borrowers have to give adequate amount of securities on which a haircut is applied by CCIL. CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contributions as collateral by members. Presently, all Central Government securities and Treasury bills are accepted as collateral by CCIL. The risk factors may undergo change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India securities as eligible for contribution as collateral." CCIL has several risk management processes in place such as initial margin, borrowing limits, identification of eligible collateral, haircuts on eligible collateral, mark to market margins (MTM) and volatility margin are applicable for Triparty Repo trades. There is a default fund for Triparty Repo trades. The exposure monitoring is online and on a pre-order basis, ensuring that orders can be placed only if the member has sufficient initial margin and/or borrowing limits to support the resultant trades. CCIL may temporarily impose volatility margin in case of a sudden increase in volatility in interest rates. Thus the settlement and counterparty risks are considerably low. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to handle any shortfall arising out of such default and to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall". As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

#### The Securities Market

The market for fixed-income securities can be broadly classified into

- The market for money market (short-term) instruments: Moneymarket securities are generally discount securities maturing within one year from the date of issuance. Instruments satisfying this criterion are treasury bills (obligations of the government), commercial paper (obligations of the corporate sector) and certificate of deposit (obligations of banks).
- The market for Government Securities: Government securities are medium-/long-term Fixed Income Securities of the government. The market for government securities is the most liquid segment of the fixed-income market in India. Most of the secondary market trading is concentrated in government securities. Trading in government securities is now done mostly through an electronic trading, reporting and settlement platform developed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) called Negotiated Dealing System. The role of brokers, which was an important element of the Indian bond market, is now less significant in this segment than in the past.

- The market for corporate bonds: Trading in corporate bonds is relatively subdued (in comparison to government securities). Price discovery and trading in this segment are still through the telephone. Attempts at improving the trading, settlement and riskmanagement practices for trading corporate bonds are currently underway.
- The market for floating-rate securities: The coupon rate in floatingrate securities is linked to an acceptable benchmark. Floatingrate securities generally have a coupon rate, which is reset over a regular period depending on the benchmark chosen. The market widely uses the MIBOR benchmarks announced by Independent agencies such as NSE and Reuters. When benchmark interest rate rises, the income generated on these floating-rate securities may also rise. When the benchmark interest rates decline, the income generated on these floating-rate securities may decline. Increasingly more companies are raising resource through floatingrate securities. Most of such securities are in the form of floatingrate debentures at a spread over NSE MIBOR. The other popular benchmark is the Indian Government securities benchmark yield (known as INBMK). The reset in such cases happen after a period of time, generally six months. The Government of India has also started issuing floating-rate securities using INBMK 1 year as the benchmark.

#### The Fixed-Income Derivatives Market

The interest-rate derivatives market is at a developing stage in India. Instruments broadly transacted are • Interest Rate Swaps • Interest Rate Futures and • Forward Rate Agreements.

- Interest Rate Swaps: This is an agreement between two parties to exchange stated interest obligations for an agreed period in respect of a notional principal amount. The most common form is a fixed-to-floating-rate swap where one party receives a fixed (pre-determined) rate of interest while the other receives a floating (variable) rate of interest.
- Interest Rate Future (IRF): An interest rate futures contract is "an agreement to buy or sell a debt instrument at a specified future date at a price that is fixed today." Interest rate futures are derivative contracts which have a notional interest bearing security as the underlying instrument. The buyer of an interest rate futures contract agrees to take delivery of the underlying debt instruments when the contract expires and the seller of interest rate futures agrees to deliver the debt instrument. The fund can effectively use interest rate futures to hedge from increase in interest rates.
- Forward Rate Agreement: This is basically a forward-starting interest-rate swap. It is an agreement between two parties to pay or receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate (reference rate) prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional principal amount for an agreed period. The only cash flow is the difference between the FRA rate and the reference rate. The notional amounts are not exchanged.

#### (v) Market Participants:

Given the large size of the trades, the debt market has remained predominantly a wholesale market.

#### Primary Dealers

Primary Dealers (PDs) act as underwriters in the primary market, and as market makers in the secondary market.

#### Brokers

Brokers bring together counterparties and negotiate terms of the

### trade.

#### Investors

Banks, Insurance Companies, Mutual Funds are important players in the debt market. Other players are Trusts, Provident and pension funds.

#### (vi) Trading Mechanism:

Government Securities and Money Market Instruments

Negotiated Dealing System (NDS) is an electronic platform for facilitating dealing and online reporting of transactions. Government Securities (including T-bills), call money, notice/term money, repos in eligible securities, etc. are available for negotiated dealing through NDS. Currently G-Sec deals are done telephonically and reported on NDS.

Corporate Debt is basically a phone driven market where deals are concluded verbally over recorded lines. The reporting of trade is done on the NSE Wholesale Debt Market segment.

#### **Equity Derivatives**

The scheme may invest derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and trading. The limits and conditions and restrictions prescribed by SEBI vide circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010 and Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/ DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021 shall be followed.

Derivatives are financial contracts or instruments that derive their value from an underlying asset. Derivatives may be used for hedging, portfolio balancing and trading purposes to seek to optimise performance in the Scheme and will be subject to applicable Regulations of SEBI/RBI from time to time.

Portfolio balancing includes any type of deals in derivatives as long as they are fully covered by holding a position in the underlying securities/ cash/cash equivalents/options/ futures. Trading is permitted only in exchange-traded derivatives. The derivatives shall be marked-to-market by the Investment Manager at all times.

Transactions in derivatives include a wide range of instruments, including, but not limited to futures, options, swaps, and interest rate swaps, forward rate agreements and any other instrument as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

**Futures:** A purchase of futures contract obligates the purchaser to take delivery of the underlying asset at the expiry of the contract. The transaction is netted at the end of the contract and the difference settled between the investor & the clearing house. There will be physical settlement for some stocks. A part of value of the contract – 15% to 25% on an average (the number could be higher for specific contracts or for all contracts at specific times) – is the margin.

Payoffs in futures are linear with reference to the underlying and the risk is basically directional. Buyers and sellers of futures carry equal risk.

The margin depends on volatility of the underlying asset and the difference between the spot price and the contract price, to name a few influencing variables.

Please note that the following illustrative examples are given for information purposes only and are based on hypothetical values for the S & P CNX Nifty and/or stock.

Example for index futures: Stock index futures are instruments designed to give exposure to the equity markets indices. The Stock Exchange, Mumbai (BSE) and The National Stock Exchange (NSE) have trading in index index futures of 1,2,3 months maturity, etc.

The pricing of an index future is the function of the underlying index

#### Section II - Part II - Information about the scheme

and short term interest rates. Index futures are cash settled, there is no delivery of the underlying stocks.

If a Scheme buys 1,000 futures contracts, each contract value is 200 times the futures index price. Purchase date: January 01, 2012. Spot index: 5000.00 Future price: 5010.00 Date of expiry: January 25, 2012. If the exchange imposes a margin of 10%, the Investment Manager will be required to provide ₹10,02,00,000 (i.e. 10% \* 5010 \* 1000 \* 200) by way of eligible securities and/or and cash. If on the date of expiry - January 25, 2012 - the S&P CNX Nifty Index closes at 5025, the net impact will be a profit of ₹ 30,00,000 for the Scheme (5025-5010) \* 1000 \* 200).

The profit or loss for the Scheme will be the difference between the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments plus there are additional risks with additional risks highlighted in the Risk Factors part of this document.

Example for stock futures: A futures contract on a stock gives its owner the right and obligation to buy or sell stocks. Single stock futures traded on the NSE are cash settled; there is no delivery of the underlying stocks on the expiration date.

A purchase or sale of futures on a security gives the trader essentially the same price exposure as a purchase or sale of the security itself. Trading stock futures is no different from trading the security itself.

The Scheme buys shares of A Ltd. Its current price is Rs 500. The Scheme sells one month futures on the shares of A Ltd at Rs 550. If the price of the stock declines, the Mutual Fund will suffer losses on the stock position held and profit on futures position. The price of stock on the expiry date is Rs 450. The price of the futures on the stock declines to Rs 480. There is a loss of ₹ 50 per share on the on the holding of the stock. This is offset by profit of Rs 70 on the short position in stock futures.

Risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments plus there are additional risks with additional risks highlighted in the Risk Factors part of this document.

*Options:* An option gives the owner the right to buy or sell the underlying asset based on specific prices trends but the not the obligation. The option will be exercised if the outcome is favourable to the owner. A call option gives the owner a right to buy the underlying asset at a pre-determined price on a pre-specified date. A put' option gives the owner the right to sell a security at a pre-determined price on a pre-specified date.

Risk is limited (or known) to premium if call or put options are purchased. If options are sold, the risk is unlimited (or unknown). The risk of the unknown can be mitigated by staying covered, using covered calls or bull/bear spread, to name a few strategies. Payoffs in options are non-linear.

*Products:* The derivative products currently available in India include futures on the Index (Nifty and Sensex) options on the Index (Nifty and Sensex), stock futures and options on stocks, to name a few.

Indices on which index futures are available: S & P CNX Nifty, CNX Nifty Junior, CNX IT, CNX 100, Bank Nifty, Nifty Mid Cap and S & P CNX Defty.

Use of derivatives to further investment objective of the Scheme: Sundaram Mutual Fund may use derivatives to seek outcomes that are not possible in the cash market. For example:

• A short position in index futures or futures on a particular stock

may be initiated to hedge a long position in the cash market;

- The Investment Manager can buy put options with appropriate strike price as a hedge for a decline in price of stocks owned in the Scheme;
- Options may be sold to augment income through the premium paid by the buyer;
- Sell puts on a stock with strike prices at levels the fund seeks to buy the stock;
- Sell calls on stocks in the portfolio of the Scheme at strike prices that are at levels viewed as a selling opportunity by the Investment Manager and
- If the index futures trade at a steep discount or premium to the spot, the Scheme can take advantage of the situation by switching out of stocks into futures or vice versa. At the expiry of the futures contract, its price will have to converge with the spot, as the last settlement will be with reference to the spot price. Arbitrage profit, if any, may augment NAV of the Scheme.

Use of derivatives by the Mutual Fund:

#### Trading in derivatives

There are risks associated with use of derivatives as a trading strategy in a Scheme.Investors must read and understand the risks associated with use of derivatives for trading purpose in order to appreciate the implications. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions and the embedded market risks that a derivative adds to the portfolio. The price of the underlying asset, the volatility, tenor and interest rates, to name a few, affect the value of a derivative contract. A few illustrative trading strategies are outlined:

Reverse Arbitrage: The endeavour of the Investment Manager is to create reverse arbitrage positions, which reduces the holding cost of the captioned security.

Arbitrage: The endeavour of the Investment Manager is to create arbitrage positions, which create market neutral positions and lead to yield enhancement for the portfolio as a whole.

Portfolio Hedging: The endeavour of the Investment Manager is to use index futures for portfolio hedging to participate in the market (buy Index Futures) or reduce market risk (sell Index Futures).

There are risks associated with such strategies. A few of them are: model risk (improper pricing/mis-pricing), market liquidity risk (derivatives cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices), basis risk (lack of in-line movement with the underlying asset) and trade execution risk (final execution price is different from the screen price leading to dilution in the spreads and hence impacting the profitability of the reverse arbitrage strategy).

SEBI Vide circular no DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated 14th September 2005, permitted of mutual funds to trade in derivative instruments and also enhanced the position limits in respect of Stock based derivatives vide its circular dated DNPF/ Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006. The limits and conditions and restrictions prescribed by SEBI in the above circulars and also the conditions prescribed by SEBI in the circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010 and Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021 will also be followed, The details are set out hereunder:

No	Particulars	Limit	/ conditions		
1.	Exposure Limit	Up to	o 50% of the	e net ass	sets of the
		respe	ective scheme	s.	
		The	cumulative	gross	exposure

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		through equity, debt and derivative position should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the respective schemes.
2.	Position Limit	In accordance with the limit prescribed by SEBI vide its circular no DNPD/Cir- 29/2005 dated 14th September 2005 & DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20,2006, in the Next Section 'Position Limits'.
3.	Monitoring of position limits	The mutual fund will notify the names of the clearing member for each scheme through whom it would clear the derivative contracts to the stock exchange. The stock exchange would then assign a Unique Client Code to each scheme of the mutual fund. The stock exchange shall monitor the scheme wise position limit. Daily trading/ position limits and margins will be notified the by the clearing member (custodian) to the AMC, for funding and monitoring.
4.	Prohibitions / Restrictions	The schemes shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash and cash equivalents with residual maturity of not less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Exposure to hedging positions may not be included in the abovementioned limits subject to the following: Hedging positions are derivative positions that reduce possible losses on the existing position remains. Hedging positions can not be taken for

existing derivative positions exposure to such positions shall have to be added and treated within the overall limit of 100%.

Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged

The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing positions against which hedge has been taken.

5.	Strategy	Hedging,	Portfolio	rebalancing,
		trading and	arbitrage	
6.	Internal Guidelines	The AMC p	presently has	s a derivative

### Sundaram Multi Cap Fund

		policy which sets out the framework and operational guidelines for derivative investments.
7.	Valuation	The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the SEBI Regulations/Guidelines The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in the SEBI Regulation
8.	Disclosure and Reporting	<ul> <li>In the half yearly portfolio and in the annual reports, the following disclosure will be made in respect of derivative positions as per the format prescribed by SEBI.</li> <li>Hedging positions and trading positions through futures</li> <li>Hedging positions and trading positions through options</li> <li>The total no of contracts entered, gross notional value of contracts and net profits/loss.</li> <li>While listing the net assets, the margin amounts paid will be reported separately under cash and bank balances.</li> <li>The above reports will be placed before</li> </ul>
		the Executive / Risk Management Committee of the AMC and AMC/ Trustee Board and for review.

Illustrative list of strategies that can employ derivatives are given hereunder:

#### (i) Index Futures

Index Futures have been introduced by BSE and NSE. Generally three index futures of 1,2,3 months maturity, etc are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures expire on the last working Thursday of the respective months. If the Nifty (Index) was 1875 at the beginning of a month and the quotes for the three futures were as under:

Month	<b>Bid Price</b>	Offer Price
1	1880	1885
2	1900	1915
3	1910	1930

The Fund can buy an Index of month 1 on the last day of the month prior to month 1 in the illustration above at an offer price of 1885.

#### Numerical example of futures trade

The following is a hypothetical example of a typical likely index future trade and the associated costs.

	Particulars	Index Future	Actual purchase
			of stocks
	Index at the beginning of the month	1875	1875
	Price of 1 Month Future	1885	-
A	Execution Cost : Carry and other Index		
	Future costs (1885-1875)	10	Nil
		and the second	

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В	Brokerage Cost:				
	Assumed at 0.30% for Index Future and				
	0.50% for spot Stocks	5.66	9.38		
	(0.30% of 1885)				
	(0.50% of 1875)				
С	Gains on Surplus Funds:	13.87	Nil		
	(assumed 10% return on 90% of the				
	money left after paying 10% margin)				
	Total Cost (A+B-C)	1.79	9.38		

In this example, the Index Future trade has resulted in profitability compared to actual purchase of the underlying index stocks. The profitability of Index Future as compared to an individual security will interalia depend upon the carrying cost, the interest available on surplus funds and the transaction cost. There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks.

#### Illustrative list of strategies that can employ futures

Strategies that employ index futures and their objectives:

(a) The fund has an existing equity portion invested in a basket of stocks. In case the fund manager has a view that the equity markets are headed downwards, the fund can then hedge the exposure to equity either fully or partially by initiating short futures positions in the Index.

A similar position in the long direction can also be initiated by the fund to hedge its position of cash and permissible equivalents. The extent to which this can be done is determined by guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time.

(b) To the extent permissible by extant regulations the scheme can initiate a naked short position in an underlying index future traded on a recognized stock exchange. In case the nifty near month future contract trading at say, 1850, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward, the fund can initiate a sale transaction of nifty futures at 1850 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity position. Once the price falls to 1800 after say, 20 days the fund can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of 50. Correspondingly the fund can take a long position without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

#### Risk associated with this strategy:

- 1. Lack of opportunities available in the market
- 2. Inability of the derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying indices
- 3. Execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rates at which the ultimate execution takes place.

## Strategies that employ Stock specific Futures and their objectives:

Individual stock futures are also available in the Indian Equity Markets. Stock futures trade either at a premium or at discount to the spot prices, the level of premium generally reflects the cost of carry. Stock specific issues may have a bearing on futures as speculators may find futures as a cost-effective way of executing their view on the stock. However such executions usually increase the premium/discount to the spot significantly, thereby giving rise to arbitrage opportunities for a fund.

- (a) Selling spot and buying future : In case the fund holds the stock of a company at say ₹ 1000 while in the futures market it trades at a discount to the spot price say at ₹ 980 then the fund may sell the stock and buy the futures. On the date of expiry of the stock future, the fund may reverse the transactions (i.e. Buying at Spot & Selling futures) and earn a risk-free ₹ 20/- (2% absolute) on its holdings. As this can be without any dilution of the view of the fund on the underlying stock the fund can still benefit from any movement of the price in the northward direction, i.e. if on the date of expiry of the futures, if the stock trades at 1100 which would be the price of the futures too, the fund will have a benefit of ₹ 100/- whereby the fund gets the 10% upside movement together with the 2% benefit on the arbitrage, and thus getting a total return of 12%.
- (b) Buying spot and selling future: Where the fund holds the stock of a company trading in the spot market at Rs 1000 while it trades at ₹ 1020/- in the futures market then fund may buy the stock at spot and sell in the futures market thereby earning Rs 20. In case of adequacy of cash with the fund, this strategy may be used to enhance returns of the Scheme which was otherwise sitting on cash.
- (c) Buying stock future: Where the scheme wants to initiate a long positon in a stock whose spot price is at say, ₹1000 and futures is at 980, then the fund may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost option.
- (d) In case the fund has a bearish view on a stock which is trading in the spot market at ₹1000/- and the futures market at say ₹980/-. The fund can express such a view subject to extant SEBI regulations by initiating a short postion in the futures contract. In case the view is right and the futures price depreciates to say 900/- the fund can square up the short position thereby earning a profit of ₹ 80/- Risk associated with this strategy:
  - Lack of opportunities available in the market
  - Inability of the derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying security
  - Execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rates at which the ultimate execution takes place.

## (ii) Strategies that use Options and the objectives of such strategies:

Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put; the former being the right, but not obligation, to purchase a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date and the latter being the right, but not obligation, to sell a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date. The price at which the shares are contracted to be purchased or sold is called the strike price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options, while those that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options. Option contracts are designated by the type of option, name of the underlying, expiry month and the strike price. Thus, options can be used to earn less volatile returns, earn the premium or use for hedging purposes etc.

#### Illustrations of use of Options

Call Option (Buy): The fund buys a call option at the strike price of say ₹1000 and pays a premium of say ₹ 50, the fund would earn

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profits if the market price of the stock at the time of expiry of the option is more than 1050 being the total of the strike price and the premium thereon. If on the date of expiry of the option the stock price is below Rs 1000, the fund will not exercise the option while it loses the premium of Rs 50.

**Put Option (Buy):** The fund buys a Put Option at Rs 1000 by paying a premium of say Rs 50. If the stock price goes down to ₹ 900, the fund would protect its downside and would only have to bear the premium of Rs 50 instead of a loss of Rs 100 whereas if the stock price moves up to say ₹ 1100 the fund may let the Option expire and forego the premium thereby capturing ₹ 100 upside after bearing the premium of ₹50.

The above three option positions can be initiated in both index based options as well as stock specific options.

Risk associated with this strategy:

- Lack of opportunities available in the market
- Inability of the derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying security
- Execution risk, whereby the rates seen on the screen may not be the rates at which the ultimate execution takes place.

Any Notifications, Guidelines and circulars introduced by SEBI on derivatives from time to time shall automatically apply and forms part of the Scheme Information Documents.

#### **Position Limits**

All derivative position taken in the portfolio would be guided by the following principles.

- *i.* Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts
  - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be ₹ 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
  - b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
- ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts:
  - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be ₹ 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
  - b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

#### iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.
- iv. Position limit for Mutual Fund for stock based derivative

#### contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts, is defined in the following manner:-

- For stocks having applicable market-wise position limit (MWPL) of ₹ 500 crores or more, the combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of applicable MWPL or ₹ 300 crores, whichever is lower and within which stock futures position cannot exceed 10% of applicable MWPL or ₹ 150 crores, whichever is lower.
- For stocks having applicable market-wise position limit (MWPL) less than ₹ 500 crores, the combined futures and options position limit would be 20% of applicable MWPL and futures position cannot exceed 20% of applicable MWPL or ₹ 50 crore which ever is lower.

#### v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The scheme-wise position limit / disclosure requirements shall be -

 For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares) or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

- This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- 3. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

#### **Investment Restrictions**

As per the Trust Deed read with the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the following investment restrictions, wherever applicable shall apply in respect of the Schemes at the time of making investments. However, all investments by the Schemes will be made in accordance with the investment objective, asset allocation and where will the schemes invest, described earlier, as well as the SEBI (MF) Regulations, including schedule VII thereof, as amended from time to time. SEBI vide notification No. SEBI/LADNRO/ GN/2015-16/034 dated February 12, 2016 pertaining to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016 and vide circular no SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/35 dated February 15, 2016 made amendment in Investment Restrictions. The modified Investment restrictions as follows:

1 The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments (including accrued interest) issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Securities and exchange Board of India Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustee and the Board of the Investment Manager. The limit shall not be applicable



for investments in Government securities, Treasury Bills and Collateralised Borrowing and Lending Obligation.

2 The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

For this, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.

All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed with effect from one month from the date of operationalization of framework for listing of CPs or January 01, 2020, whichever is later.

Further, investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following:

- a. Investments will only be made in such instruments, including usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
- b. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
- c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.
- 3 The Schemes shall not invest more than 10% of their NAV in money market instruments of an issuer. Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government securities, Treasury Bills and Collateralised Borrowing and Lending Obligation.
- 4 The Fund under all its Schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
- 5 Transfer of investments from one Scheme to another Scheme, including this Scheme shall be allowed only if such transfers are made at the prevailing market price for quoted securities on a spot basis and the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Further SEBI vide Circular no.SEBI/ho/IMD/DF4/ Clr/P/2020/202 dated october 08, 2020 on Inter Scheme Transfer has prescribed additional safeguards.

- i. Key requirements of the circular are stated below:
  - IST shall be permitted only if other resources such as cash and cash equivalent, market borrowing, and selling securities in the market are exhausted.

- ISTs will be permitted for the rebalancing of a portfolio only if there is a passive breach of regulatory limits or where duration, issuer, sector, and group rebalancing are required in both the transferor and transferee schemes.
- no inter-scheme transfer of a security shall be allowed, if there is negative news or rumour in the mainstream media or an alert is generated about the security, based on internal credit risk assessment.
- If the security gets downgraded within a period of four months following such a transfer, the fund manager of the buying scheme will have to provide detailed justification to the trustees for buying such a security.
- ii. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- Such transfer shall be carried out at the price obtained from valuation agencies in accordance with the guidelines provided in the SeBI circular no. SEBI/ho/ IMD/DF4/Clr/P/2019/102 dated September 24, 2019.
- iv. If prices are not received from any valuation agencies within the turn-around-time, such transfers shall be done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis. [explanation - "Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.]
- 6 The Scheme may invest in other Schemes under the same AMC or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-Scheme investment made by all the Schemes under the same management or in Schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- 7 The Scheme shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The mutual fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange in accordance with the guidelines/ framework specified by SEBI.
- 8 The scheme shall get the securities purchased/ transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- 9 No mutual fund scheme shall make any investments in; a any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or b any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or c the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of its net assets.
- 10 The schemes shall not invest in Fund of funds scheme.
- 11 The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in equity shares of any one company.
- 12 All investments by a mutual fund scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
- 13 No loans for any purpose can be advanced by the Scheme.

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- 14 The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/ redemption of units or payment of interest and IDCW to the unit holders. Such borrowings shall not exceed more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- 15 The Scheme will comply with provisions specified in Circular dated August 18, 2010 and March .4, 2021 related to overall exposure limits applicable for derivative transactions as stated below:
  - i. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - ii. The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
  - iii. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - iv. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
  - v. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:
    - (a) hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
    - hedging positions cannot be taken (b) for existing derivative positions. exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point 1.
    - (c) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
    - (d) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purpose does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
  - vi. The Scheme may enter into Interest Rate Swaps for hedging purposes. The counterparty in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
  - vii. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point i.
- 16 (i) The scheme shall not engage in short selling and credit default swaps

(ii) The scheme shall engage in repo in corporate bond, securitized debt

17 Investment Restrictions for Covered Call option strategy:

The scheme can write Call options under a covered strategy for constituent stocks of NIFTY 50 and BSE SENSEX subject to the following:

- a) The total notional value (taking into account strike price as well as premium value) of call options written by a scheme shall not exceed 15% of the total market value of equity shares held in that scheme.
- b) The total number of shares underlying the call options written shall not exceed 30% of the unencumbered shares of a particular company held in the scheme. The unencumbered shares in a scheme shall mean shares that are not part of Securities Lending and Borrowing Mechanism (SLBM), margin or any other kind of encumbrances.
- c) At all points of time the Mutual Fund scheme shall comply with the provisions at points (a) and (b) above. In case of any passive breach of the requirement at paragraph (a) above, the respective scheme shall have 7 trading days to rebalance the portfolio. During the rebalancing period, no additional call options can be written in the said scheme.
- d) In case a Mutual Fund scheme needs to sell securities on which a call option is written under a covered call strategy, it must ensure compliance with paragraphs (a) and (b) above while selling the securities.
- e) In no case, a scheme shall write a call option without holding the underlying equity shares. A call option can be written only on shares which are not hedged using other derivative contracts.
- f) The premium received shall be within the requirements prescribed in terms of SEBI circular dated August 18, 2010 and March 04, 2021 i.e. the total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- g) The exposure on account of the call option written under the covered call strategy shall not be considered as exposure in terms of paragraph 3 of SEBI Circular no. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010, dated August 18, 2010 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/ CIR/P/2021/024 dated March 04, 2021.
- h) The call option written shall be marked to market daily and the respective gains or losses factored into the daily NAV of the respective scheme(s) until the position is closed or expired.

#### **18 SECTOR EXPOSURES**

Total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, CBLO, G-Secs, T Bills, short term deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) should not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).

Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme has been allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

However the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the

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sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme

Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs should not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.

### **19 GROUP EXPOSURES**

- a) Mutual Funds / AMCs shall ensure that total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.
- b) The investments by debt mutual fund schemes in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.
- c) For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

The Schemes will comply with any other Regulation applicable to the investments of mutual funds from time to time. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No: SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/57 dated September 30, 2016.

# 20 RESTRICTIONS ON INVESTMENT IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS HAVING STRUCTURED OBLIGATIONS / CREDIT ENHANCEMENTS:

- The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:
  - a. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoringin credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
  - b. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.
- Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

AMCs may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMCs will initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

4. Details of investments in debt instruments having structured

obligations or credit enhancement features will be disclosed distinctively in the monthly portfolio statement of mutual fund schemes.

#### 21. Debt instruments with special features

As per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2021/032 dated march 10, 2021 following restrictions are placed with regard to investment in in debt instruments with special features like Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework and the valuation of such perpetual bonds.

The debt instruments having such special features, which otherwise are Non-Convertible Debentures, may be treated as debt instruments until converted to equity.

Close ended schemes shall not invest in Perpetual bonds.

Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer.

A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest – more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

The investments of mutual fund schemes in such instruments in excess of the limits specified as above as on the date of the circular is grandfathered and such mutual fund schemes shall not make any fresh investment in such instruments until the investment comes below the specified limits.

#### Segregation of Portfolio

If the said instrument is to be written off or converted to equity pursuant to any proposal, the date of said proposal may be treated as the trigger date. However, if the said instruments are written off or converted to equity without proposal, the date of write off or conversion of debt instrument to equity may be treated as the trigger date. All other conditions as specified in relevant provisions of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/ CIR/P/2018/160 dated December 28, 2018, SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/127 dated November 07, 2019 with respect of Creation of segregation portfolio in mutual fund schemes.

#### Valuation

As regards the valuation of bonds with call and/or put options, it is clarified that the bonds shall be valued in line with the SEBI circular No. MRD/CIR/8/92/2000 dated September18, 2000 irrespective of the nature of issuer. Further, the maturity of all perpetual bonds shall be treated as in line with SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2021/034 dated March 22, 2021 for the purpose of valuation.

#### 22. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Pursuant to SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD-II/DOF3/ OW/P/2021/31487/1 dated 3rd November 2021 cash equivalent shall consist of following securities having residual maturity less than 91 days: (a) Government Securities, (b) T - Bills and (c) Repo on Government Securities.

#### SHORT TERM DEPOSITS:

Pending deployment of funds of the Schemes in terms of the investment objective of the Schemes, the Mutual Fund may invest them in short term deposits (STD) of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with applicable SEBI guidelines as stated below:

- a) "Short Term" for parking of funds by Mutual Funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
- b) Such deposits, if made, shall be held in the name of the scheme.
- c) The scheme shall not park more than 15% of its net assets in short term deposits of all scheduled commercial banks put together. This limit however may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of the total deployment by the scheme in short term deposits.
- d) The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposits with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- e) Trustees/Asset Management Companies (AMCs) shall ensure that no funds of a scheme is parked in STD of a bank which has invested in that scheme. Trustees/AMCs shall also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has STD do not invest in the said scheme until the scheme has STD with such bank.
- f) The AMC(s) shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- g) Half Yearly portfolio statements shall disclose all funds parked in short term deposit(s) under a separate heading. Details shall also include name of the bank, amount of funds parked, percentage of NAV.
- h) Trustees shall, in the half Yearly Trustee Reports certify that provisions of the Mutual Funds Regulations pertaining to parking of funds in short term deposits pending deployment are complied with at all points of time. The AMC(s) shall also certify the same in its CTR(s).

The Trustee of the Mutual Fund may alter these limitations/objectives from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulation change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for the mutual fund in order to achieve its investment objective. All investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with the SEBI Regulation. All the Investment restrictions will be considered at the point of Investment.

#### Participation in repo of corporate debt securities

In accordance with SEBI circular no. CIR / IMD / DF / 19 / 2011 dated November 11, 2011 and CIR/IMD/DF/23/2012 dated November 15, 2012; scheme of Sundaram Mutual Fund (SMF) shall participate in the corporate bond repo transactions w.e.f. June 21, 2013 as per the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time. Currently the applicable guidelines are as under:

- The gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.

- Mutual Funds shall participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- In terms of Regulation 44 (2) mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months

The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the corporate bond repos will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of Sundaram Trustee Company Limited (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

The following guidelines shall be followed by Sundaram Mutual Fund for participating in repo in corporate debt securities, which have been approved by the Board of AMC and Trustee Company.

# (i) Category of counterparty to be considered for making investment:

All entities eligible for transacting in corporate bond repos as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo transactions.

# (ii) Credit rating of counterparty to be considered for making investment

The schemes shall participate in corporate bond repo transactions with counterparties having aminimum investment grade rating and is approved by the Investment Committee on a case-to-case basis. In case there is no rating available, the Investment Committee will decide the rating of the counterparty, and report the same to the Board from time to time.

#### (iii) Tenor of Repo and collateral

As a repo seller, the scheme will borrow cash for a period not exceeding 6 months or as per extant regulations.

As a repo buyer, the Scheme are allowed to undertake the transactions for maximum maturity upto one year or such other terms as may be approved by the Investment Committee.

There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of collateral.

# (iv) Applicable haircuts

As per RBI circular RBI/2012-13/365 IDMD.PCD. 09 /14.03.02/2012-13 dated 07/01/2013, all corporate bond repo transaction will be subject to a minimum haircut given as given below:

- (1) AAA: 07.50%
- (2) AA+: 08.50%
- (3) AA: 10.00%

The haircut will be applicable on the prevailing market value of the said security on the prevailing on the date of trade. However, the fund manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the market prevailing liquidity situation.

The Trustee of the Mutual Fund may alter these limitations/objectives from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulation change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for the mutual fund in order to achieve its investment objective. All investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with the SEBI Regulation. All the Investment restrictions will be considered at the point of Investment.

#### **Securities Lending**

Securities Lending means the lending of securities to another person

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or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation in order to enhance returns of the portfolio. The borrower will return the securities lent on the expiry of the stipulated period or the lender can call the same back i.e. the scheme before its expiry. The fund may lend the securities for a specific period, to generate better returns on those stocks, which are otherwise bought with the intention to hold for a long period of time. Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations and in accordance with Securities Lending Scheme, 1997, SEBI Circular No MFD/CIR/01/ 047/99 dated February 10, 1999, SEBI Circular no. SEBI /IMD / CIR No 14 / 187175/ 2009 dated December 15, 2009 and framework for short selling and borrowing and lending of securities notified by SEBI vide circular No MRD/DoP/SE/ Dep/Cir-14/2007 dated December 20, 2007, as may be amended from time to time, the Scheme seeks to engage in Securities Lending.

The AMC shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Securities Lending.

- 1. The exposure of the Scheme at the time of lending will be restricted to 20% of its total assets and 5% for a single counter party.
- The exposure to a single approved intermediary will not exceed 10% of the Total Assets of the Scheme or ₹5 crore whichever is higher.

**Risk associated with Securities Lending:** Risks associated with Securities Lending may include counter party risk, liquidity risk and other market risks.

The Fund may not be able to get back the securities lent thereby incurring losses. However this is mitiagted as the counter party would be of high credit quality and typically a clearing house or national stock exchange.

#### **Restriction on redemption in Mutual Funds**

- a. Restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:
  - i. *Liquidity issues* when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. AMCs should have in place sound internal liquidity management tools for schemes.

Restriction on redemption cannot be used as an ordinary tool in order to manage the liquidity of a scheme. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision, shall not be allowed.

- ii. Market failures, exchange closures-when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
- iii. Operational issues-when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems.
- b. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period.
- c. Any imposition of restriction would require specific approval of

Board of AMCs and Trustees and the same should be informed to SEBI immediately.

- d. When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:
  - No redemption requests up to INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.
  - ii. Where redemption requests are above INR 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first INR 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.
- e. Disclosure:

The above information to investors shall be disclosed prominently and extensively in the scheme related documents regarding the possibility that their right to redeem may be restricted in such exceptional circumstances and the time limit for which it can be restricted.

#### **C. Fundamental Attributes**

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI Regulation:

- (i) Type of Scheme: Sundaram Multi Cap Fund.
- (ii) Investment objective: The objective of the scheme is to achieve capital appreciation by investing predominantly in diversified stocks that are generally termed as mid-cap stocks.
- (iii) *Terms of Issue*: Provisions in respect redemption of units, fees and expenses as indicated in this Scheme Information Document.
  - Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption (Indicated in Highlights & Scheme Summary and Part III of this document).
  - Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme (Indicated in Highlights & Scheme Summary and Part IV of this document).
  - o Any safety net or guarantee.

The Scheme does not offer a safety net or guarantee.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI Regulation, the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme the Trustee, fee & expenses and any other change which would modify the Scheme and affect the interests of unit holders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each unit holder;
- An advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated and the unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.
- D. Index methodology

(for index funds, ETFs and FOFs having one underlying domestic ETF) NA

- E. Principles of incentive structure for market makers (for ETFs) NA
- F. Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated May19, 2023 (only for close ended debt schemes) NA



	G. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:
Ongoing offer period	The Scheme is available for subscription and redemption on all business days.
Ongoing price for subscription At applicable NAV and Stamp Duty (Face Value ₹ 10/- per unit)	At applicable NAV and Stamp Duty (Face Value ₹ 10/- per unit)
Ongoing price for redemption This is the price you will receive redemptions / switch outs	At the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit load. Net Asset Value - Applicable Exit Load. Example regarding Redemption price: Redemption Price = Applicable NAV * (1–Sales Load, if any) Applicable NAV is ₹ 10.00 Exit Load: 1 per cent Redemption Price = 10*(101) = ₹ 9.90. Ap plicable exit load shall be subject to the tenure of investment of the investor in the scheme vis-à-vis the exit load structure applicable when investor had invested in the scheme The Fund shall ensure that the redemption Price is not lower than 93% of the NAV.
Cut off timing This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.	<ul> <li>Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2020/175 dated September 17, 2020, Investors are requested to note the revised provisions for applicability of NAV, with effect from February 1, 2021:</li> <li>Applicable NAV for Subscriptions / Switch-ins (irrespective of application amount):</li> <li>In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m on a Business Day at the official point(s) of acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch ins) as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Schemes before the cut-off time of the same day i.e., available for utilization before the cut-off time of the chosing NAV of the day shall be applicable.</li> <li>In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m on a Business Day at the official point(s) of acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch ins) as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Schemes before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day - the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.</li> <li>Inrespective of the time of receipt of application at the official point(s) of acceptance, where funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Schemes before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day - i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day - i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time.</li> <li>For determining the applicable NAV, the following shall be ensured:</li> <li>Application for switch-in is received before the cut-off time.</li> <li>Finds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the Cut-off time.</li> <li>In case of 'switch' transactions from one scheme to another, the allocation and se</li></ul>
Where can the applications for purchase / redemption / switches be submitted	Subscription/redemption request can be submitted on any business day at branches of Sundaram Asset Management, the Registrar and at Investor Service Centres of the registrar. Registrar & Transfer Agent <b>KFin Technologies Limited</b> CIN: L72400TG2017PLC117649 Unit: Sundaram mutual Fund, Tower- B, Plot No. 31 & 32, Selenium building, Gachibowli Road, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad 500032.Contact No. 1860 425 7237 (India) +91 40 2345 2215 (NRI) Email us at: customerservices@sundarammutual.com Applications can be submitted at branches of Sundaram Asset Management Company Ltd, details of which are furnished on back cover page of this document. Applications can also be submitted at the authorised POS of MF Utility India. Please refer section on MF Utility Platform under Highlights & Scheme Summary Section for further information in this regard. The Investment Manager may modify, from time to time, the places for acceptance of applications in the interest of investors. For details investors may also refer to the website of the Asset Management Company / use the Toll Free Number provided in this document.
Allotment on on- going basis	For subscription to units by the investors, the units shall be allotted to them, provided the application is complete in every respect and in order. Otherwise the application may be rejected.

Section II - Part III - Infor	mation about the scheme	Scheme Information Document	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund
How to apply		f cost with the offices of	nd Key Information Memorandum, which is a part of the the Investment Manager and can be downloaded from imutual.com).
Minimum investment amount	New Investor/Existing – ₹100/- option. Stamp Duty: Pursuant to Notific Department of Revenue, Ministry of 2019, notified on February 21, 20 of India, a stamp duty @0.005% of transactions, with effect from July	for both IDCW and Gro cation No. S.O. 1226(E of Finance, Government 019 issued by Legislativ of the transaction value 1, 2020. Accordingly, p	bowth Option and any amount thereafter under each Plan E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued b of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of The Finance Act e Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Governmer of units would be levied on applicable mutual fund inflov ursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted and switch-in) to the Unit holders would be reduced to
Minimum amount for Redemption/Switches	The minimum amount for redempt whichever is lower.	tion/switch out will be: F	Regular & Direct Plan: ₹100/- or 1 unit or account balance
Minimum balance to be maintained Special facilities / products available	Nil		
Special facilities / products available	<ul> <li>Daily, Weekly, monthly and que Daily SIP, ₹ 100/- and minimum Weekly SIP, the minimum 6 instalments of an amount of Features of Daily SIP</li> <li>SIP shall commence on the One Time Mandate (OTM)</li> <li>SIP installment will not get</li> <li>Minimum Tenure and Amothereafter.</li> <li>SIP will be ceased in case</li> <li>At least 7 business days' pan existing Daily SIP</li> <li>Daily SIP can be registered</li> <li>SIP Top-up facility will not</li> <li>Any Day SIP: Investors can choor falls on a non-business day, the SIN instalment will be processed of a single of the month.</li> <li>The weekly SIP requests shall be pSIP instalment will be processed of is not mentioned by the investor, it or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period date of application or the end date of NACH period account. This will apply for SIP threlated bank charges incurred.</li> <li>The last date for fresh SIP registration of the Top-Up feature applications of the Top-Up feature application of the</li></ul>	arterly frequencies are a m 3 months stalments of an amount astalments of an amount as 750 per quarter. nent Plan (Daily SIP) e chosen date falling on registered in the existin processed on any Nor- unt - Minimum 3 month of 3 consecutive failure prior intimation should b d for a maximum of one be applicable for Daily for ose any preferred date of SIP will be processed on ble in a particular mont processed on Wednesd on the next business day t will be registered for a d specified in the OTM te of NACH period speci- sip default date is to bad structure will all rem on form, the SIP will be CH period specified in ally if there are three con rough Auto Debit and ation would be 30thJuly stematic Investment Pla as by a fixed amount duri are stated below: y & Quarterly	<ul> <li>c of Rs 1000 per week.</li> <li>t of Rs 100 per month and Quarterly SIP, the minimum</li> <li>or after 30 calendar days (10 calendar days for the activing folio) from the date of submission of SIP request.</li> <li>a-Business Days.</li> <li>as; Amount ₹ 100 per installment and in multiples of Re.</li> <li>as:</li> <li>as given to the Mutual Fund for cancellation/termination of a year period.</li> <li>arequency.</li> <li>of the month as SIP debit date. In case the chosen date the immediate next business day.</li> <li>b, the SIP will be processed on the last business day of a yof every week. If Wednesday is not a business day, the At the time of registration of SIP, if the 'default' end date default period up to 30 years from the date of applicatio.</li> <li>The SIP instalments shall continue 30 years from the infied in the OTM unless the investor instructs Sundarar 7th of every month if no specific date is mentioned. The ain the same. If the investor does not mention the period deemed to be registered up to 30 years from the date of the OTM unless and until the investor communicates honsecutive failures in debiting the money from investor NACH/OTM. The Fund reserves the right to recover the specific date.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>a. For monthly SIP, the top-u</li> <li>Half Yearly Top-up: Under the</li> </ul>		f investment through SIP instalment shall be increased b

Information Document

Special facilities /	an amount chosen by the Investor post every 6th (sixth) SIP instalment.
products available	<b>Yearly Top-up:</b> Under this option, the amount of investment through SIP instalment shall be increased by an amount chosen by the Investor post every 12th (twelfth) SIP instalment.
	b. For Quarterly SIP, the top option is
	Yearly Top-up: Under this option, the amount of investment through SIP instalment shall be increased by an amount chosen by the Investor post every 4th (fourth) SIP instalment. In case the investor who has registered under quarterly SIP has opted for half yearly Top-up, the SIP will be registered and processed as Yearly Top up.
	The Top-up feature shall not be available for weekly SIPs.
	2. Minimum Top-up Amount: ₹ 500 and in multiples of ₹ 500 thereafter.
	3. Default Top-up Frequency and amount:
	a. In case the investor does not specify either the frequency or the amount for Top-up, the applications shall be processed with following default options: Default frequency - Yearly Default Amount – ₹ 500
	<ul> <li>b. In case the investor does not specify the frequency for Top-up and amount for Top-up, the application form may be processed as SIP without Top-up feature, subject to it being valid and complete in all other aspects.</li> </ul>
	4. The SIP period has to be for a minimum of seven complete months in case of half-yearly top up and thirteen complete months for yearly top up.
	<ol> <li>SIP instalment amount has to be a minimum of ₹ 500/- in order to avail the top-up feature under monthly SIP. Otherwise, the transaction would be processed as a SIP without Top-up feature subject to it being valid and complete in all other aspects.</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>The Top-up option must be specified by the investors while enrolling for the SIP facility. The top-up feature can be availed only at the time of registration or renewal of SIP.</li></ol>
	7. The Top-up feature shall be available for SIP Investments only through OTM.
	<ol> <li>The top-up feature shall not be available in the following cases: (i) SIP registration under perpetual mode. (ii) SIP registrations which are received through Channel Partners, Exchanges and ISIPs. (iii) Registrations under COMBO SIP facility.</li> </ol>
	9. The Top-up details cannot be modified once enrolled. In order to make any changes, the investor must cancel the existing SIP and enrol for a fresh SIP with the revision in Top-up details. For further details please refer the Key Information Memorandum cum Application Form.
	SIP Pause Facility
	The existing investor who has an ongoing SIP will have an option to pause the SIP with effect from 23rd April 2020. The investor will have to submit the signed SIP Pause facility form duly complete in all respects to avail this facility.
	1. The SIP Pause Facility is available for SIP registration with monthly frequency only.
	2. The request for SIP Pause should be submitted at least 21 days prior to the subsequent SIP date.
	3. The request for SIP Pause can be for minimum 1 instalment and maximum 6 instalments
	4. Investor can opt for the SIP Pause facility only once during the tenure of particular SIP.
	5. The SIP shall continue from the subsequent instalment after the completion of Pause period automatically.
	Sundaram Flexi - Systematic Investment Plan ("Sundaram Flexi SIP")
	Sundaram Flexi SIP is a facility wherein an investor can opt to invest variable amount linked to the value
	of his investments in any of the existing open ended equity schemes (except ELSS scheme) of Sundaram
	Mutual Fund, on a pre-determined date.
	The minimum number of installments and amount for enrolment:
	Frequency under Flexi-SIP Facility Minimum Installments Minimum Flexi-SIP amount (₹)
	Monthly 12 Installments ₹ 1000/- and in multiple of ₹ 1/-
	Quarterly 4 installments ₹ 3000/- and in multiple of ₹ 1/-
	<ul> <li>The first Flexi SIP installment will be processed for the fixed installment amount specified by the unit holder at the time of enrolment. From the second Flexi SIP installment onwards, the investment amount shall be computed as per formula stated below.</li> </ul>
	Step 1
	<ul> <li>fixed amount to be invested per installment.</li> </ul>
	OR
	> the amount as determined by the following formula:
	(Number of current installment due * fixed amount to be invested per installment) - market value of the investments through Flexi SIP <sup>\$</sup> in the Scheme whichever is higher of the above
	Step 2
	Lower of the maximum amount specified by the customer and the amount determined by Step 1
	<sup>\$</sup> The installment value of FLEXI SIP will be determined on the basis of prevailing NAV on 10th day (T-10) before the installment date. If T-10th day falls on a Non-Business day, then the valuation will be considered of previous available NAV.

Sundara	m Multi	Cap Fund

Section II - Part III - Info	ormatio	n abol	It the scheme	Document	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund
Special facilities / products available	C	lishon			ing the tenure of Flexi SIP or when any installment for the purpose of calculation of installment amount (
	• T	he Fle	exi SIP will be available only unde	er the Growth op <sup>.</sup>	tion of the eligible schemes.
			e the date of installment falls c ss day.	on a Non-Busine	ss Day, the installment will be processed on the ne
	• 5	SIP Top	o-up facility will not be applicable	e for Flexi SIP	
			he Flexi SIP has been stopped/ exi SIP.	'terminated/cance	elled the unit holder needs to provide a new request
	• F	lexi Sl	IP will be ceased in case of 3 cc	onsecutive failures	5.
			ect of Flex SIP made in any of the ime of allotment of each installn		nded equity Scheme(s), the Exit Load Structure prevale licable.
			quest for Flexi SIP should be su or registration.	ubmitted at least	30 calendar days before the first installment along w
			IP cancellation can be done sep er, the associated NACH manda		itting the request at least 21 Business days in advanced for future investments
	• A	Il othe	er terms & conditions of System	atic Investment P	Plan are applicable to Flexi SIP.
	• 11	llustra	tion: Calculation of Flexi SIP		
	S	Schem	e Sundaram Large Cap Fund		
		Option	Growth		
		Date &	Frequency of Flexi SIP 10th - M	<i>f</i> lonthly	
	A	mour	nt ₹ 3000/-		
	N	lo. of	Installments 12		
	N	/laxim	um Debit Amount ₹5000/-		
	F	lexi Sl	P Period July 2022 – June 2023	3	
		Calcula	ation of Flexi SIP installment amo	ount for the 4th ir	nstallment i.e. October 10, 2022
	i.				i.e. September 10, 2022 is assumed as 500.000 units
	ii		of the scheme on T-10th day is		
					neme on T-10th day is ₹ 8,000.00
			00X 16]. The installment amount		-
	-	Step 1			
		-	ed amount specified at the time	of enrolment• ₹ 3	3 000/- Or
			determined by the formula: (3,0		
				00 × 4) = 8,000 =	- ( 4,000/-
		,	or b) Whichever is Higher.	a wat an Otan 1	
		-	= Lower of Maximum Debit Am	iount or Step 1	
			f (₹5000) or ₹ 4000		
		-		ent amount to be	invested in the Scheme will be ₹ 4,000/-
	(2)		sperity SIP		
		1.	Plan) cum SWP (Systematic V tenure, the accumulated cleare	Vithdrawal Plan) f ed units will be sw	n investor can register for a SIP (Systematic Investme for a specified duration. Post the completion of the S vitched out to the chosen target scheme (or remain in t in processing the switch in transaction.
		2.			for all investors except minors.
		3.	Eligible Schemes where SIF	P and SWP are a	available under the facility: The facility will be allow ded/hybrid schemes listed below.
			Sundaram Mid Cap Fund		Sundaram Business Cycle Fund
			Sundaram Services Fund		Sundaram Financial Services Opportunities Fund
			Sundaram Large Cap Fund		Sundaram Infrastructure Advantage Fund
					<u>_</u>
			Sundaram Flexi Cap Fund		Sundaram Consumption Fund
			Sundaram Large and Mid Ca	p Fund	Sundaram Balanced Advantage Fund
			Sundaram Focused Fund		Sundaram Multi Asset Allocation Fund
			Sundaram Multi Cap Fund		Sundaram Aggressive Hybrid Fund

 Sundaram Dividend Yield Fund

 \*The AMC reserves the right to modify the list of eligible schemes from time to time. The Target Scheme

Section II - Part III - Information about the scheme

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Sundaram Small Cap Fund

Sundaram Equity Savings Fund

Special facilities /		is the Scheme in which the Lumpsum switch and M	onthly SWP Scheme shall be registered in.				
products available		The SWP scheme can be different from the Source scheme to process a Switch and the SWP. If the Target SWP scheme is not mentioned in the application, no switch will be processed and SWP will start from the scheme selected for SIP.					
	4.	<b>Registration:</b> SIP can be registered in the eligible so 25 or 30 years. The minimum tenure is 7 years, and is selected. Prosperity SIP can be registered in a se Existing SIP registrations cannot be converted into F	the default tenure shall be 20 years when no tenure separate/new folio or an existing folio. Standalone				
		The facility shall be registered only for MONTHLY fre	quency under the eligible Schemes.				
	5.	<b>SIP Installment Amount:</b> The minimum SIP installment and in multiples of Re.1 thereafter.	nent amount under Prosperity SIP shall be Rs.2000				
	6.	Prosperity SIP will be available on Physical, digital a &, Exchange Platforms of BSE and NSE under non-					
	7.	Additional Purchases: Additional purchase/ switch units will be switched to the target scheme on comp					
	8.	mentioned by the investor in the form. In case the investor does not fill in any SWI SWP amount will be derived as per the table below.					
		Default SWP amounts					
		Registered SIP Tenure	Default monthly SWP installment				
		7 years	1.0x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		10 years	1.5x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		12 years	2.0x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		15 years	3.0x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		20 years	5.0xof the monthly SIP Installment				
		25 years	8.0x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		30 years	12.0x of the monthly SIP Installment				
		SWP under this facility shall be processed up to 31 otherwise) are available in the SWP Scheme, which	Dec 2099 or till units (acquired under this facility c				
	9.	How the facility works:					
		On completion of the SIP tenure, the entire accur respective scheme will be available for SWP.	mulated units in the Prosperity SIP facility of th				
		On completion of 15 days from the date of last SIP installment in Source Scheme, the entire amount representing accumulated clear units will be Switched into the investor's chosen Target scheme.					
		The Switch will not happen if the target scheme is the same as the source scheme					
	10.	<b>Commencement of SWPs:</b> Post completion of SIP tenure in the source scheme, entire ur by way of SIP will be switched to the target scheme (if different from the source scheme applicable load if any on the 15th day from the last SIP instalment date. SWP will start from scheme or the same scheme as the SIP if no target scheme has been chosen from the follow on the same day as SIP instalment date.					
	11.	Exit Load: Exit load shall be applicable as follows:					
		Exit load will be applicable on the switch from Source scheme to target scheme in line with the respective scheme features. For subsequent SWP/redemptions/Switch-outs from the target scheme, exit load will be calculated from the date of unit allotment/ Switch In date.					
		Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. Investors are requested to ascertain the applicable exit load structure prior to investing					
	12.						
		<ul> <li>If three (3) consecutive SIP installments are not h / Standing Instruction] is closed.</li> </ul>	nonored or the Bank Account [for OTM / Direct Deb				
		• On cancellation of SIP before the end of tenure.					
		In the case of transmission reported in folio duri	ng the tenure period of SIP.				
	during the	ions/Switch Out in Source scheme: Redemption /S Prosperity SIP's tenure. Units that are redeemed/swit FIFO) basis.					
		if the units in the folio are impacted by way of outflo d SWP will be discontinued. The SIP alone will contin					

Redemptions/Switch Out in Target scheme: Redemption/Switch-out in the target scheme under this facility will

Special facilities / products available	be allowed during the SWP period and SWP triggers will continue unaffected till the units are available in the target scheme.
	All other terms and conditions applicable to Systematic Investment Plan and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWF facilities shall apply mutatis mutandis to this facility. The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the term and conditions of the facility or withdraw from the facility.
	Enabling of SIP Top up Facility in BSE and NSE platforms.
	Investors are requested to note that SIP Top up facility will be available in Exchange platform of BSE/NSE unde Non-Demat Mode.
	(3) Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) SWP may be appropriate for those seeking regular inflow of funds for their needs. the minimum amount, which the unit holder can withdraw, is ₹500/ the unit holder may available of this plan by sending a written request to the Investment manager or the Registrar. Withdrawals throug SWP are effected on the specified redemption dates, at an interval of the investor's choice (weekly, monthly quarterly). the amount thus withdrawn by this option will be converted into units at the applicable redemption price on that date and will be subtracted from the units balance to the credit of the unit holder. unit holders may change the amount indicated in the SWP, subject to the minimum amount specified above, the SWP may be terminated on written notice from the unit holder, and it will terminate automatically when all the units of the unit holder are liquidated or withdrawn from the account. the unit holders can opt for either fixed or variable amount withdrawal under this facility. The unit holder can withdraw a fixed amount (subject to a minimum amount ₹500/- on the Specified Redemption Dates. In this case, the withdrawal could affect the capital, reducing it enhancing it based on the amount withdrawn and returns generated by the fund. Example: Amount Invested: ₹50,000/- in a Scheme of Sundaram mutual Fund – Growth Option. If the unit for the unit f
	holder decides to withdraw ₹ 5,000/- in a Schene of Sch
	Any Day Systematic Withdrawal Plan (Any day SWP)
	In addition to the existing provision of SWP facility, "Any Day SWP" facility is launched with the following detail
	SWP Frequency Choice of the Date* (1-31)
	Monthly SWP Any Date of the Month
	Quarterly SWP Any Date of the month on rolling quarter basis
	*In case the chosen date falls on a Non-Business Day, then the SWP will be processed on the immediate ne Business Day.
	*In case the SWP date is not specified or in case of ambiguity, the SWP transaction will be processed on 1 of the subsequent month after completion of 7 business days' registration period. In case the end date is no specified, SWP will be registered for a period of 3 years. The SWP registration will stand terminated when the unit balance in the scheme becomes NIL.
	Please note that SWP installment will be processed under active folio having free units in the scheme where SW is registered.
	All other terms and conditions pertaining to SWP shall remain the same.
	Any day SWP is eligible for cycle dates of 1st to 31st as under:
	i. For the dates from 1 to 28:
	<ul> <li>SWP shall be processed on the specified date if that day is business day. If it is a nonbusiness day, shall be processed on the next business day.</li> </ul>
	ii. For the dates from 29 to 31:
	<ul> <li>If the date is available in that month and business day, SWP shall be processed on the specified dat In case, the chosen date is available in that month, but it is a non-business day, SWP shall be processed on the next business day.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If the chosen SWP date itself not available in that month, SWP shall be processed on its previou business day.</li> </ul>
	o For example, if 29th is not available in the month of February, SWP shall be triggered on la business day of the month.
	o For example, if 31 is not available in any of the months, SWP shall be triggered on 30th of the month, if it is a business day, else the last business day of the month shall be considered for SWP processing.
	(4) Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) STP is a facility wherein a unit holder of a Sundaram Mutual Fund scheme ca
	opt to transfer a fixed amount or capital appreciation amount at regular intervals to another scheme of Sundara Mutual Fund. The amount transferred under the STP from the Transferor scheme to the Transferee scheme, sha be effected by redeeming units of Transferor scheme and subscribing to the units of the Transferee scheme.
	The last date for registration of fresh request for STP would be 30th July 2028 and the last execution da would be 30th Jan 2029. If the investor specifies end date beyond the date of maturity of the scheme, it will be registered up to 30th January 2029.

registered up to 30th January 2029

Daily: ₹1,000/- (6 Instalments). Weekly: ₹1,000/- (6 Instalments)

Informat

Special facilities /	Monthly: ₹100/- (6 Instalments).
products available	Quarterly: ₹750/- (6 Instalments)
	Semi Annual /Annual: ₹1,000/- (6 Instalments)
	STP Dates: Any day STP is eligible for cycle dates of 1st to 31st i. For the dates from 1 to 28: STP shall be processed on the given the day if that day is a business day. In ca
	the specified date is a non-business day, it shall be processed on the next business day.
	ii. For the dates from 29 to 31: If the selected date is available in that month and it is a business day, any d
	STPs should be triggered for processing on that date. If the selected date is not a business day, any day S
	shall be triggered for processing on the next business date.
	If the selected date itself is not available in that month, any day STP shall be triggered for processing on
	previous business day.
	<ul> <li>For example, if 29 is not available in the month of February, any day STP shall be triggered for process</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>on the last business day of February.</li> <li>For example, if 31 is not available in any of the months, any day STP shall be triggered for processing</li> </ul>
	30th of that month, provided it is a business day, else last business day of the month shall be conside
	for any day STP processing.
	Daily Systematic Transfer Plan (Daily STP) facility Daily STP is a facility provided wherein the unit holder(s)
	"Transferor Scheme(s)" can opt to transfer a fixed amount at daily intervals (Business days) from their exist
	investments under "Transferor Scheme(s)" to eligible "Transferee Scheme(s)" which is available for investmen
	that time. Investors are requested to note the following terms and conditions with respect to availing Daily S
	facility:
	i. Date of transfer Daily Interval (on all business days). Investors should note that in case of Daily STP,
	commencement date for transfers shall be the 15th working day from the date of receipt of a valid requ and thereafter, transfers shall be effected on all business days at NAV based prices, subject to applica
	load. Thus, in the event of an intervening non-business day (e.g. Saturday and Sunday), STP triggers
	not take place and consequently the total number of Daily STP instalments opted by the investor will
	adjusted to that extent i.e., For e.g. if the investor has opted for 20 instalments and if 5 non business d
	happen to occur in the intervening period, then only 15 Daily STP instalments shall be triggered. In view of
	intervening non business days, investors are advised to extend the period by including possible non busin
	days during the transfer period for covering the intended instalments.
	ii. Minimum amount of transfer Investors are required to instruct for a minimum of 20 transfers of ₹1000/- a
	in multiples of ₹100/- thereafter.
	iii. Load Structure of the Transferor Scheme & Transferee Schemes as on the date of enrolment of STP shal
	applicable. iv. Discontinuation of Daily STP
	a) Daily STP will be automatically terminated if all units are liquidated or withdrawn from the Transfe
	Scheme or pledged or upon receipt of intimation of death of unit holder. Further, if the outstand
	balance in "Transferor Scheme" does not cover any of the Daily STP instalment amount, all outstance
	units will be liquidated and Daily STP will be affected for such outstanding balance and Daily STP
	be terminated for subsequent instalments. b) Investors can also choose to terminate the Daily STP
	giving a written notice of at least 7 Business Days in advance to the Official Points of Transactions a
	accordingly, termination of Daily STP shall be effected from 8th Business Day of receipt of valid reque
	v. The provision of 'Minimum redemption amount' specified in the SID of Transferor Scheme and 'Minim application amount' specified in the SID of the Transferee Schemes will not be applicable for Daily STP.
	vi. The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to change / modify the terms of the Daily STP or withdraw this fac
	from time to time.
	Capital Appreciation Option under Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) / Systematic Transfer Plan (S
	facility.
	Investors can now choose the Capital Appreciation options with the Monthly or Quarterly frequency under System
	Withdrawal Plan (SWP) / Systematic Transfer Plan (STP).
	Features of Capital Appreciation Option:
	Capital appreciation in the scheme can be withdrawn/transferred to the specified Destination Scheme
	<ul><li>prescribed frequency.</li><li>The Capital Appreciation option will be available only under the Growth option of the eligible schemes.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Investor opting for STP with capital appreciation, will have to choose Growth as scheme option under destina</li> </ul>
	scheme.
	<ul> <li>The minimum investment or current value in the scheme should be ₹ 1,00,000/- on the day of application</li> </ul>
	SWP/STP with capital appreciation option.
	Minimum 6 instalments required for registration of SWP/STP facility with capital appreciation option.
	SWP/STP registration will take minimum 5 Business Days'.
	The respective NAV on the date of registration of SWP/STP facility in the scheme will be considered as base N
	for the purpose of calculating the capital appreciation amount for the first installment.
	<ul> <li>For subsequent installments, the NAV of the previous instalment will become the base NAV for the purpose activities the capital appreciation amount.</li> </ul>
	calculating the capital appreciation amount.
	<ul> <li>In case of any additional inflows (including SIP instalments) between two STP/SWP instalments, the cap appreciation amount will be identified by the difference in NAV of creation of such additional units and the N</li> </ul>
	of the scheme on the date of SWP/STP instalment. (refer illustration)
	<ul> <li>In case the specified date is a non-business day for either of the schemes, the STP instalment will be process</li> </ul>

pecial facilities / roducts available	<ul> <li>Discontinuation         <ul> <li>SWP/STP w</li> <li>SWP/STP w</li> <li>intimation of</li> <li>Investors ca</li> <li>in advance t</li> <li>on receipt of</li> </ul> </li> <li>The criteria for m         <ul> <li>and minimum re</li> <li>Capital Apprecia</li> <li>guarantee on pa</li> <li>of loss of capita</li> <li>Illustration –</li> <li>Capital apprecia</li> <li>Let us assume t</li> <li>like to redeem/tt</li> <li>Date of SWP/STP Date</li> <li>Date of first SW</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transaction Date</li> <li>15th March</li> <li>15th April</li> <li>5th May</li> <li>15th May</li> </ul>	that Mr. ABC invested ₹ 1,00,00 ransfer capital appreciation on 5TP Registration – 3rd March rch– 10.5000 – 15th of every month (P/STP transaction – 15th Marc Transaction type (a) Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	s alance in the sch e Scheme are ur nate the SWP/ST stions and accord inimum additiona ource Schemes in any manner holders in terms respective SID/k 00 in Scheme on a monthly basis	The poly giving dingly, terminal application shall not be whatsoever of returns of KIM before in 1st March a	period or ple a notice of a nation of SW n amount in c applicable. is not an as r capital appr vesting. at NAV of ₹ 1 of 6 months. Units (d) 10000.000 1250.000	t least 7 Business D P/STP shall be effect case of Target Scher ssurance or promise reciation or minimiza 0 per unit and he wo
	<ul> <li>Discontinuation         <ul> <li>SWP/STP w</li> <li>SWP/STP w</li> <li>intimation of</li> <li>Investors ca</li> <li>in advance t</li> <li>on receipt of</li> </ul> </li> <li>The criteria for m</li> <li>and minimum reference</li> <li>Capital Appreciaguarantee on participation –</li> <li>Capital Appreciaguarantee on participation –</li> <li>Capital apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial apprecial filter to redeem/tt</li> <li>Date of SWP/S</li> <li>NAV on 3rd Mar</li> <li>SWP/STP Date</li> <li>Date of first SW</li> <li>Transaction Date</li> <li>15th March</li> <li>15th May</li> <li>T5th May</li> <li>Calculation of Capital Strain (Capital Strain)</li> </ul>	of SWP/STP, for all frequencies vill stand terminated after the ba vill be terminated if all units of the f death of first/sole unit holder. In also choose to cancel/termin to the Official Points of Transac f valid request. minimum application amount/m edemption amount in case of S fation under SWP/STP Facility art of Scheme/ AMC to the Unit all or otherwise. Please read the ation option: that Mr. ABC invested ₹ 1,00,00 ransfer capital appreciation on STP Registration – 3rd March rch– 10.5000 – 15th of every month /P/STP transaction – 15th Marce <b>Transaction type</b> (a) Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	s alance in the sch he Scheme are ur hate the SWP/ST stions and accord inimum additiona cource Schemes in any manner holders in terms respective SID/k 00 in Scheme on a monthly basis ch <u>Amount (₹)</u> (b) 1,00,000.00 15,000.00	P by giving dingly, termir al applicatior shall not be whatsoever of returns of KIM before in a 1st March a for a period NAV (c)=a/b 10.0000 12.0000	period or ple a notice of a nation of SW n amount in c applicable. is not an as r capital appr vesting. at NAV of ₹ 1 of 6 months. Units (d) 10000.000 1250.000	t least 7 Business D P/STP shall be effect case of Target Scher ssurance or promise reciation or minimiza 0 per unit and he wo Der unit and he wo Closing Balance
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	Transaction Date  1st March 15th March 15th April 5th May 15th May Calculation of Capi	Transaction type (a) Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	Amount (₹) (b) 1,00,000.00 15,000.00 8750.00	(c)=a/b 10.0000 12.0000	(d) 10000.000 1250.000	10000.000
	1st March 15th March 15th April 5th May 15th May <b>Calculation of Capi</b>	(a) Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	(b) 1,00,000.00 15,000.00 8750.00	(c)=a/b 10.0000 12.0000	(d) 10000.000 1250.000	10000.000
	15th March 15th April 5th May 15th May <b>Calculation of Capi</b>	Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	1,00,000.00 15,000.00 8750.00	10.0000	10000.000 1250.000	
	15th March 15th April 5th May 15th May <b>Calculation of Capi</b>	SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-1/6 SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	15,000.00 8750.00	12.0000	1250.000	
	5th May 15th May Calculation of Capi	SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-2/6 Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount	8750.00			
	5th May 15th May Calculation of Capi	Purchase SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount		13.0000	673.077	8076.923
	15th May Calculation of Capi	SWP/STP-Capital Appreciation-3/6 ital Appreciation amount		15.0000	66.667	8143.59
	Calculation of Capi	ital Appreciation amount	25926.15	16.2000	1600.379	6543.211
		SWP/STP Registration	1 Date	NAV	Unit	Capital
		Date NAV NAV/Previ		ppreciation	Balance	Appreciation
		SWP(STP) NAV/		per unit		Amount
		Purchase				
		(e) (f)		(g)=e-f	(h)	(i)
	15th March	12.0000 10.5000	0	1.5000	10000.000	15000.000
	15th April	13.0000 12.0000	0	1.0000	673.077	8750.000
	15th May	16.2000 13.0000 (for 80		2 (for 8076.923	8143.59	(3.2*8076.923)+
		units) and 15		units) and 1.2		(1.2*66.667) =
		(for 66.667		r 66.667 units)		25926.15
	(4)	(				
Α.	A. As per SEBI C	ircular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-I	DOF2/P/CIR/20	)22/161 as o	on Novemb	er 25. 2022.
		cation of paragraph II(c) of SEB				
		all be two working days from th				
	payment of divid			,		
		f dividend to the unitholders sh	all be made with	in seven wo	rking davs fro	om the record date
	B. IDCW Transfer					
		Company Limited, the Trustee	to Sundaram Mi	itual Fund h	as introducer	d Transfer IDCW On
		ded schemes from any scheme				
		asa sonornos norn any sonorne				
	-	ditions of the Transfer IDCM/ Or		N/C'		
	The terms and cond	ditions of the Transfer IDCW Op	otion are as follow		a) [horoinafta	r referred to as "Sa
	The terms and cond 1) Transfer IDCW (	Option is a facility wherein unit	otion are as follow holder(s) of eligit	ole scheme(s		
	The terms and cond 1) Transfer IDCW ( Scheme(s)"] of s	Option is a facility wherein unit Sundaram Mutual Fund can o	ption are as follow holder(s) of eligit pt to automatica	ole scheme(s Illy invest the	e IDCW (as r	reduced by the amo
	The terms and cond 1) Transfer IDCW ( Scheme(s)"] of s of applicable st	Option is a facility wherein unit Sundaram Mutual Fund can op tatutory levy, if any) declared l	ption are as follow holder(s) of eligit pt to automatica by the eligible S	ole scheme(s Illy invest the Source Sche	e IDCW (as r me(s) into o	reduced by the amo
	The terms and cond 1) Transfer IDCW ( Scheme(s)"] of s of applicable st [hereinafter refer	Option is a facility wherein unit Sundaram Mutual Fund can op tatutory levy, if any) declared l rred to as <b>"Target Scheme(s)</b> ?	btion are as follow holder(s) of eligit pt to automatica by the eligible S "] of Sundaram N	ole scheme(s Illy invest the Source Sche Autual Fund.	e IDCW (as r eme(s) into o	reduced by the amo ther eligible Schem
	<ol> <li>The terms and cond</li> <li>Transfer IDCW ( Scheme(s)"] of soft applicable st [hereinafter reference]</li> <li>DSO facility is an applicable st</li> </ol>	Option is a facility wherein unit Sundaram Mutual Fund can op tatutory levy, if any) declared l	otion are as follow holder(s) of eligit pt to automatica by the eligible S "] of Sundaram M nder the IDCW P	ole scheme(s Illy invest the Source Sche Mutual Fund. Plan / Option	e IDCW (as r me(s) into o of the Source	reduced by the amo ther eligible Schem ce Scheme(s). Howe

holder's enrolment under the DSO facility will automatically override any previous instructions for 'IDCW Payout' or 'IDCW Reinvestment' facility in the Source Scheme.

3) The enrolment for DSO facility should be for all units under the respective IDCW Plan / Option of the Source Scheme. Instructions for part IDCW Transfer and part IDCW Payout / Reinvestment will not be accepted. The IDCW amount will be invested in the Target Scheme under the same folio. Accordingly, the unit holder(s) details and mode of holding in the Target Scheme will be same as in the Source Scheme.

 The enrolment to avail of DSO facility has to be specified for each Scheme/Plan/Option separately and not at the folio level.

5) Under DSO, IDCW declared (as reduced by the amount of applicable statutory levy and deductions, if any) in the Source scheme (subject to minimum of ₹500/-) will be automatically invested into the Target Scheme, as opted by the unit holder, on the date of realisation of funds in the target scheme, subject to applicable load as specified under paragraph 8 below and accordingly equivalent units will be allotted in the Target Scheme, subject to the terms and conditions of the Target Scheme.

# Special facilities / products available

6) The provision for **'Minimum Application Amount'** specified in the respective Target Scheme's Scheme Information Document (SID) will not be applicable under DSO.

7) Load Structure: The IDCW amount to be invested under the DSO from the Source Scheme to the Target Scheme shall be invested by subscribing to the units of the Target Scheme at applicable NAV. Entry Load (Target Scheme): Nil for all type of plans

Exit Load (Target Scheme): As per the relevant SID(s) The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the load structure at any time in future on a prospective basis.

- 8) The account statement will be issued by Email or by post/courier (if opted by the unitholder) to the unit holder once in a month, in case of any transactions made during the month.
- 9) Unitholders who wish to enroll for DSO facility are required to fill DSO Enrolment Form available with the ISCs, distributors/agents and also displayed on the website www.sundarammutual.com. The DSO Enrolment Form should be completed in English in Block Letters only. Please tick (✓) in the appropriate box, where boxes have been provided. The DSO Enrolment Form complete in all aspects should be submitted at any of the Investor Services centre (ISCs) of Sundaram Mutual Fund.
- 10) The request for enrolment for DSO must be submitted at least 10 days prior to the Record Date for the IDCW. In case of this condition not being met, the enrolment would be considered valid from the immediately succeeding Record Date of the IDCW.
- 11) Unitholder(s) are advised to read the SID(s) of Target Scheme(s) carefully before investing. The SID(s) / Key Information Memorandum(s) of the respective Scheme(s) are available with the ISCs of Sundaram Mutual Fund, brokers / distributors and also displayed on the Sundaram Mutual Fund website i.e. www.sundarammutual. com
- 12) Unit holders will have the right to discontinue the DSO facility at any time by sending a written request to the ISC. Notice of such discontinuance should be received at least 10 days prior to the IDCW Record Date. On receipt of such request, the DSO facility will be terminated. At the time of discontinuation of DSO facility, the Unit holders should indicate their choice of option i.e. IDCW reinvestment or IDCW payout. In the event the Unitholder does not indicate his choice of IDCW option, the IDCW, if any, will be reinvested (compulsory payout if IDCW reinvestment option is not available) in the Source Scheme. Once the request for DSO is registered, then it shall remain in force unless it is terminated as aforesaid.
- 13) The Trustee reserves the right to change/ modify the terms and conditions of the DSO at a later date on a prospective basis.

### (5) Pledge

Pledge of units will be recognised. For details please contact our Investor Service Centres. In case of Pledge of Units held in Demat Form , the prescribed procedures of DP will have to be followed. Transfer/Withdrawal facility will not be available in respect of Units which are subject to Lock-in or pledge

#### Loan Against Mutual Fund Units (LAMF)

Loan Against Mutual Funds (LAMF) is a financial solution that allows you to create an overdraft facility against your mutual fund units. This facility is provided by many Banks/Fin tech companies/Financial Institution/NBFC through Offline/Online i.e., through their Web portal. Investors based on their requirement can avail this facility.

Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank/financial institution/NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund/ AMC assumes no responsibility thereof. The Pledgor will not be able to redeem Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge/lien charge may be removed. As long as, the units are under pledge, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such units requesting for redemption proceeds to be credited to their account, AMC will obliged to honour such request. In case the units pledged are of close ended scheme and if the units are under pledge at the time of maturity of the scheme, then the AMC reserves the right to pay the maturity amount to the person / bank / financial institution/non-banking finance companies (NBFCs)/any other body in whose favour the lien has been marked. An intimation of such payment will be sent to the investor. The AMC thereafter shall not be responsible for any claims made by the investor/third party on account of such payments.

#### (6) Online Transaction

Investors desirous of using online services can do so after obtaining a login password by executing an IPIN agreement. For more details please refer to Statement of Additional Information and website www.sundarammutual. com.

## (7) Purchase/Redemption through NSE and BSE Exchange Platform

MFSS of NSE / BSE Star MF Platform The Trustee may, at its sole discretion, at a later date offer a facility to subscribe and redeem the units of schemes through the infrastructure of the MFSS of NSE / BSE Star MF Platform introduced by NSE & BSE for transacting in units of the scheme. A suitable public announcement will be made if any such move is initiated.

Investor may also purchase the units through MF Utility.

#### (8) KFINKART Facility

In addition to the existing investor service centers and other modes of investment, investors / unit holders of Sundaram Mutual Fund ('the Fund') will now be allowed to transact in schemes of the Fund through www.mfs. kfintech.com as well as mobile app, electronic platforms provided by KFin Technologies Limited, Registrar & Transfer Agent of the Fund ('KFin'). The facility to transact in schemes will also be available through mobile application of Kfin i.e. 'KFINKART'

The Trustee reserves the right to amend, add or withdraw any special features/conditions in the interest of investors.

Account statement	1) A tra	solidated Account Statement: Consolidated Account Statement (CAS)^ for each calendar month to the Unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) ansaction**(s) has/have taken place during the month shall be sent on or before 15th of the succeeding month
	∧ by	y mail/e-mail. Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) shall contain details relating to all the transactions <sup>**</sup> carried out y the investor across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month cluding transaction charges paid to the distributor, if any.
	sy 2)	The word 'transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, IDCW payout, IDCW reinvestment, stematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan and bonus transactions. In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, the AMC/Mutual Fund will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request.
	3)	In case the mutual fund folio has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder shall receive the CAS/ account statement.
		For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN).
		The CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN.
	6)	Further, the CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The half yearly CAS will be sent by e-mail to the Unit holders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical. Such Consolidated Account Statement shall reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units prior to the date of generation of the account statement.
	7)	The statement of holding of the beneficiary account holder for units held in DEMAT will be sent by the respective DPs periodically.
		Any circular/clarification issued by SEBI in this regard will automatically become applicable and shall be incorporated in the SID/SAI/KIM wherever applicable.
		Pursuant to SEBI circular CIR/MRD/DP/31/2014 dated November 12, 2014, investors having Mutual Fund investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) from the Depository. Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis. If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within ten days from the month end. In case, there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis.
	9)	Pursuant to SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/89 dated September 20, 2016, the following points have been incorporated to increase the transperancy of information to the investors.
		A Each CAS issued to the investors shall also provide the total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme.
		B Further, CAS issued for the half-year (ended September/ March) shall also provide:
		(i) The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors. Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as service tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc.
		(ii) The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) along with the break up between investment and advisory fees, commission paid to the distributor and other expenses for the half- year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.
		C. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period.
	10)	As per SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/2020/194 dated October 05, 2020 on IDCW option/ plans in mutual fund schemes, whenever distributable surplus is distributed under IDCW Plan, the AMCs are required to clearly segregate and disclose, income distribution (appreciation in NAV) and capital distribution (Equalisation Reserve) in the Consolidated Account Statement provided to the investors. The above provisions is effective from 1 April 2021.
	-	ircular/clarification issued by SEBI in this regard will automatically become applicable and shall be incorporated SID/SAI/KIM wherever applicable.

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IDCW	The IDCW warrant/cheque shall be dispatched to the unit holders within seven working days of the date of declaration of the IDCW. The Investment Manager shall be liable to pay interest to the unit holders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay. The prescribed rate at present is 15% per annum. In case of delay, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest @ 15 per cent per annum to the unit holders. It may be noted that the Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing or assuring any IDCW. IDCW payment may also be done by Direct Credit subject to availability of necessary facility at each location. For further details please refer to the Application Form.
Redemption	SEBI has clarified that the AMCs are required to obtain PAN and KYC documentation before processing any redemption requests. As per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-I DOF2/P/CIR/2022/161 as on November 25, 2022. The redemption or redemption proceeds shall be dispatched to the unit holders within three working days from the date of redemption. During circumstances such as market closure / breakdown / calamity / strike / violence / bandh, extreme price volatility/SEBI Directives etc, the Trustee can stop/suspend sale/redemption of Units.
Delay in payment of repurchase / redemption proceeds	The redemption proceeds will be dispatched to the Unitholders within 3 Business days from the date of maturity. For any delay in this regard the Investment Manager will be liable to pay interest @ 15% p.a. (or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI).
Policy on unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts	The treatment of unclaimed redemption & IDCW amount will be as per SEBI circular dated Feb 25, 2016. The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts, that were earlier allowed to be deployed only in call money market or money market instruments. Alternatively, it is also be allowed to be invested in a separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. In this regard, Board of AMC and Trustee of Sundaram Mutual Fund have approved the introduction of unclaimed Amount Plan for the investor to ascertain any unclaimed IDCW or redemption proceeds shall be deployed in Sundaram Liquid Fund unclaimed plan on behalf of the investor under his/her applicable folios and the same has been provided under following link https://mfs.kfintech.com/mfs/sundaram_unclaimed.aspx. The Investment Manager shall make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The overall TER for unclaimed plan including AMC Fee is restricted to 50 bps. please check the circulars and addendum issued for introduction of unclaimed plan.
Bank account details	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it shall be mandatory for the Unitholders to mention their bank account numbers in their applications. Unitholders are requested to give the full particulars of their Bank Account i.e. nature and number of account, name, Nine digit MICR code No. (For Electronic Credit Facility), IFSC code for NEFT a 11 digit number, branch address of the bank at the appropriate space in the application form. Proceeds of any redemption will be sent only to a bank account that is registered and validated in the Investor's folio at the time of redemption transaction processing. With a view to monitor, as part of Standard KYC Norms, that third party payment Instruments are not be accepted for subscription, the Mutual Funds will be providing a facility for investors to do a one-time registration of all their bank accounts (subject to a maximum of 5 accounts) where they are one of the holders and from where they expect to make a payment for mutual fund subscription. For further details please refer to the instructions in the Application Forms/SAI and the Website of the Mutual Fund.
Registration of Bank Account	The Unitholders may choose to receive the redemption/IDCW proceeds in any of the bank accounts, the details of which are registered with the AMC by specifying the necessary details in the "Bank Accounts Registration form" which will be available at our office/KFin Technologies Limited and on the website of www. Sundarammutual. com. Individuals, HUFs, Sole proprietor firms can register up to five bank accounts and other type of investors can register up to ten bank accounts in a folio. The unitholder can choose anyone of the registered bank accounts as default bank account. In case the investor fails to mention any preference, then by default the first number indicated in the list shall be the preferred account number. If unit holder(s) provide a new unregistered bank mandate/ a change of bank mandate request with a specific redemption proceeds such bank account may not be considered for payment of redemption proceeds, or the Fund may withheld the payment for up to 10 calendar days to ensure validation of new bank mandate mentioned. Duly filled and valid change of bank mandate requests with supporting documents will be processed within ten business days of necessary documents reaching the head office of the RTA and any financial transaction request received in the interim will be carried based on previous details only. For more details please refer our websites www.sundarammutual.com. For any queries and clarifications that you may have, please get in touch with us at our office or call our toll free number 1860 425 7237.
Non Acceptance of Third Party Instruments	<ul> <li>Applications accompanied by a Third Party Instrument will be rejected. Applications accompanied by pre-funded instruments (such as demand drafts, pay order etc.) will also be rejected unless accompanied by a banker's certificate evidencing the source of the funds. In case such pre-funded instruments are purchases through cash for value of Rs 50,000/- and above the same shall also be rejected irrespective of being supported with banker's certificate.</li> <li>Following are the exceptional situations- when Third-Party Payments can be made with relevant declaration and KYC/PAN of such Third Party: <ul> <li>(i) Payment made by an employer on behalf of its employee(s) under Systematic Investment Plans through payroll deductions;</li> <li>(ii) Custodian on behalf of an FII or a client.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The above list is not a complete list and is only indicative in nature and not exhaustive. Any other method of payment, as introduced by the Fund will also be covered under these provisions. The AMC may also request for additional documentation as may be required in this regard from the investor/person making the payment. when payment is made through pre-funded instruments (such as Pay Order, Demand Draft, Banker's cheque, etc)., a certificate from the issuing banker must accompany the application stating the account holder's name and the account number which has been debited for the issue of the instrument. If payment is made by RTGS, NEFT, ECS, bank transfer, etc., a copy of the instruction to the bank stating the account number debited must accompany the application. The AMC may, at its discretion, reject any application which is incomplete or not accompany the application. The AMC may, at its discretion, reject any application which is incomplete or not accompanied with valid documents.</li> </ul>

	1					
Plans / Options	Plans: Regular Plan and Dire	ct Plan				
offered	Options: Growth, Income Distri	bution cum Capital Withdrawal (ID	CW): Payout, Re-Investment & Transfer			
	SIP and STP, registrations in the with effect from October 01, 201 amount) under IDCW Reinvestme	e Institutional Plan (including op 2. Also, from November 01, 2012	or 13, 2012, subscription, including new tions under the plan) was discontinued, the IDCWs declared (irrespective of the n(s)/Option(s) shall be reinvested into the equilar Plan.			
	If no option is indicated, the defauindicate a sub option, the default Liquid Fund -Growth Option), which scheme when IDCW payable is I All categories of investors (whether to subscribe under Direct Plan. In the Fund for investing directly with	sub-option shall be IDCW Transfer en the IDCW payable is ₹ 500 or m ess than ₹500 in the respective su r existing or new Unitholders) as pe vestments under Direct Plan can b	stor chooses the IDCW Option but fails to r (Default destination Scheme- Sundaram hore and IDCW Reinvestment in the same b option. Immitted to invest in this scheme are eligible e made through various modes offered by Platform(s) and all other Platform(s) where			
	The expense ratio of Direct Plan shall be lower than that of the Regular Plan. No commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Plan. The direct plan will also have a separate NAV.					
		der Direct Plan of a Scheme will hav				
	against the Scheme name in the a					
		tions shall be processed under the	Direct Plan:			
			Plan" is indicated against the Scheme name			
	2. Where application is received for Regular Plan without Distributor code or the word "Direct" is mentioned in the ARN column.					
	3. Neither the plan nor the distributor code is mentioned in the application form					
	In the following cases, the applications shall be processed under the Regular Plan:					
	1. The application form contains the distributor code but does not indicate the plan.					
	2. Where application is received for Regular Plan with Distributor code.					
	The following matrix will be applied for processing the applications in the Regular or Direct Plan:					
	Broker Code mentioned	Plan mentioned	Plan under which			
	by the investor	by the investor	units will be allotted			
	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan			
	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan			
	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan			
	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan			
	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan			
	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan			
	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan			
	_	Not Mentioned olete ARN codes mentioned on the	Regular Plan e application form, the application shall be			
	flow to meet specific financial goa	Is can opt for the growth option. T	also do not have a need to receive the cash he income earned on the units will remain			
	invested in the Scheme and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value. No IDCW will be declared under this option. If units of this option are held as a capital asset for a period of at least 12 months from the date of allotment, income from such units will be treated as long-term capital gains for tax purposes. <b>IDCW Option</b> IDCW may be declared by the Trustee at its discretion from time to time subject to the availability					
	of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. There is no assurance/guarantee with respect to the quantum or the frequency or the certainty of IDCW distribution. The decision on whether to declare a IDCW or not will depend on the performance of the scheme and availability of distributable surplus. The IDCW pay out may also vary from time to time. The decision of the Trustee will be final in this regard.					
			-			
	Unit holders opting for the IDCW appear in the Register of the Sche IDCW. The IDCW payment will be Income Tax Act or other laws in fo	Option only will be eligible to rece me in the IDCW Option category a subject to the distribution tax, if a rce.	will be final in this regard. vive IDCWs. All unit holders whose names s on the Record Date will be entitled to the hy, payable by the Mutual Fund as per the decline to the extent of the pay out and			

Informati

Plans / Options	Income Distribution cum Ca	pital Withdrawal (IDC	W) Option: Income distribution under this option may				
offered	be declared by the Trustee at it	s discretion from time to	time subject to the availability of distributable surplus				
	calculated in accordance with t	he Regulations. There is	no assurance/guarantee with respect to the quantum				
	or the frequency or the certain	ty of distribution. The o	decision on whether to declare a Dividend or not will				
	depend on the performance of the scheme and availability of distributable surplus. The Dividend pay out may						
	also vary from time to time. The	e decision of the Trustee	e will be final in this regard.				
	Further, Investor shall note th	at when units are sol	d, and sale price (NAV) is higher than face value				
			ized gains shall be credited to an Equalization Reserve				
	Account and which can be	used to pay IDCW.	Hence IDCW amounts can be distributed out of				
			of sale price that represents realized gains.				
			gible to receive the dividend. Considering the date and				
	-		Ill be contrued as Income from reserves or from capital				
	invested and such bi-furcation						
			f the Scheme in the IDCW Option category as on the				
			payment will be subject to the statutory levy, if any,				
	payable by the Mutual Fund as	•					
		ution of income, the NA	V per unit will decline to the extent of the pay out and				
	statutory levy, if any.						
			Transfer or Re-investment Option.				
	-		batch the dividend for IDCW option holders through				
			me distribution. The cheques / warrant will be drawn				
			mailed to the address indicated by the investor in the				
			ank account details - the name of the bank, branch				
			ayment may also be done by Direct Credit subject to				
	<ul> <li>availability of necessary facility at each location.</li> <li>IDCW Re-Investment: Investors have the option to re-invest the income by way of buying additional units</li> </ul>						
			the ex-NAV of the IDCW Option on the next business				
			will be charged for such re-investment of first income.				
		-	be deemed to be constructive payment of income				
	distributed to the unit holder ar						
			CW payout option of the scheme under a folio is less				
			npulsorily reinvested in the same plan / option instead				
	of payout.						
		this option are held as a	capital asset for a period of more than 12 months (as				
			e cost of acquisition will be treated as long-term capital				
	gains for tax purposes.						
		: This option will be av	ailable only when the amount payable to the investor's				
	account on the Record Date in	a folio is equal to or mo	pre than ₹500/. The distributed income so payable will				
	be automatically swept into the	e Target Scheme (Oper	n ended schemes) as opted by the unitholder, on the				
	date of realisation of funds in th	ne target scheme (DSO	form available in the website www.sundarammutual.				
	com) after the Record Date at	the applicable NAV of	the Target Scheme, subject to applicable load and				
	accordingly equivalent units will	be alloted in the Target	Scheme (Open ended schemes), subject to the terms				
	and conditions of the Target Sc	heme depending upon	whether the investment was registered with or without				
	broker code of the chosen scheme at the applicable NAV.						
			ation form by ticking the appropriate box provided for				
			ill be Growth. If an investor chooses the IDCW Option				
			shall be IDCW Transfer (Default destination Scheme-				
			is ₹ 500 or more and IDCW Reinvestment in the same				
			ective sub option. The chosen Plan and Option can be				
	changed by sending a request in w						
			tember 13, 2012, subscription, including new SIP and				
	-		under the plan) has been discontinued with effect from				
			Ws declared (irrespective of the amount) under IDCW				
	-		(s) shall be reinvested into the corresponding Option				
	under the Single Plan of the Schen	ie, i.e. Regular Plan.					
www.sun	darammutual.com	54	Sundaram Mutual Fund				

International Security Identification Number (ISIN)	The Investor have an option to hold the units either in the physical or demat mode in accordance with his/her own choice. International Security Identification Numbers (ISIN) in respect of the plans/options of the schemes have been created in National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL). The details of ISIN are provided in Highlights and Scheme Summary section of this document. In case the unitholder desires to hold the units in Dematerialized / Rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of units held in non-DEMAT form into DEMAT (electronic form) or vice-versa should be submitted along with a DEMAT/REMAT request form to their Depository Participants.
Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) policy	IDCW may be declared by the Trustee at its discretion subject to the availability of distributable surplus as calculated in accordance with the Regulations. There is no assurance/guarantee with respect to the quantum or the frequency or the certainty of IDCW distribution. The decision on whether to declare a IDCW or not will depend on the performance of the scheme and availability of distributable surplus. The rate of IDCW may also vary from time to time. The decision of the Trustee will be final in this regard. IDCW will be declared on the face value of Rs 10 per unit. Unit holders opting for the IDCW Option only will be eligible to receive IDCWs. All unit holders whose names appear in the Register of the Scheme in the IDCW Option category as on the Record Date will be entitled to the IDCW. The IDCW payment will be subject to the distribution tax, if any, payable by the Mutual Fund as per the Income Tax Act or other laws in force. Effect of IDCW: In the IDCW option, after the record date for distribution of IDCW, the NAV per unit will decline to the extent of the pay out and distribution tax, if any. IDCW will be paid within seven working days from date of declaration. Post declared and applicable IDCW distribution tax/any other statutory levy. In case of delay, the Investment Manager will be liable to pay interest to the unit holders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay. The prescribed rate at present is 15% per annum. However if Bank Details are not properly provided by the Investor, the provision regarding payment of interest for delay will not apply.
Know Your Customer (KYC) / CKYC	<ul> <li>The Securities and Exchange Board of India has issued detailed guidelines on 18/01/2006 and measures for prevention Money Laundering and had notified SEBI (KYC Registration Agency) Regulations, 2011 on December 02, 2011 with a view to bring uniformity in KYC Requirements for the securities market and to develop a mechanism for centralization of the KYC records. SEBI has also issued circulars from time to time on KYC compliance and maintenance of documentation pertaining to unit holders of mutual funds. Accordingly the following procedures shall apply:</li> <li>KYC acknowledgement is mandatory for all investors.</li> <li>An application without acknowledgement of KYC compliance will be rejected</li> <li>New Investors are required to submit a copy of Income Tax PAN card, address proof and other requisite documents along with the KYC application form to any of the intermediaries registered with SEBI, including Mutual Funds to complete KYC effective from January 01, 2012. The KYC application form is available at <i>www.sunclarammutual.com</i></li> <li>The Mutual Fund shall perform initial KYC of its new investors and send the application form along with the supporting documents to the KYC Registration Agency (KRA).</li> <li>During the KYC process, the Mutual Fund will also conduct In Person Verification (IPV) in respect of its new investors effective from January 01, 2012. Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited and the NISM / AMFI certified distributors who are KYD compliant are authorized to carry out the IPV for investors in mutual funds. In case of applications received directly from the investors (i.e. not through the distributors), mutual funds may rely upon the IPV performed by the scheduled commercial banks.</li> <li>The KRA shall send a letter to the investor within 10 business days of the receipt of the KYC documents from Mutual Fund, confirming the details thereof.</li> <li>Investors who have obtained the acknowledgement after completing the KYC process can invest in Scheme of all mutual funds.</li></ul>

(KYC) / CKYC

**Know Your Customer** In case of Non Individuals, KYC needs to be done afresh due to significant and major changes in KYC requirements by using "KYC Application form" available for Non-Individuals only in the websites stated above. Additional details like Nationality, Gross Annual Income or Net worth as on recent date, Politically Exposed Person, and Non Individuals providing specific services have to be provided in Additional KYC details form available in the website of the Investment Manager. Duly filled forms with IPV can be submitted along with a purchase application, to the new mutual fund where the investor is investing / opening a folio. Alternatively, investors may also approach their existing mutual funds at any investor service centre to update their 'missing/not available' KYC information. Ultimate Beneficial Owner Pursuant to Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA) and Rules framed thereunder and SEBI Master circular dated December 31, 2010 on Anti Money Laundering (AML), sufficient information to identify persons who beneficially own or control the securities account is required to be obtained. Also, SEBI had vide its circular no. CIR / MIRSD / 2 /2013 dated January 24, 2013 prescribed guidelines regarding identification of Ultimate Beneficial Owner(s) ('UBO'). As per these guidelines UBO means 'Natural Person', or persons who ultimately own, control or influence a client and/or persons on whose behalf a transaction is being conducted, and includes a person who exercises ultimate effective control over a legal person or arrangement. Investors are requested to refer to the 'Declaration for UBO' available in the website of the Investment Manager for detailed guidelines on identification of UBO. The provisions relating to UBO are not applicable where the investor or the owner of the controlling interest is a company listed on a stock exchange, or is a majority owned subsidiary of such a company. Central KYC Central KYC Registry is a centralized repository of KYC records of customers in the financial sector with uniform KYC norms and inter-usability of the KYC records across the sector with an objective to reduce the burden of producing KYC documents and getting those verified every time when the customer creates a new relationship with a financial entity. KYC means the due diligence procedure prescribed by the Regulator for identifying and verifying the proof of address, proof of identity and compliance with rules regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the Regulators or Statutory Authorities under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002. The Central Govt, vide notification dt. Nov. 26, 2015 has authorised Central Registry of Securitisation Asset Reconstruction and Security Interest of India (CERSAI) to act as and to perform the functions of the CKYC Registry including receiving, storing, safeguarding and retrieving the KYC records in digital form of a Client. A 14 digit CKYC identification Number (KIN) would be issued as identifier of each client. As per PMLA (Maintenance of Records) Amendment rules, 2015, Rule 9(IA), every reporting entity shall within three days after the commencement of an account based relationship with an individual, file the electronic copy of the client's KYC records with the Central KYC Registry. Institutions need to upload the common KYC template along with the scanned copy of the certified supporting documents (Pol/PoA), cropped signature and photograph. SEBI vide its circular dated November 10, 2016 has advised all mutual funds to upload the KYC records of all existing customers into the CKYC database. Since the records are stored digitally, it helps intuitions de-duplicate data so that they don't need to do KYC of customers multiple times. It helps institutions find out if the client is KYC compliant based on Aadhaar, PAN and other identity proofs. If the KYC details are updated on this platform by one entity, all other institutions get a real time update. Thus, the platform helps firms cut down costs substantially by avoiding multiplicity of registration and data upkeep. Please note that PAN is mandatory for investing in MF's (Except Micro KYC and other exempted scenarios). If CKYC is done without submission of PAN, then he/she will have to submit a duly self-certified copy of the PAN card alongwith KIN. First time investing Financial Sector (New investor) New to KRA-KYC: while on boarding investors who are new to the MF & do not have KYC registered as per existing KRA norms, such investors should fill up CKYC form (attached). This new KYC form is in line with CKYC form guidelines and requirements and would help to capture all information needed for CKYC as well mandatory requirements for MF. Investors should submit the duly filled form along with supporting documents, particularly, self-certified copy of the PAN Card as a mandatory identity proof. If prospective investor submits old KRA KYC form, which does not have all information needed for registration with CKYC, such customer should either submit the information in the supplementary CKYC form or fill the CKYC form. Updation of Permanent Account Number (PAN) for processing redemption and related transactions in non-PAN exempt folios and various communication(s) sent in this regard from time to time, it is reiterated that, it is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements for all unit holders, including for all joint holders and the guardian in case of folio of a minor investor. Accordingly, financial transactions (including redemptions, switches and all types of systematic plans) and nonfinancial requests will not be processed if the unit holders have not completed KYC requirements. Unit holders are advised to use the applicable KYC Form for completing the KYC requirements and submit the form at the point of acceptance. Further, upon updation of PAN details with the KRA (KRA-KYC)/ CERSAI (CKYC), the unit holders are requested to intimate us/our Registrar and Transfer Agent their PAN information along with the folio details for updation in our records.

Investors who have obtained the KIN through any other financial intermediary, shall provide the 14 digit number for validation and updating the KYC record.

Section II - Part III - Inform	nation about the scheme	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund
Nomination for Mutual Fund Unit Holders		No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-II DOF3/P/CIR/2022/82, dated June 15, 2022, a R/2022/105 dated July 29, 2022 on the Nomination Facility to the mutual fu
		a note of following changes to be made in SID of all the schemes of Sundara
	1. New Investors	
		bing to units of Sundaram Mutual Fund on or after October 1, 2022, shall subr m or the prescribed declaration form for opting out of nomination in physical of the unit holder(s).
	a. In case of physical op b. In case of online optic	tion: The forms shall carry the wet signature of all the unit holder(s).
		shall submit the form by using e-Sign facility recognized under Informati
		r authentication (2FA) in which one of the factors shall be a One-Time Passwo Iders at their email/phone number registered with the KYC Registration Author
	/ Exchange Non-Demat	e applicable to the transactions which are received through Physical / Chanr / MFU / MF CENTRAL / digital transactions of Websites of AMC/RTA. The oplicable for the Exchange-Demat Transactions.
		022, the application will be rejected if the investor does not provide the nominati rration form for opting out of nomination, duly signed in physical form or throu
	2. Existing Investors	
		holders of Sundaram Mutual Fund, holding the units either solely or jointly, a nomination or the declaration for opting out of nomination duly signed in physic odes.
	or jointly. Non-individuals undivided family, a Power	made only by individuals applying for/holding units on their own behalf sing including a Society, Trust, Body Corporate, Partnership Firm, Karta of Hin r of Attorney holder and/or Guardian of Minor unitholder cannot nominate. T d if the holder aforesaid non individual sign the nomination form.
Who can invest		tors are requested to consult a financial/investment/tax/legal advisor to ascerta
		to their risk profile. Investors need to comply with KYC/PAN verification norm dditional Information. The following persons, subject to subscription to units
		der respective constitution and relevant statutory regulation, are eligible and m
	apply for subscription to the units	
		either singly or jointly (not exceeding three)
	2 Minors through parents/ law	
		rate/Public Sector Undertakings registered in India
		usts under the provisions of 11(5)(xii) of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 17
	of Income Tax Rules, 1962	
		ents and Registered societies (including registered co operative societies) a
	private trusts, authorised to	
	6 Partnership firm/Limited Lia	ability Partnership
	7 Trustee of private trusts au	thorised to invest in mutual fund Scheme under the Trust Deed
	8 Karta of Hindu Undivided F	amily (HUF)
	9 Banks, including Co-opera	tive Banks and Regional Rural Banks, and Financial Institutions
	10 Non-Resident Indian (NRI) any	and Persons of India Origin on full repatriation basis subject to RBI approval,
	11 A mutual fund subject to S	EBI regulation
	12 Foreign Institutional Investor subject to RBI approval, if a	ors (FIIs) registered with SEBI and sub-accounts of FIIs on full repatriation bas any
	13 Army/Air Force/Navy/Para-	Military Funds and other eligible institutions
	14 Non-Government Providen	t/Pension/Gratuity and such other funds as and when permitted to invest
	15 Scientific and/or industrial r	research organisations authorised to invest in mutual fund units
	16 International Multilateral Ag	jencies approved by the Government of India
		lendes approved by the dovernment of india

Scheme

	Decument Contradiction Contradiction Contradiction Contradiction
Who can invest	18 A Scheme of the Sundaram Mutual Fund, subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI, Trustee, the Investment Manager and the Sponsor. The Investment Manager shall not charge any fees on such investments.
	19 Other associations and institutions authorised to invest in mutual fund units.
	20 Any individual, being a foreign national who meets the residency tests as laid down in Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 or such other act / guidelines / regulations as issued by the RBI / SEBI from time to time.
	21 Qualified Foreign Investors (QFI) as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time
	<ul> <li>Any other category of persons who are permitted to invest in the Schemes of Mutual Fund as per the guidelines and / or directions issued by the Government of India / SEBI / RBI from time to time.</li> <li>Foreign Portfolio Investor registered under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investor) Regulations, 2014</li> </ul>
	As per Notification No. LAD-NRO/GN/2014-15/01 dated May 06, 2014 on SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2014 the sponsor of Sundaram Mutual Fund or Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited shall invest not less than one percent of the assets under management of each of the scheme covered in this document as on date of notification of these regulations i.e., May 06, 2014 or fifty lakh rupees, whichever is less, in the growth option of the scheme and such investment shall not be redeemed unless the scheme is wound up. Such amount shall be invested within one year from the date of notification of these regulations.
	In addition, Sundaram Asset Management may invest in the Scheme depending upon its cash flows and investment opportunities. In such an event, the Investment Manager will not charge management fees on its investment for the period it is retained in the Scheme. Such investment shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the Scheme on the date of investment.
	The Trustee/Mutual Fund reserves the right to include/exclude a category of investors, subject to SEBI Regulation and other prevailing statutory regulation, if any.
	• it is expressly understood that the investor has the necessary legal authority and has complied with applicable internal procedures for subscribing to the units. The Investment Manager/Trustee will not be responsible in case any transaction made by an investor is ultra vires the relevant constitution/internal procedures.
	<ul> <li>Non-Resident Indians, Persons of Indian Origin residing abroad and Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) have been granted a general permission by the Reserve Bank of India [Schedule 5 to the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulation, 2000] for investing in/redeeming units of mutual funds subject to conditions set out in the aforesaid regulation.</li> </ul>
	• In the case of an application under a power of attorney or by a limited company, other corporate body, an eligible institution, a registered society, a trust fund, the original power of attorney or a certified true copy duly notarised or the relevant resolution or authority to make the application, as the case may be, or a duly notarised copy along with a certified copy of the memorandum and articles of association and/or bye-laws and/or trust deed and/or partnership deed and certificate of registration should be submitted. The officials should sign the application under their official designation. A list of duly certified/attested specimen signatures of the authorised officials should also be attached to the application. In case of a trust/fund, it shall submit a
	<ul> <li>resolution from trustee(s) authorising the purchase.</li> <li>The Investment Manager/Trustee/Registrar may need to obtain documents for verification of identity or such other details relating to a subscription for units as may be required under any applicable law, which may result</li> </ul>
	in delay in processing the application. It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirement. Any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar/Investment Manager may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number.
	<ul> <li>Unitholder information (mandatory): In terms of SEBI circular PAN shall be the sole identification number for all participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. However in the case of investments under Micro SIP simplified alternative identification documents are allowed as per SEBI Circular. For further details please refer to Statement of Additional Information</li> </ul>

Section II - Part III - Information about the scheme

Sundaram Multi Cap Fund

Section II - Part III - Inform	ation about the scheme	Scheme Information Document	Sundaram Multi Cap Fund
Who can invest	<ul> <li>number for all participants transaction. However in the documents are allowed a Additional Information.</li> <li>Small investors, who may farmers, small traders/bus payment for fresh purchas per financial year subject to (i) Compliance with Preve (ii) SEBI Circular(s) on Anti and guidelines; and (iii) Sufficient systems and However, payment to such inv</li> </ul>	s transacting in the case of investments s per SEBI Circular. / not be tax payers inessmen/workers ca es/additional purcha o: ntion of Money Laun Money Laundering procedures put in pla estors towards reder through banking cha	f SEBI circular PAN shall be the sole identification securities market, irrespective of the amount of s under Micro SIP simplified alternative identification . For further details please refer to Statement of and may not have PAN/bank accounts, such as an invest in the scheme through the mode of cash uses upto ₹50,000/- per investor, per mutual fund, dering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under; (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations ace by the AMC / Mutual Fund. nptions, IDCW, etc. with respect to aforementioned nnel. Sundaram Mutual Fund / Investment Manager es for the said purpose
Who cannot invest	<ul><li>selling the same in its jurisd</li><li>2. Citizens of US/Canada</li><li>3. Persons residing in any Fina</li></ul>	iction. ancial Action Task Forc s as specified by RBI in	ng or registration of Indian Mutual Fund products before e (FATF) declared non-compliant country or territory. n its A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September from time to time.
Allotment	The AMC shall send an allotmen 5 Business Days of receipt of val mobile number. The Trustee may reject any applic	t confirmation specifyir id application/transacti ation that is not valid ar d to the Scheme on ad	plications are complete in every respect and in order. Ing the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within ion to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or ad/or complete. The Trustee reserves the right to recover account of dishonour of cheques issued for purchase of <i>i</i> ll be subject to RBI approval.
Refund			rom the date of receipt of application and realization of hichever is later failing which an interest @15% shall be
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of unit being offered.	do so based on unforeseen circu be redeemed on any Business D option(s) thereof or such other p a particular Business Day, will be Redemption of such carried for prevailing load, of the Business D multiple redemption requests are on a pro-rata basis based on the	umstances/unusual ma ay to 5% of the total ne ercentage as the Trust e carried forward for re ward units will be pric ay on which redemption received at the same t e size of each redemption tess Day. In addition, the	ers of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to arket conditions limit the total number of units that may umber of units then in issue in the Scheme, plan (s) and ee may determine. Any units that are not redeemed on ademption to the next Business Day in order of receipt. ed on the basis of the applicable NAV, subject to the n is processed. under such circumstances, to the extent ime on a single Business Day, redemptions will be made ion request; the balance amount will be carried forward e Trustee reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to limit h on a single business day.
Allotment Advice (for DEMAT holders)	number of units allotted by way application / transaction to the L Regulations, Statement of Accounumber is not available with the M applications that are rejected.	of email and/or SMS v Init holder's registered Ints will be sent to tho Autual Fund, unless oth	units will be allotted and a confirmation specifying the vithin 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of valid e-mail address and/or mobile number. Subject to SEBI se unitholders whose registered email address / mobile nerwise required. Money would be refunded in respect of e Unit holder as per the details provided in the application
Dematerialisation		s of SEBI (depositories	hes to convert the same to DEMAT form, he shall do so and participants). Regulations, 1996 and procedure laid to time.
Rematerialisation	shall issue the statement subje (Depositories & Participants) Reg	ct to rematerialization julations, 1996 as may ime Option in the Sche	n (statement of account mode), the Investment Manager of Units in accordance with the provisions of SEBI v be amended from time to time. All Units will rank pari eme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of ustee.

# **III. Other Details**

A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding / link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided

# NA

#### B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report

	-
Half yearly Disclosures: Portfolio This is a list of securities where the corpus of the Scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.	The Investment Manager shall disclose the portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / half-year for all the schemes in its website www.sundarammutual.com and on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Investment Manager will send via email both the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively. The Investment Manager will publish an advertisement every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes portfolio on their respective website and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolio. Such advertisement will be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.
Half Yearly Results	Sundaram Mutual fund shall make half yearly disclosures of unaudited financial results on its website www. sundarammutual.com in the prescribed format within one month from the close of each half year, i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September. The half- yearly unaudited financial results shall contain details as specified in Twelfth Schedule and such other details as are necessary for the purpose of providing a true and fair view of the operations of the mutual fund. In addition, Sundaram Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results in its website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of Sundaram mutual fund is situated.
Annual Report	<ul> <li>Pursuant to Regulation 56 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with SEBI circular No. Cir/IMD/ DF/16/2011 dated September 8, 2011, read with SEBI Mutual Fund (Second Amendment) Regulation 2018, the Scheme-wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided by AMC/Mutual Fund within four months from the date of closure of relevant accounting year in the manner specified by the Board.</li> <li>The scheme wise annual report will be hosted on the websites of the Investment Manager and AMFI. The Investment Manager will display the link on its website and make the physical copies available to the unitholders, at its registered offices at all times.</li> <li>The Investment Manager will e-mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof to those unitholders, whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.</li> <li>In case of unitholders whose email addresses are not registered with the Mutual Fund, the Investment Manager will communicate to the unitholders, through a letter enclosing self-addressed envelope enabling unitholders to 'opt-in' within 30 days, to continue receiving a physical copy of the scheme-wise annual report or abridged summary thereof.</li> <li>The Investment Manager will conduct one more round of similar exercise for those unitholders who have not responded to the 'opt-in' communication. Further, a period of 15 days from the date of issuances of the scheme wise annual report on its website and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter), etc. through which unitholders can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. Such advertisement will be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.</li> <li><b>Go Green E-Update/Mobile Services:</b> Registration of Contact Details: By opting to receive the Account Statement and Abridged Scheme Annual Report in a paperle</li></ul>

C. Transparency/NAV D	Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in Section I)
Net Asset Value This is the value per unit of the Scheme on a particular day. An investor can ascertain the value of his holdings by multiplying the units owned with the NAV.	facility of sending latest available NAVs to unitholders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard.

### D. Transaction charges and stamp duty

[	
Transaction charges	1 The Distributor would be allowed to charge the Mutual Fund Investor a Transaction Charge where the amount of investment is ₹ 10,000/-and above on a per subscriptionbasis
	2 For an investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor, the Transaction Charge allowed will be ₹ 100/-
	per subscription of ₹ 10,000/- and above
	For a First Time Mutual Fund Investor, the Transaction Charge allowed will be ₹ 150/- per subscription of ₹ 10,000/- and above
	3 The Transaction Charge, where applicable based on the above criteria, will be deducted by the Investment
	Manager from the subscription amount remitted by the Investor and paid to the distributor; and the balance
	(net) amount will be invested in the scheme. Thus units will be allotted against the net investment.
	4 No Transaction charges shall be levied:
	a) Where the distributor/agent of the investor has not opted to received any Transaction Charges;
	b) Where the investor purchases the Units directly from the Mutual Fund;
	c) Where total commitment in case of SIP / Purchases / Subscriptions is for an amount less than ₹ 10,000/- :
	d) On transactions other than purchases / subscriptions relating to new inflows.
	Switches / Systematic Transfers / Allotment of Bonus Units / IDCW reinvestment Units / Transfer /
	Transmission of units, etc will not be considered as subscription for the purpose of levying the transaction charge.
	e) Purchases / subscriptions carried out through stock exchange(s) through DEMAT mode.
Stamp Duty	Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of
	Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of The Finance Act, 2019,
	notified on February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of
	India, with effect from July 1, 2020, mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through
	lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or dividend reinvestment) would be subject to levy of stamp
	duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. Transfer of mutual fund units (such as transfers between demat accounts)
	are subject to payment of stamp duty @ 0.015%. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units
	allotted on purchase transactions (including dividend reinvestment and switch-in) to the Unit holders would be
	reduced to that extent. The Stamp duty should be considered for the purpose of cost of the investments while
	calculating capital gains.

#### E. Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

axation				
kation	each investor is advised amount of tax and other	ed for general information only. H to consult his or her own tax a implications arising out of his o	advisors/authorised dealers \	with respect to the speci
	For the Mutual Fund:	tuel Funds Fuencet fuence Text		
		tual Fund: Exempt from Tax	DE ao mar Financa Ast 202	4
		e for the financial year 2024-2 ome distribution under Incom		
	received by Unit holder			
	Pursuant to SEBI circular in nomenclature of Divide offered by the schemes	rno. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF3/CIR/P/ end to Income Distribution cum of the Fund with effect from A ad introduced taxing of income	Capital Withdrawal(IDCW) av pril 01, 2021.The Finance Ad	vailable across all the pla ct, 2020 abolished incor
	Income Distributed by	a Mutual Fund		
	IDCW	Individual/HUF	Domestic Companies	NRI
	Equity oriented schemes	At applicable slab rates~	30%^^/25%^^^/ 22%^^^^/15%^^^^^	At applicable slab rates~
	Other than Equity oriented	At applicable slab rates~ schemes	30%^^/25%^^// 22%^^^^/15%^^^^	At applicable slab rates~
		for the applicable rates in case of individed at source as detailed		
	Type of Investor	Withholding Tax rate	Section	
	Resident@	10%*	194K	
	NRI/FPI	20% or rate as per applicable tax treaty*** (whichever is lower)	196A***/196D****	
		ncome in respect of units of a r cal difficulties involved due to u		
	4,000 threshold bene	undaram Mutual Fund shall ded efit on cumulative basis in a Fina ual tax liability of any investor, h	ancial year (Consolidate on P	AN basis). In case the to
	TDS will not be dedu	cted in the following cases		-
		al (not being a company or fin		
	such income receive	der section 194K of the Act prov d from Mutual Fund) of the fin a amount which is not chargeak	nancial year is NIL and the a	
	Form 15H to be subr section 194K of the A	mitted by a resident individual (a Act provided that the tax on his the financial year is NIL.	aged 60 years or more) for no	
	Certificate from ITO f	or lower deduction/NIL deduction Circular 18/2017 dated 29th Ma		3
	The Form 15G or For	m 15H or Certificate from ITO s of the Official Points of Acceptan	hould be submitted on an anr	
	It may be noted that or Form 15H or Certi	exemption from tax deduction v ficate from ITO and any tax dec		
	Fresh Form 15G or F	ded under any circumstances. Form 15H to be submitted agai en though the investors might h		
	year.	further increased by surcharge	·	
		ere total income exceeds ₹ 5 cr me exceeds ₹ 2 crore but does		
	15% where total inco	ome exceeds ₹ 1 crore but does ome exceeds ₹ 50 lakhs but doe	s not exceed ₹ 2 crore; and	
	Further, "Health and	ting for 'New Regime' as menti Education Cess" is to be levied be claimed subject to fulfillmer	at 4% on aggregate of base	tax and surcharge.
	**** As per the provision withholding tax rate referred to in section to section 196D(1) of withholding tax on in-	s of section 196D of the Act of 20% (plus applicable surch 115AD(1)(a) credited / paid to l the Act to grant relevant tax the come with respect to securities ments as may be required. As p	arge and cess) on any incor FII shall apply. The Finance A eaty benefits with effect from of FPIs, subject to furnishing	me in respect of securit ct, 2021 inserted a prov 1 April 2021 at the time of tax residency certifica
	withholding tax on in and such other docu	come with respect to securities	of FPIs, subject to furnishing per section 196D(2) of the Ac	of tax resid

# Sundaram Multi Cap Fund

Section II - Part III		Information Document	S	Sundaram N	lulti Cap Fund		
Taxation	<ul> <li>Non linking of PAN with Aadhaar</li> <li>114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 19</li> <li>to PAN – Aadhaar not being linked of</li> <li>has not furnished the PAN and tax of</li> <li>linking PAN with Aadhaar after 31 M</li> <li>has been prescribed.</li> </ul>	962, in the case on or before 30 J could be withheld	of a resident persor une 2023 or as ext d at a higher rate of	n, whose PAN has ended by Govt., i 20% as per sect	become inoperative due t shall be deemed that he ion 206AA of the Act. For		
		Cap	ital Gains				
		Individual/HUF		c Company	NRI		
	Equity Oriented schemes						
	Long Term Capital gain ((Units held for more	12.5%**###	12.	5%**##	12.5%**###		
	than 12 months)						
	Short Term Capital Gains (Units held	20%&	2	20%&	20%&		
	for 12 months or less)						
	** - On LTCG amount exceeding Rs. 1,25,000.						
	###- 10% for transfer that takes place before 2	3.07.2024					
	&-15% if the transfer takes place before 23.07.	2024					
	Other than equity o	riented schemes	other than specified	mutual fund sche	mes		
	Lont Term Capital Gain	12.5% <sup>@@</sup> (without	12.5%@@	(without Listed-	12.5% <sup>@@</sup> (without indexation)		
	a) Units held for more than 36 months –	indexation)	index	ation) Ur	nlisted-12.5% <sup>\$\$\$</sup> (without		
	indexation)						
	If transferred before 23 July, 2024,						
	b) More than 12 months for listed units						
	and 24 months for unlisted units -						
	If transferred on or after 23 July, 2024						
	Short Term Capital Gains	30%^	30%^^/2	25%^^^/	30%^		
	a) Units held for less than or equal to 36 months –		22%^^^/15%^^^^				
	If transferred before 23 July, 2024,						
	b) Less than or equal to 12 months for listed						
	units and 24 months for unlisted units -						
	If transferred on or after 23 July, 2024)						
	Specified Mut	ual Fund <sup>ss</sup> Othe	er Than Equity Or	riented Scheme	S		
	Short Term Capital Gains	30%^		25%^^/	30%^		
			22%^^^/				
	Tax Deducte		pplicable only to				
		Short	term capital gains	Long term cap			
	Equity Oriented Scheme	L en site s	20% <sup>&amp;</sup>	12.5%*			
	Other than Specified Mutual Fund & other than Oriented Schemes	Equity	30%	Listed - 12 Unlisted - 12			
				Uninsted - 1.	2.070***		
	Specified Mutual Fund Other Than Equity		200/				
		Oriented Schemes 30%					
		\$ Surcharge to be levied at:					
	37% on base tax where specified income** exceeds Rs. 5 crore;						
	25% where specified income** exceeds Rs. 2 crore but does not exceed Rs. 5 crore;						
		15% where total income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 2 crore; and					
	• 10% where total income exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore.						
	In case total income includes income by way of dividend on shares and short-term capital gains on units of equity oriented mutual fund						
		schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes, the rate of surcharge on the said type of income not to exceed 15%. In case					
		investor is opting for 'New Regime' the rate of surcharge not to exceed 25%.					
	Specified income – total income excluding income by way of dividend on shares and short-term capital gains on drinks of equity offer recu						
		mutual fund schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes. Further, Health and Education Cess to be levied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.					
		1 al li le lale 01 4% (	n ayyreyale of Dase la	an anu surundrye.			

Scheme Information

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Txation	\$\$	As per amendment to Finance Bill, 2023 gains arising on transfer, redemption or maturity of specified mutual funds acquired on or after 1 April 2023 will deemed to be 'short-term capital gains' (regardless of the period of holding). Specified mutual fund means a mutual fund by whatever name called, where not more than 35% of its total proceeds is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies.	
	@	The definition of the "specified mutual fund" is proposed to be amended from FY 2025-26 as (a) Mutual fund which invests more than 65 per cent of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments; or (b) a fund which invests 65 per cent or more of its total proceeds in units of a fund referred to in above sub-clause (a). Surcharge at the rate of 7% is levied for domestic corporate unit holders where the income exceeds `1 crore but less than `10 crores and at the rate of 12%, where income exceeds `10 crores. However, Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 provides for surcharge at flat rate of 10 percent on base tax for the companies opting for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%.	
	#	Short term/ long term capital gain tax (along with applicable Surcharge and "Health and Education Cess") will be deducted at the time of redemption/switches of units in case of NRI investors only. Tax treaty benefit can be claimed for withholding tax on capital gains subject to fulfillment of stipulated conditions.	
	##	The base year for indexation purpose has been shifted from 1981 to 2001 to calculate the cost of acquisition or to take fair market value of the asset as on that date. Further, it provides that cost of acquisition of an asset acquired before 1 April 2001 shall be allowed to be taken as fair market value as on 1 April 2001.	
	$\wedge$	Assuming the investor falls into highest tax bracket.	
	~~	This rate applies to companies other than companies engaged in manufacturing business who are taxed at lower rate subject to fulfillment of certain conditions.	
	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	If total turnover or gross receipts during the financial year 2020-21 does not exceed `400 crores.	
	^^^^	This lower rate is optional and subject to fulfillment of certain conditions as provided in section 115BAA.	
		This lower rate is optional for companies engaged in manufacturing business (set-up & registered on or after 1 October 2019) subject to fulfillment of certain conditions as provided in section 115BAB.	
	+	Securities Transaction Tax (STT) will be deducted on equity oriented funds at the time of redemption / switch to other schemes / sale of units.	
	@@	At the rate of 20% (with indexation) if transfer takes place before 23.07.2024.	
	\$\$\$ 5the s	At the rate of 10% (without indexation) if transfer takes place before 23.07.2024.	
	are no	r, Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) applicable to domestic companies (except for those who opt for lower rate of tax of 22%/15%) t considered in the above tax rates.	
		lity of segregated portfolios of a mutual fund scheme	
	as follo	nance Act, 2020 has rationalized capital gains taxability in relation to mutual fund portfolio segregation as per SEBI regulations	
		he period of holding for units in the segregated portfolio to be reckoned from the period for which the original units in the main ortfolio were held by the taxpayer.	
	the	equisition cost of units in segregated portfolio to be proportionate to the NAV of assets transferred to the segregated portfolio to e NAV of the total portfolio immediately before the segregation. The cost of acquisition of the original units in the main portfolio be reduced by the acquisition cost of units in the segregated portfolio.	
Stamp Duty	Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of The Finance Act, 2019, notified on February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India, with effect from July 1, 2020, mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or dividend reinvestment) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. Transfer of mutual fund units (such as transfers between demat accounts) are subject to payment of stamp duty @ 0.015%. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase transactions (including dividend reinvestment and switch-in) to the Unit holders would be reduced to that extent. The Stamp duty should be considered for the purpose of cost of the investments while calculating capital gains.		
Special provision for deduction of tax at source for non-filers of income-tax return	Tax to be deducted at twice the applicable rate in case of payments to specified person (except non resident not having permanent establishment in India) who has not furnished the return of income for the assessment year relevant to previous year immediately preceding the financial year in which tax is required to be deducted, for which time limit for filing return has expired and the aggregate of tax deducted at source in his case is `50,000 or more in the said previous year. Additionally, if provisions of section 206AA are also applicable then tax to be deducted at higher of the two rates provided i.e. rate as per section 206AB or section 206AA.		
Disclaimer	The information set out above is included for general information purposes only and does not constitute legal or tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the Scheme. Income Tax benefits to the mutual fund & to the unit holder is in accordance with the prevailing tax laws. Any action taken by you on the basis of the information contained herein is your responsibility alone. Sundaram Mutual Fund will not be liable in any manner for the consequences of such action taken by you. The information contained herein is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase and sales of any schemes of Sundaram Mutual Fund.		

#### G. Rights of Unitholders

Please refer to SAI for details.

#### H. List of official points of acceptance:

Please refer to our website https://www.sundarammutual.com/Contact-Us for list of Official Points of Acceptance of Sundaram Mutual Fund

#### I. Penalties & Pending Litigations

Details of penalties awarded by SEBI under the SEBI Act or any of its Regulation against the sponsor of the Mutual Fund: the Securities. and Exchange Board of India has alleged non disclosure of information to the stock exchanges under SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 and imposed a penalty of Rs, 10 lakhs on the Sponsor.

On appeal by the Sponsor, the Securities Appellate Tribunal vide its order dated 1st September 2010, partly allowed the appeal and reduced the Quantum of penalty to Rs. 2. lakh.

No penalties have been awarded by SEBI under the SEBI Act or any of its Regulation against the sponsor of the Mutual Fund or any company associated with the sponsor in any capacity including the Investment Manager, Trustee or any of the directors or any key personnel (specifically the fund managers) of the Investment Manager and Trustee. No penalties have been awarded on the Sponsor and its associates by any financial regulatory body, including stock exchanges, for defaults in respect of shareholders, debenture holders and depositors. No penalties have been awarded for any economic offence and violation of any securities laws.

There are no pending material litigation proceedings incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the sponsor of the Mutual Fund or any company associated with the sponsor in any capacity including the Investment Manager, Trustee or any of the directors or key personnel of the Investment Manager is a party. Further, there are no pending criminal cases against the Sponsor or any company associated with the sponsor in any capacity including the Investment of the directors or key personnel.

There is no deficiency in the systems and operations of the sponsor of the Mutual Fund or any company associated with the sponsor in any capacity, including the Investment Manager which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the Scheme Information Document, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency.

There are no enquiries or adjudication proceedings under the SEBI Act and the Regulation, which are in progress against any company associated with the sponsor in any capacity including the Investment Manager, Trustee or any directors or key personnel of the Investment Manager.

#### Jurisdiction

All disputes arising out of or in relation to the issue made under the Scheme will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of courts in India.

#### Applicability of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulation, 1996 and the guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

#### H. List of official points of acceptance

Agra: 9/4 Ground floor, Shankar Point, Sanjay Place, Agra-282002 Ahmedabad: 602 6th Floor Corporate Park, Near Samudra Complex, Near Girish Cold Drink, C G Road Navrangpura, Ahmedabad-380009 Allahabad: 38/1 Tashkant Marg, Vashishta Vinayak Tower, Upper Ground Floor, Allahabad-211001 Amritsar: SCO-25, 1st Floor, District Shopping Complex B Block , , Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar, 143001 Anand: SF No.202, Drashti Arcade Lambvel Road, Opp HDFC Bank, Anand-388001 Aurangabad: No.36, Motiwali Trade Center, Nirala Bazar, Aurangabad-431001 Bangalore (Main Branch): Ground Floor, Sana Plaza, #21/14 A, Near Trinity Metro Station, Bangalore-560001 Baroda (Vadodara): 109, 1st Floor, Siddharth Complex, Near Express Hotel, R.C Dutt Road, Alkapuri, Baroda-390007 Bhilai: No. 36/5, 1st Block, Ground Floor, Nehru Nagar East, Near Kotak Mahindra Bank, Bhilai, Chhattisgarh - 490020 Bhopal: Plot No. 6, V N V Plaza, , 2nd Floor Bank street, M.P.Nagar Zone 2, Bhopal, 462011 Bhubaneshwar: Shop No. 16, Deen Dayal Bawan, Jan Path, Ashok Nagar, Bhubaneswar -751009 Calicut (Kozhikode): 1st Floor, Karuppalli Square, YMCA cross road, Kozhikode -673001 Chandigarh: II Floor, SCO 2475-76, Sector 22/C, Chandigarh -160022 Chennai HO: Sundaram Towers 1st&2nd Floor, No.46 Whites Road, Royapettah, Chennai-600014 Chennai Sales Office: Metro Plaza, 1st floor, 221, (Old No.162), Anna Salai (Mount Road) Above Raymonds Showroom, Chennai, 600002 Cochin: Kassim Towers, Sebastian Road, Kaloor, Cochin-682 017 Coimbatore: 100 West Periyasamy Road, R S Puram, Coimbatore, 641002 Dehradun: 2nd Floor, International Trade Tower, 1 old survey Road, Above Bank of Baroda, Next to cross Road Mall, Dehradun, 248001 Delhi (Sales Office): Room No.301.314, 3rd Floor Ashoka Estate, 24 Barakhamba Road, New Delhi-110001 Dhanbad: Sri Ram Plaza , Room No. 107, 1st Floor, Bank More, Dhanbad-826001 Durgapur: A-307, Bengal Shristi Complex, II Floor, City center, Durgapur-713216 Goa: D-1st Floor, Alfran Plaza, Panaji , Goa-403001 Gorakhpur: Shop No.20, 2nd Floor, Cross Road The Mall, Bank Road, Gorakhpur-273001 Gurugram: Unit No.11 Vipul Agora, Mehrauli Gurugram Road, Gurugram-122002 Guwahati: Ganapati Enclave 4th Floor, Above Datamation, Bora Service, G.S Road, Guwahati-781007 Hubli: Shop No.UGF 4/5. EUREKA JUNCTION, T.B.Road Hubli 580029. Hyderabad: 6-3-1085/D/501/B/C Dega Towers 5th , Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad-500082 Indore: 205, Starlit Towers, 29/1, Y.N.Road, , Indore, 452001 Jaipur: 506-507, 5th floor, , OK Plus Tower, Ajmer Road, , Near Kalyan Jewellers, Jaipur, 302001 Jalandhar: Shop No- 11 B 3rd Floor, City Square Mall, Civil Lines Jalandhar. 144001 Jamshedpur: Shop No - 1 & 2, 2nd Floor, Meghdeep Building (Beside Hotel South Park), Q Road, Bistupur, Jamshedpur - 831001 Jodhpur: 116, 1st Floor, Mody Arcade, Chopasani Road, Near bombay motor cycle, Jodhpur-342003 Kanpur: 218-219, Kan Chamber, 14/113- Civil Lines, Kanpur-208001 Kolkata (Main Branch): 7, Camac Street, Azimgunj House, 3rd Floor, Block-6, Kolkata-700017 Kottayam: CSI ascension Square, Logos Junction, Collectorate, P.O Kottayam-686002 Lucknow: Room No. G-04, Sky Hi Chambers, 5, Park Road, Lucknow-226001 Ludhiana: SCO 18, Feroz Gandhi Market, Ludhiana-141001 Madurai: No. 183 C-North Veli Street, Madurai-1 Mangalore: B-2, Souza Arcade, Balmatta Road, Mangalore-575002 Mumbai-Fort: 5th Floor, City Ice Building, Plot No.298, Perin Nariman Street, Mumbai-400001 Mumbai-Thane: Shop No.3, Ramrao Sahani Sadan, Kaka Sohani Road, Behind P. N. Gadgil Jewellers, Off Ram Maruti Road, Mumbai, Thane-400601 Mumbai (Andheri): Satellite Gazebo, West Wing, Ground Floor, B D Sawant Marg, Mota Nagar, Andheri (East), Mumbai-400093 Mysore: #145, 2nd floor, 5th Main, 5th Cross, Above Canara Bank, Saraswathi Puram, Mysuru-570009 Nagpur: Fortune Business centre, 1st Floor, 6 Vasant Vihar, W H C Road, Shankar Nagar, Nagpur, 440010 Nashik: shop No. 1, Shrinath apartment, ground floor, , pandit colony-lane no.3, Sharanpur Road, , Sharanpur Road, Nashik, 422002 Patna: 305, 306, Hari Nivas, New Dak Bunglow Road, Patna-800001 Pondicherry: Jayalakshmi Complex Door NO.114 & 116, Shop No.: 7, 8, 9 First Floor, Thiruvalluvar Salai, Pondicherry -605013 Pune: CTS No. 930 / Final, Plot No.314, 1st Floor, Office No. 1, Aditya Centeegra Apts, Condominium, F.C. Road, Shivaji Nagar, Pune-411005 Raipur: S 02, 2nd Floor, Jail Road, Near Fafadih Square, Raipur-492001 Rajkot: 301, 3rd floor Metro Plaza, Nr. Eagle Travels, Bhilwas Chowk, Rajkot, 360001 Ranchi: Satya Ganga Arcade, 205 2nd Floor, Lalji Hirji Road, Near Sarjana Chowk, Main Road, Ranchi-834001 Salem: No.20 1st Floor, Ramakrishna Road, Near Federal Bank, Salem-636007 Sangli: SF S 4, 2nd Floor Shiv Ratan Complex, College Corner Madhav Nagar Road, Sangli-416416 Surat: HG-18, International Trade Centre, Majuragate, Surat-395002 Thrissur: 2nd Floor, Sri Lakshmi Building, Near Thiruvampady Temple, Shoranur Road, Thrissur-680022 Trichy: Krishna Complex, 1st Floor, 60, Shastry Road, Tennur, Trichy, 620017 Trivandrum: 1st Floor, Bava Sahib Commercial Complex, Ambujavilasam Road, Old GPO, Trivandrum, 695001 Varanasi: Shop no. 05, 1st Floor, Kuber Complex, , Rathyatra, Varanasi, 221010 Vijayawada: D.No. 40-13-5, Sree Ramachandra Complex, Benz Circle(Bajaj Showroom Lane), Vijayawada-520 010 Vizag: Shop No.2, 3rd Floor, Navaratna Jewel Square, Dwaraka Nagar, Vishakapatnam-530016

Dubai-Representative Office: Unit No. 714, Level 7, Burjuman Business Tower, Bur Dubai, Dubai UAE

# Collection centres of SAMC

Akola: SF C-13 First Floor, Dakshata Nagar, Vyapari Complex, Sindhi Camp Chowk, Akola-444001 Ajmer: SF 1st Floor, K C Complex, Opp Daulat Bagh, Ajmer-305001 Bhagalpur: Ann Tower, 1st Floor, RBSS Road, Bhikhanpur, Bhagalpur-812001 Burdwan: SF 43 G T Road, East Stand Officer's Colony, Raymond Building 2nd Floor, Parbirhata, Burdwan-713103 Gwalior: SF 44 2nd Floor City Centre, Narayan Krishna Apartments, Madhav Rao Scindia Road, Gwalior-474002 Jabalpur: SF No.936 Wright Town, 2nd Floor Digambar Tower, Pandit Bhavani Prasad Ward, Napir Town, Jabalpur-482002 Jalgaon: SF India Plaza, 2nd Floor, Above Dominos Pizza, Swatantra Chowk, Jalgaon-425001 Jamnagar: SF Corporate House, 4th Floor Office No 404, Opp St.Anns School P N Marg, Jamnagar-361001 Kolhapur: SF 2nd Floor Raosahib Vichare Complex, Near ST stand, New Shahupuri Gems Stone, Kolhapur-416 001 Kota: SF 393, Shopping Centre, 2nd Floor (Above Reebok Showroom), Near Ghode Wale Baba Circle, Kota-324007 Muzaffarpur: Saroj Complex, Ground Floor, Dewan Road, Muzaffarpur-842002 Siliguri: SF Home Land (Vishal Mega Mart Building ) 4th Floor Opp Sona Wheels Showroom Sevoke Road, Siliguri-734008 Tirunelveli: SF First floor, Indira Complex, No.985/1, C2, 1 D South Bye Pass Road, Opp to Passport Office, Tirunelveli-627005 Udaipur: SF 04 th floor centre point building , opp-B.N College, Udaipur-313001 Vapi: Shop No-19 & 20, First Floor, Walden Plaza, Imran Nagar (opp SBI), Daman , Silvassa Road, Vapi-396191 Vellore: SF No.141/3, First Floor, M P Sarathy Nagar, Vellore DT., Bus Owners Association Building, Chennai-Bangalore Bye Pass Road, Vellore-632012

#### **Customer Care Centres of KFin Technologies Limited**

Agartala: Ols Rms Chowmuhani, Mantri Bari Road, 1St Floor, Near Jana Sevak Saloon Building, Traffic Point, Tripura West, Agartala 799001 Agra: House No. 17/2/4 2Nd Floor Deepak Wasan Plaza Behind Hotel Holiday Inn Sanjay Place Agra 282002 Ahmedabad: Office No. 401 On 4Th Floor Abc-I Off. C.G. Road - Ahmedabad 380009 Ajmer: Shop no. 2 3rd Floor, Above Raymond Shop, Opp City Power House, Hathi Bhata, Ajmer-305001 Akola: Shop No 25, Ground Floor, Yamuna Tarang Complex, Murtizapur Road N.H. No- 6, Opp Radhakrishna Talkies, Akola 444001 Maharashthra Aligarh: 1St Floor Sevti Complex Near Jain Temple Samad Road Aligarh-202001 Allahabad: Meena Bazar 2Nd Floor 10 S.P. Marg Civil Lines Subhash Chauraha Prayagraj Allahabad 211001 Alwar: Office Number 137 First Floor Jai Complex Road No-2 Alwar 301001 Amaravathi: Shop No. 21 2Nd Floor Gulshan Tower Near Panchsheel Talkies Jaistambh Square Amaravathi 444601 Ambala: 6349 2Nd Floor Nicholson Road Adjacent Kos Hospitalambala Cant Ambala 133001 Amritsar: Sco 5 2Nd Floor District Shopping Complex Ranjit Avenue Amritsar 143001 Anand: B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center Nr Tvs Down Town Shrow Room Grid Char Rasta Anand 380001 Ananthapur:. #13/4 Vishnupriya Complex Beside Sbi Bank Near Tower Clock Ananthapur-515001. Asansol: 112/N G. T. Road Bhanga Pachil G.T Road Asansol Pin: 713 303; Paschim Bardhaman West Bengal Asansol 713303 Aurangabad: Shop No B 38 Motiwala Trade Center Nirala Bazar Aurangabad 431001 Azamgarh: Shop no. 18 Gr. Floor, Nagarpalika, Infront of Tresery office, Azamgarh, UP-276001 Balasore: 1-B. 1St Floor Kalinga Hotel Lane Baleshwar Baleshwar Sadar Balasore 756001 Bangalore: No 35 Puttanna Road Basavanagudi Bangalore 560004 Bankura: Plot Nos- 80/1/Anatunchati Mahalla 3Rd Floor Ward No-24 Opposite P.C Chandra Bankura Town Bankura 722101 Bareilly: 1St Floorrear Sidea - Square Building 54-Civil Lines Ayub Khan Chauraha Bareilly 243001 Baroda: 1St Floor 125 Kanha Capital Opp. Express Hotel R C Dutt Road Alkapuri Vadodara 390007 Begusarai: , Sri Ram Market, Kali Asthan Chowk, Matihani Road, Begusarai, Bihar - 851101 Belgaum: Premises No.101 Cts No.1893 Shree Guru Darshani Tower Anandwadi Hindwadi Belgaum 590011 Bellary: Ground Floor 3Rd Office Near Womens College Road Beside Amruth Diagnostic Shanthi Archade Bellary 583103 Berhampur (Or): Opp Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap 3Rd Lane Dharam Nagar Near Lohiya Motor Berhampur (Or) 760001 Bhagalpur: 2Nd Floor Chandralok Complexghantaghar Radha Rani Sinha Road Bhagalpur 812001 Bharuch: 123 Nexus Business Hub Near Gangotri Hotel B/S Rajeshwari Petroleum Makampur Road Bharuch 392001 Bhatinda: MCB -Z-3-01043 2 Floor Goniana Road Opporite Nippon India Mf Gt Road Near Hanuman Chowk Bhatinda 151001 Bhavnagar: 303 Sterling Point Waghawadi Road - Bhavnagar 364001 Bhilai: Office No.2 1St Floor Plot No. 9/6 Nehru Nagar [East] Bhilai 490020 Bhilwara: Office No. 14 B Prem Bhawan Pur Road Gandhi Nagar Near Canarabank Bhilwara 311001 Bhopal: SF-13 Gurukripa Plaza Plot No. 48A Opposite City Hospital Zone-2 M P Nagar Bhopal 462011 Bhubaneswar: A/181 Back Side Of Shivam Honda Show Room Saheed Nagar -Bhubaneswar 751007 Bikaner: H.No. 10, Himtasar House, Museum circle, Civil line, Bikaner, Rajasthan - 334001 Bilaspur: Shop.No. 306 3Rd Floor Anandam Plaza Vyapar Vihar Main Road Bilaspur 495001 Bokaro: City Centre Plot No. He-07 Sector-Iv Bokaro Steel City Bokaro 827004 Burdwan: Saluja Complex; 846 Laxmipur G T Road Burdwan; Ps: Burdwan & Dist: Burdwan-East Pin: 713101 Calicut: Second Floor Manimuriyil Centre Bank Road Kasaba Village Calicut 673001 Chandigarh: First Floor Sco 2469-70 Sec. 22-C - Chandigarh 160022 Chandrapur: C/o Global Financial Services, 2nd Floor, Raghuwanshi Complex, Near Azad Garden, Chandrapur, Maharashtra-442402 Chennai: 9Th Floor Capital Towers 180 Kodambakkam High Road Nungambakkam | Chennai - 600 034 Chinsura: No : 96 Po: Chinsurah Doctors Lane Chinsurah 712101 Cochin: Door No:61/2784 Second floor Sreelakshmi Tower Chittoor Road, Ravipuram Ernakulam-Kerala-682015 Coimbatore: 3Rd Floor Jaya Enclave 1057 Avinashi Road - Coimbatore 641018 Cuttack: Shop No-45 2Nd Floor Netaji Subas Bose Arcade (Big Bazar Building) Adjusent To Reliance Trends Dargha Bazar Cuttack 753001 Darbhanga:, H No-185, Ward No-13, National Statistical office Campus, Kathalbari, Bhandar Chowk, Darbhanga, Bihar - 846004 Davangere: D.No 162/6 1St Floor 3Rd Main P J Extension Davangere Taluk Davangere Manda Davangere 577002 Dehradun: Shop No-809/799 Street No-2 A Rajendra Nagar Near Sheesha Lounge Kaulagarh Road Dehradun-248001 Deoria: K. K. Plaza Above Apurwa Sweets Civil Lines Road Deoria 274001 Dhanbad: 208 New Market 2Nd Floor Bank More - Dhanbad 826001 Dhule: Ground Floor Ideal Laundry Lane No 4 Khol Galli Near Muthoot Finance Opp Bhavasar General Store Dhule 424001 Durgapur: Mwav-16 Bengal Ambuja 2Nd Floor City Centre Distt. Burdwan Durgapur-16 Durgapur 713216 Eluru: Dno-23A-7-72/73K K S Plaza Munukutla Vari Street Opp Andhra Hospitals R R Peta Eluru 534002 Erode: Address No 38/1 Ground Floor Sathy Road (Vctv Main Road) Sorna Krishna Complex Erode 638003 Faridabad: A-2B 2Nd Floor Neelam Bata Road Peer Ki Mazar Nehru Groundnit Faridabad 121001 Ferozpur: The Mall Road Chawla Bulding Ist Floor Opp. Centrail Jail Near Hanuman Mandir Ferozepur 152002 Gandhidham: Shop # 12 Shree Ambica Arcade Plot # 300 Ward 12. Opp. Cq High School Near Hdfc Bank Gandhidham 370201 Gandhinagar: 138 - Suvesh solitaire, Nr. Podar International School, Kudasan, Gandhinagar-382421 Gujarat Gaya: Property No. 711045129 Ground Floorhotel Skylark Swaraipuri Road - Gaya 823001 Ghatkopar: 11/Platinum Mall, Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai 400077 Ghaziabad: Ff - 31 Konark Building Rajnagar - Ghaziabad 201001 Ghazipur: House No. 148/19 Mahua Bagh Raini Katra- Ghazipur 233001 Gonda: H No 782 Shiv Sadan Iti Road Near Raghukul Vidyapeeth Civil Lines Gonda 271001 Gorakhpur: Shop No 8 & 9 4Th Floor Cross Road The Mall Bank Road Gorakhpur - 273001 Gulbarga: H No 2-231 Krishna Complex 2Nd Floor Opp. Opp. Municipal Corporation Office Jagat Station Main Road Kalaburagi Gulbarga 585105 Guntur: 2Nd Shatter 1St Floor Hno. 6-14-48 14/2 Lane Arundal Pet Guntur 522002 Gurgaon: No: 212A 2Nd Floor Vipul Agora M. G. Road - Gurgaon 122001 Guwahati: Ganapati Enclave 4Th Floor Opposite Bora Service Ullubari Guwahati Assam 781007 Gwalior: City Centre Near Axis Bank - Gwalior 474011 Haldwani: Shoop No 5 Kmvn Shoping Complex - Haldwani 263139 Haridwar: Shop No. - 17 Bhatia Complex Near Jamuna Palace Haridwar 249410 Hassan: Sas No: 490 Hemadri Arcade 2Nd Main Road Salgame Road Near Brahmins Boys Hostel Hassan 573201 Hissar: Shop No. 20 Ground Floor R D City Centre Railway Road Hissar 125001 Hoshiarpur: Unit # Sf-6 The Mall Complex 2Nd Floor Opposite Kapila Hospital Sutheri Road Hoshiarpur 146001 Hubli: R R Mahalaxmi Mansion Above Indusind Bank 2Nd Floor Desai Cross Pinto Road Hubballi 580029 Hyderabad: , 2nd floor JBS Station, Lower Concourse 1, Situated in Jubilee Bus Metro Station, Secunderabad 500009 Indore:. 101 Diamond Trade Center 3-4 Diamond Colony New Palasia Above Khurana Bakery Indore - 452001 Jabalpur: 2Nd Floor 290/1 (615-New) Near Bhavartal Garden Jabalpur - 482001 Jaipur: Office No 101 1St Floor Okay Plus Tower Next To Kalyan Jewellers Government Hostel Circle Ajmer Road Jaipur 302001 Jalandhar: Office No 7 3Rd Floor City Square Building E-H197 Civil Line Next To Kalyan Jewellers Jalandhar 144001 Jalgaon: 3Rd Floor 269 Jaee Plaza Baliram Peth Near Kishore Agencies Jalgaon 425001 Jalpaiguri: D B C Road Opp Nirala Hotel Opp Nirala Hotel Opp Nirala Hotel Jalpaiguri 735101 Jammu: Kfin Technologies.Ltd 1D/D Extension 2 Valmiki Chowk Gandhi Nagar Jammu 180004 State - J&K Jamnagar: 131 Madhav Plazza Opp Sbi Bank Nr Lal Bunglow Jamnagar 361008 Jamshedpur: Madhukunj 3Rd Floor Q Road Sakchi Bistupur East Singhbhum Jamshedpur 831001 Jhansi: 1St Floor Puja Tower Near 48 Chambers Elite Crossing Jhansi 284001 Jodhpur: Shop No. 6 Gang Tower G Floor Opposite Arora Moter Service Centre Near Bombay Moter Circle Jodhpur 342003 Junagadh: Shop No. 201 2Nd Floor V-Arcade Complex Near Vanzari Chowk M.G. Road Junagadh 362001 Kalyan: Seasons Business Centre, 104 / 1st Floor, Shivaji Chowk, Opposite KDMC (Kalyan Dombivali Mahanagar Corporation) Kalyan - 421301 Kalyani: Ground Floor, H No B-7/27S, Kalyani, Kalyani HO, Nadia, West Bengal – 741235 Kannur: 2Nd Floor Global Village Bank Road Kannur 670001 Kanpur: 15/46 B Ground Floor Opp : Muir Mills Civil Lines Kanpur 208001 Karimnagar: 2Nd Shutterhno. 7-2-607 Sri Matha Complex Mankammathota - Karimnagar 505001 Karnal: 3 Randhir Colony Near Doctor J.C.Bathla Hospital Karnal (Haryana) 132001 Karur: No 88/11 Bb Plaza Nrmp Street K S Mess Back Side Karur 639002 Khammam: 11-4-3/3 Shop No. S-9 1St Floor Srivenkata Sairam Arcade Old Cpi Office Near Priyadarshini Collegenehru Nagar Khammam 507002 Kharagpur: Holding No 254/220 Sbi Building Malancha Road Ward No.16 Po: Kharagpur Ps: Kharagpur Dist: Paschim Medinipur Kharagpur 721304 Kolhapur: 605/1/4 E Ward Shahupuri 2Nd Lane Laxmi Niwas Near Sultane Chambers Kolhapur 416001 Kolkata: 2/1 Russel Street 4Thfloor Kankaria Centre Kolkata 70001 Wb Kollam: Sree Vigneswara Bhavan

Shastri Junction Kollam - 691001 Korba: Office No.202, 2nd floor, ICRC, QUBE, 97, T.P. Nagar, Korba - 495677 Kota: D-8 Shri Ram Complex Opposite Multi Purpose School Gumanpur Kota 324007 Kottayam: 1St Floor Csiascension Square Railway Station Road Collectorate P O Kottayam 686002 Kurnool: Shop No:47 2Nd Floor S Komda Shoping Mall Kurnool 518001 Lucknow: Ist Floor A. A. Complex 5 Park Road Hazratganj Thaper House Lucknow 226001 Ludhiana: Sco 122 Second Floor Above Hdfc Mutual Fun Feroze Gandhi Market Ludhiana 141001 Madurai: No. G-16/17 Ar Plaza 1St Floor North Veli Street Madurai 625001 Malda: Ram Krishna Pally; Ground Floor English Bazar - Malda 732101 Mandi: House No. 99/11 3Rd Floor Opposite Gss Boy School School Bazar Mandi 175001 Mangalore: Shop No - 305 Marian Paradise Plaza 3Rd Floor Bunts Hostel Road Mangalore - 575003 Dakshina Kannada Karnataka Margoa: Shop No 21 Osia Mall 1St Floor Near Ktc Bus Stand Sgdpa Market Complex Margao - 403601 Mathura: Shop No. 9 Ground Floor Vihari Lal Plaza Opposite Brijwasi Centrum Near New Bus Stand Mathura 281001 Meerut: Shop No:- 111 First Floor Shivam Plaza Near Canara Bank Opposite Eves Petrol Pump Meerut-250001 Uttar Pradesh India Mehsana: Ff-21 Someshwar Shopping Mall Modhera Char Rasta - Mehsana 384002 Mirzapur: Second Floor, Triveni Campus| Ratanganj, Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh, 231001 Moga: 1St Floordutt Road Mandir Wali Gali Civil Lines Barat Ghar Moga 142001 Moradabad: Chadha Complex G. M. D. Road Near Tadi Khana Chowk Moradabad 244001 Morena: House No. Hig 959 Near Court Front Of Dr. Lal Lab Old Housing Board Colony Morena 476001 Mumbai: 6/8 Ground Floor Crossley House Near Bse (Bombay Stock Exchange) Next Union Bank Fort Mumbai - 400 001 Muzaffarpur: First Floor Saroj Complex Diwam Road Near Kalyani Chowk Muzaffarpur 842001 Mysore: No 2924 2Nd Floor 1St Main 5Th Cross Saraswathi Puram Mysore 570009 Nadiad: 311-3Rd Floor City Center Near Paras Circle -Nadiad 387001 Nagerkoil: Hno 45 1St Floor East Car Street Nagercoil 629001 Nagpur: Plot No. 2 Block No. B / 1 & 2 Shree Apratment Khare Town Mata Mandir Road Dharampeth Nagpur 440010 Nanded: Shop No.4 Santakripa Market G G Road Opp. Bank Of India Nanded 431601 Nasik: S-9 Second Floor Suyojit Sankul Sharanpur Road Nasik 422002 Navsari: 103 1St Floore Landmark Mall Near Sayaji Library Navsari Gujarat Navsari 396445 Nellore: 24-6-326/1, Ibaco Building 4th Floor, Grand Truck road, Beside Hotel Minerva, Saraswathi Nagar, Dargamitta Nellore - 524003 New Delhi: 305 New Delhi House 27 Barakhamba Road - New Delhi 110001 Noida: F-21 2Nd Floor Near Kalyan Jewelers Sector-18 Noida 201301 Palghat: No: 20 & 21 Metro Complex H.P.O.Road Palakkad H.P.O.Road Palakkad 678001 Panipat: Shop No. 20 1St Floor Bmk Market Behind Hive Hotel G.T.Road Panipat-132103 Haryana Panjim: H. No: T-9 T-10 Affran Plaza 3Rd Floor Near Don Bosco High School Panjim 403001 Pathankot: 2Nd Floor Sahni Arcade Complex Adj.Indra Colony Gate Railway Road Pathankot Pathankot 145001 Patiala: B- 17/423 Lower Mall Patiala Opp Modi College Patiala 147001 Patna: Flat No.- 102, 2BHK Maa Bhawani Shardalay, Exhibition Road, Patna-800001 Pondicherry: No 122(10B) Muthumariamman Koil Street - Pondicherry 605001 Pune: Office # 207-210 Second Floor Kamla Arcade Jm Road. Opposite Balgandharva Shivaji Nagar Pune 411005 Raipur: Office No S-13 Second Floor Reheja Tower Fafadih Chowk Jail Road Raipur 492001 Rajahmundry: D.No: 6-7-7, Sri Venkata Satya Nilayam,1st Floor, Vadrevu vari Veedhi, T - Nagar, Rajahmundry AP-533101 Rajkot: 302 Metro Plaza Near Moti Tanki Chowk Rajkot Rajkot Gujarat 360001 Ranchi: Room no 103, 1st Floor, Commerce Tower, Beside Mahabir Tower, Main Road, Ranchi -834001 Ratlam: 106 Rajaswa Colony, Near Sailana Bus Stand, Ratlam (M.P.) 457001 Renukoot: C/O Mallick Medical Store Bangali Katra Main Road Dist. Sonebhadra (U.P.) Renukoot 231217 Rewa: Shop No. 2 Shree Sai Anmol Complex Ground Floor Opp Teerth Memorial Hospital Rewa 486001 Rohtak: Office No:- 61 First Floor Ashoka Plaza Delhi Road Rohtak 124001. Roorkee: Near Shri Dwarkadhish Dharm Shala, Ramnagar, Roorkee-247667 Rourkela: 2Nd Floor Main Road Udit Nagar Sundargarh Rourekla 769012 Sagar: Il Floor Above Shiva Kanch Mandir. 5 Civil Lines Sagar Sagar 470002 Saharanpur: Ist Floor, Krishna Complex, Opp. Hathi Gate, Court Road, Saharanpur, Uttar Pradesh, Pincode 247001 Salem: No.6 Ns Complex Omalur Main Road Salem 636009 Sambalpur: First Floor; Shop No. 219 Sahej Plaza Golebazar; Sambalpur Sambalpur 768001 Satara: G7, 465 A, Govind Park Satar Bazaar, Satara - 415001 Satna: 1St Floor Gopal Complex Near Bus Stand Rewa Roa Satna 485001 Shillong: Annex Mani Bhawan Lower Thana Road Near R K M Lp School Shillong 793001 Shimla: 1St Floor Hills View Complex Near Tara Hall Shimla 171001 Shimoga: Jayarama Nilaya 2Nd Corss Mission Compound Shimoga 577201 Shivpuri: A. B. Road In Front Of Sawarkar Park Near Hotel Vanasthali Shivpuri 473551 Sikar: First Floorsuper Tower Behind Ram Mandir Near Taparya Bagichi - Sikar 332001 Silchar: N.N. Dutta Road Chowchakra Complex Premtala Silchar 788001 Siliguri: Nanak Complex 2Nd Floor Sevoke Road - Siliguri 734001 Sitapur: 12/12 Surya Complex Station Road Uttar Pradesh Sitapur 261001 Solan: Disha Complex 1St Floor Above Axis Bank Rajgarh Road Solan 173212 Solapur: Shop No 106. Krishna Complex 477 Dakshin Kasaba Datta Chowk Solapur-413007 Sonepat: Shop No. 205 Pp Tower Opp Income Tax Office Subhash Chowk Sonepat. 131001. Sri Ganganagar: Address Shop No. 5 Opposite Bihani Petrol Pump Nh - 15 Near Baba Ramdev Mandir Sri Ganganagar 335001 Srikakulam: D No 158, Shop No # 3, Kaki Street, Opp Tulasi Das Hospital, CB Road, Srikakulam Andhra Pradesh - 532001 Sultanpur: 1St Floor Ramashanker Market Civil Line - Sultanpur 228001 Surat: Ground Floor Empire State Building Near Udhna Darwaja Ring Road Surat 395002 Tinsukia: 3rd Floor, Chirwapatty Road, Tinsukia-786125, Assam Tirunelveli: 55/18 Jeney Building 2Nd Floor S N Road Near Aravind Eye Hospital Tirunelveli 627001 Tirupathi: Shop No:18-1-421/F1 City Center K.T.Road Airtel Backside Office Tirupathi - 517501 Tiruvalla: 2Nd Floorerinjery Complex Ramanchira Opp Axis Bank Thiruvalla 689107 Trichur: 4Th Floor Crown Tower Shakthan Nagar Opp. Head Post Office Thrissur 680001 Trichy: No 23C/1 E V R Road Near Vekkaliamman Kalyana Mandapam Putthur - Trichy 620017 Trivandrum: 3rdFloor, No- 3B TC-82/3417, CAPITOL CENTER, OPP SECRETARIAT, MG ROAD, TRIVANDRUM- 695001 Tuticorin: 4 - B A34 - A37 Mangalmal Mani Nagar Opp. Rajaji Park Palayamkottai Road Tuticorin 628003 Udaipur: Shop No. 202 2Nd Floor Business Centre 1C Madhuvan Opp G P O Chetak Circle Udaipur 313001 Ujjain: Heritage Shop No. 227 87 Vishvavidhyalaya Marg Station Road Near Icici Bank Above Vishal Megha Mart Ujjain 456001 Valsad: 406 Dreamland Arcade Opp Jade Blue Tithal Road Valsad 396001 Vapi: A-8 Second Floor Solitaire Business Centre Opp Dcb Bank Gidc Char Rasta Silvassa Road Vapi 396191 Varanasi: D.64 / 52, G - 4 Arihant Complex , Second Floor , Madhopur, Shivpurva Sigra , Near Petrol Pump Varanasi -221010 Vellore: No 2/19 1St Floor Vellore City Centre Anna Salai Vellore 632001 Vijayawada: Hno26-23 1St Floor Sundarammastreet Gandhinagar Krishna Vijayawada 520010 Visakhapatnam: Dno: 48-10-40 Ground Floor Surya Ratna Arcade Srinagar Opp Roadto Lalitha Jeweller Showroom Beside Taj Hotel Ladge Visakhapatnam 530016 Warangal: Shop No22 Ground Floor Warangal City Center 15-1-237 Mulugu Road Junction Warangal 506002 Yamuna Nagar: B-V 185/A 2Nd Floor Jagadri Road Near Dav Girls College (Uco Bank Building) Pyara Chowk - Yamuna Nagar 135001

# **Collection centres of KFin Technologies Limited.**

Andheri: Office No 103, 1st Floor, MTR Cabin-1, Vertex, Navkar Complex M .V .Road, Andheri East, Opp Andheri Court, Mumbai - 400069 Borivali: Gomati Smuti Ground Floor, Jambli Gully, Near Railway Station, Borivali, Mumbai 400 092 Hyderabad(Gachibowli) Selenium Plot No: 31 & 32, Tower B, Survey No.115/22 115/24 115/25, Financial District, Gachibowli Nanakramguda, Serilimgampally Mandal, Hyderabad 500032 Thane: Room No. 302, 3Rd Floor, Ganga Prasad, Near RBL Bank Ltd, Ram Maruti Cross Road, Naupada, Thane West, Mumbai 400602 Vashi: Haware Infotech Park 902, 9th Floor, Plot No 39/03, Sector 30A, Opp Inorbit Mall, Vashi Navi Mumbai 400703